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8 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
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10 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

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SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE  
COMMISSION,  
Plaintiff,  
vs.  
EDWIN YOSHIHIRO FUJINAGA and  
MRI INTERNATIONAL, INC.,  
Defendants,  
and  
CSA SERVICE CENTER, LLC  
THE FACTORING COMPANY,  
JUNE FUJINAGA, and  
THE YUNJU TRUST,  
Relief Defendants.

Case No.: 2:13-cv-01658-JCM-CWH  
**NOTICE OF MOTION AND  
OPPORTUNITY TO OBJECT,**  
and,  
**JOINT MOTION FOR ORDER (1)  
AUTHORIZING, APPROVING AND  
CONFIRMING THE PRIVATE SALE OF  
REAL PROPERTY LOCATED AT 47-4400  
HAWAII BELT RD. WITHOUT OVERBID  
PROCEEDINGS; AND (2) GRANTING  
RELIEF FROM LOCAL RULE 66-5  
PERTAINING TO NOTICE TO  
CREDITORS**

**NOTICE OF MOTION**

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that this *Joint Motion for Order (1) Authorizing, Approving and Confirming the Private Sale of Real Property Located at 47-4400 Hawaii Belt Rd. Without Overbid Proceedings; and (2) Granting Relief from Local Rule 66-5 Pertaining to Notice to Creditors* (the “Joint Motion”) is made by Robb Evans & Associates LLC as Receiver (“Receiver”) on the one hand, and defendants Edwin Fujinaga (“Fujinaga”), MRI International, Inc. (“MRI”), and relief Defendant CSA Service Center, LLC (“CSA”, and together with MRI and Fujinaga, the “Defendants”, and together with the Receiver, the “Parties”), on the other hand, each by and through their undersigned counsel.

1 By this Joint Motion, the Parties request that the Court enter an order (a) authorizing the  
2 Receiver to sell approximately 167.48 acres of unimproved agricultural real property known as  
3 47-4400 Hawaii Belt Rd., Honokaa, Hawaii by private sale without an overbid session, and (b)  
4 granting relief from LR 66-5 pertaining to notice to creditors.

5 **NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY TO OBJECT**

6 **PURSUANT TO LR 66-5, YOU ARE HEREBY GIVEN 14 DAYS' NOTICE OF**  
7 **THIS JOINT MOTION.** This is your **DEADLINE** to file and serve any opposition, objection,  
8 and/or points and authorities in response to the Joint Motion, unless such deadline is extended by  
9 the Court.<sup>1</sup> See LR 7-2(b). The failure of an opposing party to file points and authorities in  
10 response to the Joint Motion constitutes consent to the granting of the Joint Motion and the relief  
11 requested herein. See e.g., LR 7-2(d).

12 It is the duty of any objecting party to timely (a) file its objection, (b) if desired, to  
13 request that its objection be set for a hearing, and (c) properly notice all parties in interest. If you  
14 do not file and serve an objection within the time permitted, an order granting the requested  
15 relief may be entered by the court without further notice or hearing.

16 **NOTICE** is further given no hearing has been scheduled on the  
17 Joint Motion, and if no opposition is filed within 14 days of this  
18 notice, that the Joint Motion may be granted without a hearing.

19 See LR 78-1.<sup>2</sup>

20

21 <sup>1</sup> Should you wish to verify that the Court did not change the standard 14-day deadline to  
22 respond to the Joint Motion, you may either check the ECF docket for this case, accessible with  
23 an account at <https://ecf.nvd.uscourts.gov/cgi-bin/login.pl> and/or by contacting the Receiver's  
attorney, Michael Lynch, by email to [Michael@LynchLawPractice.com](mailto:Michael@LynchLawPractice.com), or by calling (702) 684-  
6000.

24 <sup>2</sup> Providing, in relevant part:

25 All motions may be considered and decided with or without a  
26 hearing. Any party making or opposing a motion who believes oral  
27 argument may assist the court and wishes to be heard may request  
a hearing by inserting the words ORAL ARGUMENT  
28 REQUESTED below the title of the document on the first page of  
the motion or response. Parties must not file separate motions  
requesting a hearing."

