

James C. Mahan U.S. District Judge

The court must "accept all factual allegations in the complaint as true." Tellabs, Inc. v. 1 2 Makor Issues & Rights, Ltd., 551 U.S. 308, 322 (2007). Further, the court must draw all reasonable 3 inferences in plaintiff's favor. Twombly, 550 U.S. at 547. However, "[t]o survive a motion to 4 dismiss, a complaint must contain sufficient factual matter . . . to state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face." Ashcroft v. Iqbal, 129 S.Ct. 1937, 1949 (2009) (internal citations omitted). 5 6 Although "not akin to a 'probability requirement," the plausibility standard asks for more than a 7 sheer possibility that a defendant has acted unlawfully. *Id.* "Where a complaint pleads facts that are 8 'merely consistent' with a defendant's liability, it 'stops short of the line between possibility and 9 plausibility of entitlement to relief." Id.

The instant complaint, plaintiff asserts that plaintiff was not paid time and one-half his hourly
rate for work he performed in excess of 40 hours a week. Further, plaintiff asserts that defendants
produced false and misleading payroll records.

13 These general allegations are "merely consistent" with defendants' liability. Iqbal, 129 S.Ct. 14 at 1949. Accordingly, plaintiff has stopped "short of the line between possibility and plausibility of 15 entitlement to relief." Id. The complaint does not make any factual allegations providing an 16 approximation of the overtime hours worked, plaintiff's hourly wage, or the amount of unpaid 17 overtime wages. See Lagos v. Monster Painting, Inc., 2011 WL 6887116, at \*2 (D. Nev. Dec. 29, 18 2011) (stating that a complaint devoid of factual allegations including an approximation of the 19 overtime hours worked, the regular hourly or weekly wage, or the amount of unpaid wages is 20 insufficient to state a plausible claim for relief under the FLSA). Therefore, the complaint does not 21 contain sufficient factual matter to state a claim to relief that is plausible on its face. *Iqbal*, 129 S.Ct. 22 at 1949.

- Accordingly,
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1	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that defendants Quality
2	Communications, Inc., et. al.'s motion to dismiss (doc. #7) be, and the same hereby is, GRANTED.
3	DATED April 6, 2012.
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5	Xerres C. Mahan
6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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