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	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
1	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
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3	GMAC MORTGAGE, LLC, a Delaware)	
4	Limited Liability Company,	C N 2.12 01157 CMN NIK
5	Plaintiff,	Case No.: 2:13-cv-01157-GMN-NJK
5	vs.	ORDER
6) NEVADA ASSOCIATION SERVICES, INC.,)	
7	a Domestic Corporation; PECCOLE RANCH)	
8	COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION, a Domestic)	
9	Non-Profit Cooperative Corporation;) KEYNOTE PROPERTIES, LLC; and DOES)	
	25 through 10 Inclusive, and ROES 1 through)	
10	10, inclusive,	
11	Defendants.	
12))	
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14	Lenders and investors have been at odds over the legal effect of a homeowners'	
15	association's ("HOA") nonjudicial foreclosure of a superpriority lien on a lender's first trust	
16	deed pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes § 116.3116. See Freedom Mortg. Corp. v. Las Vegas	
17	Dev. Grp., LLC, 106 F. Supp. 3d 1174, 1180 (D. Nev. 2015). The Nevada Supreme Court	
18	seemed to have settled the debate in SFR Invs. Pool 1, LLC v. U.S. Bank, 334 P.3d 408, 419	
19	(Nev. 2014), holding that "NRS 116.3116(2) gives an HOA a true superpriority lien, proper	
20	foreclosure of which will extinguish a first deed of trust." SFR, 334 P.3d at 419.	
21	However, on August 12, 2016, two members of a Ninth Circuit panel held in Bourne	
22	Valley Court Trust v. Wells Fargo Bank that Chapter 116's nonjudicial foreclosure scheme	

However, on August 12, 2016, two members of a Ninth Circuit panel held in Bourne
Valley Court Trust v. Wells Fargo Bank that Chapter 116's nonjudicial foreclosure scheme
"facially violated mortgage lenders' constitutional due process rights" before it was amended in
2015. Bourne Valley Ct. Trust v. Wells Fargo Bank, 2016 WL 4254983, at *5 (9th Cir. Aug. 12,
2016). As a result, Bourne Valley is likely dispositive of this and the hundreds of other

foreclosure cases pending in both state and federal court. To save the parties from the need to
 invest resources briefing the effect of the Bourne Valley opinion before the finality of that
 opinion has been determined, the Court STAYS all proceedings in this case pending exhaustion
 of all appeals of Bourne Valley.

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LEGAL STANDARD

"[T]he power to stay proceedings is incidental to the power inherent in every court to control the disposition of the causes of action on its docket with economy of time and effort for itself, for counsel, and for litigants." Landis v. N. Am. Co., 299 U.S. 248, 254 (1936). "A trial court may, with propriety, find it is efficient for its own docket and the fairest course for the parties to enter a stay of an action before it, pending resolution of independent proceedings which bear upon the case." Levva v. Certified Grocers of Cal., Ltd., 593 F.2d 857, 863 (9th Cir. 1979). In deciding whether to grant a stay, a court may weigh the following: (1) the possible damage which may result from the granting of a stay; (2) the hardship or inequity which a party may suffer in being required to go forward; (3) the orderly course of justice measured in terms of the simplifying or complicating of issues, proof, and questions of law which could be expected to result from a stay. CMAX, Inc. v. Hall, 300 F.2d 265, 268 (9th Cir. 1962). However, "[o]nly in rare circumstances will a litigant in one case be compelled to stand aside while a litigant in another settles the rule of law that will define the rights of both." Landis, 299 U.S. at 255. A district court's decision to grant or deny a Landis stay is a matter of discretion. See Dependable Highway Exp., Inc. v. Navigators Ins. Co., 498 F.3d 1059, 1066 (9th Cir. 2007).

II. <u>DISCUSSION</u>

At the center of this case are the HOA-foreclosure sales conducted pursuant to Nevada Revised Statutes § 116.3116 and the competing arguments that the foreclosure sale either extinguished the bank's security interest under the SFR holding or had no legal effect because

the statutory scheme violates due process. Because the Ninth Circuit in Bourne Valley held that 1 the scheme was facially unconstitutional, see Bourne Valley, 2016 WL 4254983, at *5, the 2 Bourne Valley opinion and any modification of that opinion have the potential to be dispositive 3 of this case. Under this circumstance, the Landis factors weigh strongly in favor of staying this 4 action pending final resolution of the Bourne Valley decision. Indeed, the possible prejudice to 5 the parties is minimal as the only potential harm is that the parties may wait longer for 6 resolution of this case if it is stayed. However, if this case is not stayed, a delay would also 7 result from any motions for reconsideration that may be necessitated if the current decision in 8 the Bourne Valley case does not stand. Accordingly, a stay is not likely to appreciably lengthen 9 the life of this case. Further, in the absence of a stay, judicial resources may be unnecessarily 10 expended to resolve issues which may ultimately be decided by higher courts to which this 11 12 Court is bound to adhere. Because the Bourne Valley decision is squarely on point, the orderly course of justice likewise weighs in favor of a stay. Accordingly, the Court finds that staying 13 this action pending final resolution of Bourne Valley would be efficient for the Court's own 14 docket and the fairest course for the parties. See Leyva, 593 F.2d at 863. 15

III. <u>CONCLUSION</u>

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IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that this case is administratively **STAYED** pending exhaustion of all appeals of Bourne Valley Court Trust v. Wells Fargo Bank, No. 15-15233 (9th Cir. Aug. 12, 2016). Once exhaustion occurs, any party may move to lift the stay. Until that time, all proceedings in this action are stayed.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that all pending motions are **DENIED** without prejudice with leave to refile within twenty-one days after the stay is lifted.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that Keynote Properties, LLC, shall care for, preserve, and maintain the Property.

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IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that, beginning on March 20, 2017, the parties must file a joint status report updating the Court on the status of this case every one-hundred and eighty days. Along with the joint status report, Keynote Properties, LLC, shall submit a statement affirming that all expenses necessary to maintain the property, including but not limited to, timely and full payment of all homeowners association assessments, property taxes, and property insurance premiums due and owing or past due at any time during the effective period of this Stay are current and up to date.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Order does not prevent the parties from continuing to engage in settlement conference negotiations with the assistance of the Magistrate Judge.

DATED this <u>20th</u> day of September, 2016.

Gloria M. Navarro, Chief Judge United States District Judge