**SUMMARY OF RELIEF REQUESTED**

By this Joint Motion, the Parties are requesting:

3       1. An order approving the proposed sale of the real property located at 47-4400  
4 Hawaii Belt Road, Honokaa, Hawaii 96727, consisting of approximately 167.48 acres of  
5 unimproved agricultural real property, owned by relief defendant CSA, located in the North Hilo  
6 area of the "Big Island", and identified by the Tax Map Key (3) 4-7-007-054<sup>3</sup> (the "Real  
7 Property"). The sale proposed is private sale without overbid proceedings, and on an "as is –  
8 where-is" basis, on the terms more fully set forth in the Purchase and Sale Agreement,<sup>4</sup> to Keith  
9 Gendreau and Allison Holt Gendreau (the "Buyers") arm's length buyers, at a purchase price of  
10 \$1.8 million. An authenticated copy of the Purchase and Sale Agreement is attached as Exhibit 1  
11 to the Declaration of Brick Kane filed contemporaneously herewith in support of this Joint  
12 Motion (the "Kane Declaration");

13       2.     Authorizing the Receiver, by and through either one of its authorized deputies,  
14     Brick Kane and M. Val Miller, to execute all documents and instruments necessary or convenient  
15     to complete, implement, effectuate and close the sale of the Real Property to Buyers, free and  
16     clear of all existing debts and claims, including but not limited to:

MRI International Inc., Receivership QSF % Receiver Robb Evans & Associates LLC, the Receiver for MRI International, CSA Service Center, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, et al.

By: Brick Kane (or M. Val Miller)  
Authorized Deputy to the Receiver

<sup>26</sup> <sup>27</sup> <sup>3</sup> The Tax Map Key, or TMK, indicates that the Real Property is in the County of Hawaii (i.e., the Big Island), in Honokaa, Zone 7, Section 7, Plat 54.

<sup>4</sup> The term "Purchase and Sale Agreement" is defined in the Recitals section hereinbelow.

(b) Authorizing Brick Kane (or M. Val Miller), solely in his capacity as the authorized deputy to the Receiver, solely in its capacity as the receiver for relief defendant CSA, to execute a deed conveying title to the Real Property (free and clear of liens and claims) from CSA as GRANTOR, to the Buyers as follows:

CSA Service Center, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company by Robb Evans & Associates LLC, a California limited liability company as Receiver for CSA Service Center, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company

By: Brick Kane (or M. Val Miller)  
Authorized Deputy to the Receiver

and,

(c) Authorizing Brick Kane (or M. Val Miller), solely in his capacity as authorized deputy to the Receiver, solely in its capacity as the receiver for defendant MRI, to execute a release and/or re-conveyance of the mortgage encumbering the Hawaii Property executed by relief defendant CSA filed on August 5, 2011 with the Bureau of Conveyances of the State of Hawaii as Document No. 2011-124265, to and in favor of relief defendant MRI (the "Mortgage")<sup>5</sup> and to take any further actions that are reasonable or necessary to fully remove the Mortgage as an encumbrance upon the Hawaii Property, as the MORTGAGEE as follows:

MRI International, Inc., a Nevada corporation by Robb Evans & Associates LLC a California limited liability company as Receiver for MRI International, Inc., a Nevada corporation

By: Brick Kane (or M. Val Miller)  
Authorized Deputy to the Receiver

3. An order authorizing the Receiver to permit and/or cause to be paid from the proceeds of the sale of the Real Property (a) all ordinary and customary closing costs, (b) all costs and expenses required to be paid under the terms of the Purchase and Sale Agreement by

<sup>5</sup> The Mortgage is more fully identified in the preliminary title report prepared by Title Guaranty of Hawaii, at page 3, No. 6, a true and correct copy of which is attached as Exhibit 3 to the Kane Declaration.

1 the seller, from the proceeds of sale, (c) all commissions provided for in the Listing Agreement,<sup>6</sup>  
2 an authenticated copy of which is attached as Exhibit 2 to the Kane Declaration, (d) all real  
3 property tax liens and prorated real property taxes due up to the date of closing, and (e) any  
4 outstanding utility charges due and owing as of the date of the closing on a pro-rated basis.

