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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

DISH NETWORK, LLC, et al.,
Plaintiffs,
vs.
ANDREW DIMARCO, et al.,
Defendants.

Case No. 2:11-cv-01962-RCJ-PAL

ORDER

Before the court is the parties’ Stipulated Protective Order Regarding Confidential Information (Dkt. #43) which the court approved, clarifying a portion of Paragraph 20, to facilitate discovery in this case. This order also reminds counsel that there is a presumption of public access to judicial files and records. A party seeking to file a confidential document under seal must file a motion to seal and must comply with the Ninth Circuit’s directives in *Kamakana v. City and County of Honolulu*, 447 F.3d 1172 (9th Cir. 2006).

Paragraph 20 of the parties’ Stipulation was edited by the court to clarify that confidential documents shall be filed electronically with the court, under seal, contemporaneously with a motion to seal as described in Local Rule 10-5(b). With a few exceptions not applicable here, the Clerk of the Court no longer maintains paper records, and filing documents under seal in an envelope is no longer proper practice. Special Order 109 requires the Clerk of the Court to maintain the official files for all cases filed on or after November 7, 2005, in electronic form. The electronic record constitutes the official record of the court. Attorneys must file documents under seal using the court’s electronic filing procedures. LR 10-5(b) provides:

Unless otherwise permitted by statute, rule or prior Court order, papers filed with the Court under seal shall be accompanied by a motion for leave to file those documents under seal, and shall be filed in accordance with the Court’s

1 electronic filing procedures. If papers are filed under seal pursuant to prior
2 Court order, the papers shall bear the following notation on the first page,
3 directly under the case number: "FILED UNDER SEAL PURSUANT TO
4 COURT ORDER DATED _____." All papers filed under seal will
5 remain sealed until such time as the Court may deny the motion to seal or
6 enter an order to unseal them, or the documents are unsealed pursuant to
7 Local Rule.

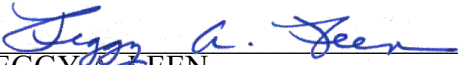
8 *Id.* Documents filed under seal are not accessible to the public.

9 The court has approved the parties' blanket protective order to facilitate their discovery
10 exchanges. However, the parties have not shown, and court has not found, that any specific documents
11 are secret or confidential. The parties have not provided specific facts supported by affidavits or
12 concrete examples to establish that a protective order is required to protect any specific trade secret or
13 other confidential information *under* Rule 26(c) or that disclosure would cause an identifiable and
14 significant harm. The Ninth Circuit has held that there is a presumption of public access to judicial
15 files and records and that parties seeking to maintain the confidentiality of documents attached to non-
16 dispositive motions must show good cause exists to overcome the presumption of public access. *See*
17 *Kamakana* 447 F.3d at 1179. Parties seeking to maintain the secrecy of documents attached to
18 dispositive motions must show compelling reasons sufficient to overcome the presumption of public
19 access. *Id.* at 1180.

20 **IT IS ORDERED** that:

- 21 1. Paragraph 20 of the parties' Stipulation is amended to require compliance with LR 10-
22 5(b) when filing documents under seal.
- 23 2. The parties shall comply with the requirements of LR 10-5(b), and the Ninth Circuit's
24 decision in *Kamakana*, 447 F.3d 1172, with respect to any documents filed under seal.

25 Dated this 16th day of April, 2012.

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PEGGY A. LEEN
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE