

1 frank exchange between counsel to resolve issues by agreement or to at least narrow and focus matters
2 in controversy before judicial resolution is sought.” *Nevada Power v. Monsanto*, 151 F.R.D. 118, 120
3 (D.Nev.1993). To meet this obligation, parties must “treat the informal negotiation process as a
4 substitute for, and not simply a formal prerequisite to, judicial review of discovery disputes.” *Id.* This
5 is done when the parties “present to each other the merits of their respective positions with the same
6 candor, specificity, and support during the informal negotiations as during the briefing of discovery
7 motions.” *Id.* “Only after all the cards have been laid on the table, and a party has meaningfully assessed
8 the relative strengths and weaknesses of its position in light of all available information, can there be
9 a ‘sincere effort’ to resolve the matter.” *Id.* To ensure that parties comply with these requirements,
10 movants must file certifications that “accurately and specifically convey to the court who, where, how,
11 and when the respective parties attempted to personally resolve the discovery dispute.” *ShuffleMaster*,
12 170 F.R.D. at 170.

13 The Court has reviewed the pending Motion to Compel, and the Court has not located any
14 certification of any attempts to confer with Defendants’ counsel. Docket No. 293. Accordingly, the
15 Motion to Compel is hereby **DENIED** without prejudice.

16 IT IS SO ORDERED.

17 DATED: September 9, 2014

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20 NANCY J. KOPPE
21 United States Magistrate Judge
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