5 4. An order finding that the Defendants have waived any requirements applicable to  
6 this sale set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 2001 *et. seq.*;

7 5. An order deeming the foregoing Notice of Motion sufficient under LR 66-5 based  
8 on the service of this Joint Motion and the contemporaneously-filed Kane Declaration by first  
9 class U.S. Mail, postage fully prepaid, on all known non-consumer creditors of the estate, but not  
10 on the tens of thousands of potential foreign creditors; and

11 6. An order for such additional relief as may be necessary or appropriate to allow the  
12 Receiver to effectuate the sale of the Real Property in full accord with the Purchase and Sale  
13 Agreement.

14 This Joint Motion is made pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2001 and 2002 and LR 66-5 and 66-10  
15 and other applicable law, and is based upon the record of this case, the Notice of Motion and the  
16 Notice of Opportunity to Object hereinabove, the accompanying Memorandum of Points and  
17 Authorities, the Kane Declaration and the authenticated exhibits attached thereto, any reply, and  
18 upon all other pleadings and documentary evidence as may be presented to the Court by the  
19 Receiver in support of this Joint Motion.

20 **MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES**

21 **I. RECITALS<sup>7</sup>**

22 The Parties stipulate and agree:

23 A. On January 27, 2015, the Clerk of Court entered judgment against the Defendants  
24 (the “Judgment”) (ECF No. 189) pursuant to the Court’s order granting summary judgment in  
25 favor of plaintiff Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) (ECF No. 188).

26  
27 <sup>6</sup> The term “Listing Agreement” is defined in the Recitals section hereinbelow.  
28 <sup>7</sup> In addition to being stipulated to by the Parties, these facts are also verified by the Kane  
Declaration.

1           B.     On February 23, 2015, the Court issued its Order Appointing an Equitable  
2 Receiver (the “Appointment Order”) (ECF No. 194) pursuant to which the Receiver was  
3 appointed as receiver for various real properties and their rents and profits, including the Real  
4 Property, as more fully set forth in the Appointment Order.

5           C.     On February 25, 2015, the Court issued its Rule 54(b) Certification (ECF No.  
6 195) pursuant to which the Judgment was made final as to the Defendants.

7           D.     On May 15, 2015, the Receiver’s duties and responsibilities were enlarged by that  
8 certain Order Appointing a Full Equitable Receiver to Assume Control over the Defendants’  
9 Assets and Enforce the Final Judgment entered on May 15, 2015 (the “Order Appointing  
10 Receiver”) (ECF No. 226). The Order Appointing Receiver supersedes the Appointment Order,  
11 and directs the Receiver to take and retain immediate possession, custody, and control of all  
12 assets owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by without limitation, Fujinaga, MRI, and  
13 CSA. *Id.*

14           E.     Pursuant to the Order Appointing Receiver, the Receiver is currently in  
15 possession, custody, and control of the Real Property.

16           F.     The Real Property consists of approximately 167.48 acres of unimproved  
17 agricultural land. Title to the Real Property is held in the name of CSA, and encumbered by a  
18 mortgage for the benefit of MRI.

19           G.     The Parties agree that it makes economic sense to sell the Real Property, as (a)  
20 owning the Real Property serves no ongoing purpose to the receivership estate, (b) the Real  
21 Property is not needed due to the termination of the MRI and CSA businesses, and (c) selling the  
22 Real Property will eliminate ongoing expenses of the estate related to owning and safeguarding  
23 the Real Property as well as the ongoing risk, attendant to some degree to all vacant unimproved  
24 real properties, of illegal dumping, unauthorized grazing of livestock, and/or squatters.

25           H.     The Parties agree that the purchase price of \$1.8 million is a very favorable to the  
26 estate, as discussed in more detail below.

27           I.     The Defendants have waived all requirements set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 2001 *et seq.*  
28 that are applicable to this sale, and the Parties request and recommend that the court approve the

1 Purchase and Sale Agreement without an overbid session.

2 J. The Parties agree that the potential market for the Real Property is very small.  
3 The Buyers in this instance own the neighboring property, and are therefore part of that very  
4 small market. In addition, the Buyers are well qualified, and have made an all-cash offer without  
5 any financing contingencies, as-is and where-is without any warranties or representations.

6 K. The Real Property is subject to accruing real property taxes. Most or all of the  
7 real property taxes have been satisfied, but to the extend any additional property taxes are due or  
8 accrue through the date of closing will be satisfied on a pro-rated basis at the time of closing.

9 L. On June 5, 2015, Receiver entered into an exclusive right to sell listing agreement  
10 (the “Listing Agreement”) with MacArthur Sotheby’s International Realty (the “Broker”), an  
11 authenticated correct copy of which is attached to the Kane Declaration as Exhibit 2. Broker is  
12 experienced in the sale of real estate in Hawaii County.

13 M. The Real Property was formally listed for sale with a listing price of  
14 \$1,950,000.00. In determining the listing price, the Receiver relied on two appraisals of the Real  
15 Property, and a broker’s opinion of value dated November 17, 2015, as well as the Broker’s  
16 analysis of and recommendations regarding a listing price for the Real Property.

17 N. Broker has advised the Receiver that it has expended the following efforts to  
18 market the Real Property for sale as follows:

- 19 (i) Use high quality photographs in marketing efforts
- 20 (ii) Advertise on the award-wining site sir.com
- 21 (iii) Advertise on the Big Island Real Estate MacArthur Sotheby's International  
22 Realty
- 23 (iv) Advertise in the New York Times
- 24 (v) Advertise in the Wall Street Journal
- 25 (vi) Advertise on Trulia
- 26 (vii) Advertise on Yahoo
- 27 (viii) Advertise on Zillow
- 28 (ix) Advertise on Homefinder

- 1 (x) Advertise in the Architectural Digest
- 2 (xi) Advertise in the Financial Times
- 3 (xii) Print and Digital Advertising
- 4 (xiii) Email Blasts
- 5 (xiv) Marketing Brochures

6 O. On or about August 2, 2016, the Receiver received an all cash offer from the  
7 Buyers for \$1.7 million, without any financing contingencies to purchase the Real Property, but  
8 the Buyers insisted that the sale must be conducted with no overbid proceedings (the “Offer”).

9 P. The Brokers engaged by the Receiver advised that in this market, it would be very  
10 difficult or impossible to find any buyer willing to agree to any terms contingent upon holding an  
11 overbid session. Accordingly, on or about August 8, 2016, the Receiver countered the Buyers’  
12 offer, which was (i) contingent upon court approval of the sale without an overbid session, (ii)  
13 for a purchase price of \$1.8 million, and (iii) including additional protections for the estate, such  
14 as that the sale shall be without any warranty, express or implied, in any form whatsoever with  
15 respect to all defects, whether discovered, discoverable, known or unknown (the  
16 “Counteroffer”).

17 Q. On October 6, 2016, the Receiver, its undersigned counsel, the Defendants, and  
18 their undersigned counsel, met in person and discussed the status of negotiations for sale of the  
19 Real Property, including the sale price and other terms of the sale. The Defendants advised that  
20 the purchase price was very favorable to the estate, and that and the removal of any overbid  
21 proceedings made sense under the circumstances.

22 R. On or about October 20, 2016, the Buyers and the Receiver agreed to amended  
23 escrow instruction (the “Amended Instructions”).

24 S. On or about October 31, 2016, Buyers and the Receiver agreed to a final  
25 Addendum, which clarified procedures and the scope and limitations of the Buyers’ and the  
26 Receiver’s obligations, waivers, and responsibilities (the “Final Addendum”, and together with  
27 the Offer, Counteroffer, Amended Instructions, and all attachments thereto, the “Purchase and  
28 Sale Agreement”).

1           T.     The Buyers have made it abundantly clear, from the very start of negotiations and  
2 steadfastly since then, that they are absolutely unwilling to purchase the Real Property subject to  
3 overbid proceedings.

4           U.     Receiver has obtained (i) two independent appraisals of the Real Property, (ii) a  
5 broker's opinion of value, and (iii) the qualified opinion of value from the principal of the owner  
6 of record for the Real Property, Edwin Fujinaga,<sup>8</sup> who has personal knowledge of the Real  
7 Property. The Receiver has not disclosed the amount of these valuations,<sup>9</sup> however, the purchase  
8 price of \$1.8 million is very close to the actual market value of the Real Property, and that it is in  
9 the best interests of the receivership estate to approve this sale.

10          V.     In the opinion of both the Receiver and the owner of record (CSA), which opinion  
11 is supported by the valuations and appraisals set forth above, that the proposed purchase price of  
12 \$1.8 million far exceeds the minimum threshold for approval of a private sale of two-thirds of  
13 the average of three appraisals of the property as required under 28 U.S.C. § 2001.

14          W.     The Parties seek to sell the Real Property without an overbid session under the  
15 Purchase and Sale Agreement to the Buyers, who are unaffiliated, arm's length purchasers based  
16 on the Receiver's investigation. The Purchase and Sale Agreement provides for an "as is," all  
17 cash sale, conditioned upon Court approval of this Joint Motion, with the closing to occur within  
18 45 days from entry of an order granting this Joint Motion in its entirety.

19          X.     Defendants hereby waive all requirements set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 2001 *et seq.*  
20 that apply to the Receiver's sale of real property in this case.

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25          <sup>8</sup> Nevada law allows owners of real property to testify as to its value. "An owner of property  
26 may testify to its value . . . so long as the owner has personal knowledge, or the ability to provide  
27 expert proof, of value." *Stephans v. State*, 262 P.3d 727, 731 (Nev. 2011) (emphasis added). "A  
party to a lawsuit may testify as to the value of her personal or real property when that value is  
an issue in the case." *Dugan v. Gotsopoulos*, 22 P.3d 205, 207 (Nev. 2001)

28          <sup>9</sup> Receiver will submit copies of the valuations with the Court for in camera inspection if  
requested by the Court.

1           **II. AUTHORITIES APPLICABLE TO RECEIVER'S SALES OF REAL PROPERTY.**

2           28 U.S.C. § 2001 provides the procedures pertaining to the sale of real property by a  
3           federal receiver. Subsection (a) pertains to procedures for the public sale of real property.  
4           Subsection (b) pertains to the sale of real property at a private sale and states:

5           After a hearing, of which notice to all such interested parties shall  
6           be given by publication or otherwise as the court directs, the court  
7           may order the sale of such realty or interest or any part thereof at  
8           private sale for cash or other consideration and upon such terms  
9           and conditions as the court approves, if it finds that the best  
10           interest of the estate will be conserved thereby. Before  
11           confirmation of any private sale, the court shall appoint three  
12           disinterested persons to appraise such property or different groups  
13           of three appraisers each to appraise properties of different classes  
14           or situated in different localities. No private sale shall be  
15           confirmed at a price less than two-thirds of the appraised value.  
16           Before confirmation of any private sale, the terms thereof shall be  
17           published in such newspaper or newspapers of general circulation  
18           as the court directs at least ten days before confirmation. The  
19           private sale should not be confirmed if a bona fide offer is made,  
20           under conditions prescribed by the court, which guarantees at least  
21           a ten percent increase over the price offered in the private sale.

22           28 U.S.C. § 2001(b).

23           Courts are granted discretion in setting the terms and conditions for judicial sales and the  
24           Court's discretion will not be disturbed on appeal except where abuse of discretion is shown.

25           United States v. Branch Coal Corp., 390 F. 2d 7 (3rd Cir. 1968), cert. den. Sun Protection Co. v.

26           United States, 391 U.S. 966, 88 S. Ct. 2034 (1968). The Court has substantial discretion in  
27           receivership matters in setting the overbidding procedures applicable to sales of real property.

28           See Pewabic Mining Co. v. Mason, 145 U.S. 349, 356, 36 L.Ed. 732, 12 S.Ct. 887 (1891) (the  
29           provisions for notice and other conditions shall be determined by the Court "as will in his  
30           judgment best protect the rights of all interested, and make the sale most profitable to all"). See  
31           also Cumberland Lumber Co. v. Tunis Lumber Co., 171 F. 352 (4th Cir. 1909); Bidwell v. Huff,

32           176 F. 174 (5th Cir. 1909). The terms and conditions of the judicial sale that the Court may adopt  
33           are based on the facts and circumstances of each case. The discretion granted in connection with  
34           sales of assets is consistent with the broad discretion accorded to the Court sitting in equity in  
35           receivership proceedings to make orders concerning the administration and supervision of the  
36           estate that will promote equity, efficiency and cost-effectiveness in the estate's administration.

1        See generally Securities and Exchange Commission v. Hardy, 803 F.2d 1034 (9th Cir. 1986);  
2        Securities and Exchange Commission v. Black, 163 F.3d 188, 199 (3rd Cir. 1998); Securities and  
3        Exchange Commission v. Elliot, 953 F.2d 1560 (11th Cir. 1992).

4           Under § 2001(b), in order for a sale to be approved, the minimum purchase price for the  
5        property must exceed two-thirds of the average value in three appraisals of the property by  
6        appraisers appointed by the court. The statute does not define what constitutes an "appraisal" for  
7        the purpose of § 2001(b).

8           As the Ninth Circuit noted in SEC v. Hardy, 803 F. 2d 1034, 1037 (9th Cir. 1986): "A  
9        district court's power to supervise an equity receivership and to determine the appropriate action  
10      to be taken in the administration of the receivership is extremely broad" and subject to review  
11      under an abuse of discretion standard. See also United States v. Branch Coal Corp., 390 F. 2d 7  
12      (3rd Cir. 1968) (courts granted discretion in setting the terms and conditions for judicial sales  
13      and the court's discretion will not be disturbed on appeal except absent abuse of discretion).

14      **III. AUTHORITY REGARDING WAIVER OF THE PROVISIONS OF**  
15      **28 U.S.C. § 2001.**

16           The district court may approve a private sale of real property that does not satisfy the  
17      requirements of 28 U.S.C. § 2001 when those requirements have been waived by the defendants  
18      in a receivership case or by agreeing to the form of an agreed order appointing receiver that  
19      provides no such limits on the receiver's authority to sell real property. *See Securities and*  
20      *Exchange Commission v. Nelson*, Misc. File No. 2:09-ms-0101 (D.Nev. 2011); *see also*  
21      *Huntington Nat'l Bank v. Big Sky Dev. Flint*, No. 10-10346, 2010 WL 3702361, at \*2 (E.D.  
22      Mich. 2010) (finding the requirements of § 2001(b) can be waived by a stipulated order  
23      appointing receiver and/or by the parties.).

24           The Defendants have waived any requirements applicable to the Receiver's sale of real  
25      property.<sup>10</sup> *See* Recital No. X above. Accordingly, to the extent the Purchase and Sale contract

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27      <sup>10</sup> It is the Receiver's position that the requirements set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 2001(b)  
28      have been previously waived in this case by the Defendants. The waiver contained  
herein is intended to foreclose any potential dispute concerning such waiver with  
respect to this proposed sale and this case.

1 departs in any way from the requirements of 28 U.S.C. § 2001 et seq., the Parties request the  
2 Court find that the Defendants have waived any applicable requirements and approve the present  
3 sale under equitable principals applicable to receivership cases, the Court's inherent discretion,  
4 and/or upon Defendants' waiver.

5 **IV. THE RECEIVER HAS SATISFIED OR WILL SETTLE OR SATISFY  
6 ENCUMBRANCES AGAINST THE REAL PROPERTY FROM SALES  
7 PROCEEDS.**

8 The Receiver has obtained a preliminary Title Report for the Real Property, which report  
9 is dated September 2, 2016, an authenticated copy of which is attached to the Kane Declaration  
10 as Exhibit 3, which identifies any liens or encumbrances against the Real Property, including any  
11 liens for unpaid taxes or unpaid utility charges. Any such unpaid taxes or charges, and any liens  
12 or claims against the Real Property, will be satisfied or removed by the receivership estate no  
13 later than the actual closing date.

14 **V. NOTICE OF THIS MOTION IS SUFFICIENT UNDER THE CIRCUMSTANCES  
15 AND SHOULD BE APPROVED**

16 LR 66-5 provides for service of notice of the hearing on various motions by a receiver  
17 concerning the administration of the estate. That rule provides for service of the notice of hearing  
18 on such motions on all creditors of the receivership estate. No hearing has been set on this Joint  
19 Motion and the provisions of LR 66-5 do not specifically apply. Nevertheless, the Receiver will  
20 serve the Joint Motion, which includes the Notice of Motion and the Notice of Opportunity to  
21 Object, on the parties, the affected lienholders, and on all known non-consumer creditors of the  
22 estate and on known taxing authorities with a potential claim in the receivership estate ("Notice  
23 Parties"), to provide them notice and an opportunity to object and/or be heard concerning the  
24 Joint Motion. This notice is consistent with notice previously approved by the Court in this case.

25 In this case, there are believed to be many potential consumer creditors who may have  
26 claims against the receivership defendants arising out of the business operations of the  
27 receivership defendants prior to the Receiver's appointment, although the precise number,  
28 identity and location of such consumer creditors have not been determined by the Receiver. The  
Receiver has had discussions for counsel representing many of the foreign investors and has been

1 advised that the number of consumer creditors is likely in the thousands. It is not realistically  
2 possible or beneficial to the estate and its creditors for the Receiver to attempt to identify and  
3 serve the potential consumer creditors with notice of this and other similar administrative  
4 motions, and the expense and burden on the estate of attempting to effectuate such service would  
5 drain the estate's resources and cause undue administrative expense.

6 Based on the foregoing, to the extent that LR 66-5 applies to this Joint Motion, the  
7 Receiver seeks an order finding that service of this Joint Motion and the Kane Declaration is  
8 served by first class U.S. Mail on all parties to this action and the Notice Parties identified above.  
9 The Receiver submits that such service provides sufficient notice and an opportunity for hearing  
10 to the interested parties and should be approved as adequate.

11 There is ample authority for approval of the scope and method of notice as set forth  
12 above. This Court, as a court of equity supervising the receivership estate, may make appropriate  
13 administrative orders governing the receivership, including limitations on and changes in notice  
14 and other procedures. See F.R.C.P. 5(a) and (c) (authorizing the court to modify service  
15 procedures when numerous defendants are involved in litigation). In addition, pursuant to LR  
16 66-10, a receiver is directed to administer receivership estates "as nearly as may be in accordance  
17 with the practice in the administration of estates in Chapter 11 bankruptcy cases."

18 Orders limiting notice when the Bankruptcy Code or Rules would otherwise require  
19 notice to all creditors are routinely granted in bankruptcy cases to promote the expeditious and  
20 economical administration of bankruptcy estates. See In re First Alliance Mortgage Co., 269  
21 B.R. 428, 442 (C.D. Cal. 201) (referencing in dicta in the court's recitation of facts the  
22 bankruptcy court's order limiting notice issued in that case); 11 U.S.C. § 102(1)(A) (defining the  
23 phrase "after notice and a hearing" to mean "after such notice as is appropriate in the particular  
24 circumstances, and such opportunity for hearing as is appropriate in the particular  
25 circumstances"); 11 U.S.C. § 105(a) and (d) (granting broad equitable powers to the court to  
26 issue orders "necessary or appropriate to carry out the provisions" of title 11 including  
27 "prescribing such limitations and conditions as the court deems appropriate to ensure the case is  
28 handled expeditiously and economically"); and F.R. Bankr. P. 202(m) (authorizing the court to

1 enter "orders designating the matters in respect to which, the entity to whom, and the form and  
2 manner in which notices shall be sent except as otherwise provided by these rules").

3 **IV. CONCLUSION**

4 For the foregoing reasons, it is respectfully requested that the Court grant this Joint  
5 Motion in its entirety by entry of an order in substantially the same form as the proposed order  
6 attached hereto as **Exhibit "1"**.

7 Dated:

8 LYNCH LAW PRACTICE, PLLC  
9 /s/ Michael F. Lynch

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17 Counsel for the Receiver,  
18 Robb Evans & Associates LLC

Dated:

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Fujinaga; MRI International, Inc.; CSA Service  
Center LLC and The Factoring Co.

# Exhibit 1

# Exhibit 1

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10 & Associates LLC

11

12 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
13  
14 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

15 **SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE**  
16 **COMMISSION,**

17 Case No.: 2:13-cv-01658-JCM-CWH

18 **[PROPOSED]**

19 Plaintiff,  
20  
21 vs.  
22

23 **EDWIN YOSHIHIRO FUJINAGA and**  
24 **MRI INTERNATIONAL, INC.,**  
25  
26 **Defendants,**  
27  
28 **and**  
29  
30 **CSA SERVICE CENTER, LLC**  
31 **THE FACTORING COMPANY,**  
32 **JUNE FUJINAGA, and**  
33 **THE YUNJU TRUST,**  
34  
35 **Relief Defendants.**

36 **ORDER (1) AUTHORIZING, APPROVING**  
37 **AND CONFIRMING THE PRIVATE SALE**  
38 **OF REAL PROPERTY LOCATED AT 47-**  
39 **4400 HAWAII BELT RD. WITHOUT**  
40 **OVERBID PROCEEDINGS; AND (2)**  
41 **GRANTING RELIEF FROM LOCAL**  
42 **RULE 66-5 PERTAINING TO NOTICE TO**  
43 **CREDITORS**

44  
45 Presently before the Court is the Joint Motion for Order (1) Authorizing, Approving and  
46 Confirming the Private Sale of Real Property Located at 47-4400 Hawaii Belt Rd. Without  
47 Overbid Proceedings; and (2) Granting Relief from Local Rule 66-5 Pertaining to Notice to  
48 Creditors (the “Joint Motion”) [ECF No. 379  ] brought by Robb Evans & Associates LLC as  
49 Receiver (“Receiver”) on the one hand, and defendants Edwin Fujinaga (“Fujinaga”), MRI  
50 International, Inc. (“MRI”), and relief Defendant CSA Service Center, LLC (“CSA”, and  
51 together with MRI and Fujinaga, the “Defendants”, and together with the Receiver, the  
52 “Parties”), on the other hand, made pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 2001 and 2002 and Local Rules 66-  
53 5 and 66-10 and other applicable law, the Memorandum of Points and Authorities in support

1 thereof, the Declaration of Brick Kane in support of the Joint Motion (the “Kane Declaration”)  
2 [ECF No. 380] and the authenticated exhibits attached thereto, and upon all other pleadings  
3 and documentary evidence as may be presented to the Court by the Receiver in support of the  
4 Joint Motion.

5 Pursuant to LR 7-2, an opposing party must file points and authorities in response to a  
6 motion and failure to file a timely response constitutes the party’s consent to the granting of the  
7 motion. See LR 7-2(d); United States v. Warren, 601 F.2d 471, 474 (9th Cir. 1979). The  
8 Defendants have joined in the Joint Motion, and no other party has filed any opposition,  
9 objection, and/or points and authorities in response to the Joint Motion and the deadline to do so  
10 has passed. The court has not scheduled a hearing on the Joint Motion, and finds that it is  
11 unnecessary to do so. Nevertheless, the court reviewed the substantive merits and grants the Joint  
12 Motion in full.

13 The Joint Motion requests an order:

14 1. Approving the proposed sale of the real property located at 47-4400 Hawaii Belt  
15 Road, Honokaa, Hawaii 96727, consisting of approximately 167.48 acres of unimproved  
16 agricultural real property, owned by relief defendant CSA, located in the North Hilo area of the  
17 “Big Island”, and identified by the Tax Map Key (3) 4-7-007-054 (the “Hawaii Property”) to  
18 Keith Gendreau and Allison Holt Gendreau or their assigns (the “Buyers”) without overbid  
19 proceedings, and on an “as is – where-is” basis, on the terms more fully set forth in the Purchase  
20 and Sale Agreement<sup>1</sup> at a purchase price of \$1.8 million without further notice, hearing, order, or  
21 overbidding;

22  
23  
24  
25  
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27

---

28 <sup>1</sup> The Purchase and Sale Agreement is defined and described more fully in the Joint Motion, and is attached as Exhibit 1 to the Kane Declaration.

2. Authorizing the Receiver, by and through either one of its authorized deputies, Brick Kane and M. Val Miller, to execute all documents and instruments necessary or convenient to complete, implement, effectuate and close the sale of the Real Property to Buyers, free and clear of all existing debts and claims, including but not limited to:

(a) Authorizing Brick Kane (or M. Val Miller), solely in his capacity as authorized deputy to the Receiver, solely in its capacity as the receiver for Defendant MRI and relief defendant CSA, to execute and consummate the sale of the Real Property to the Buyers under the Purchase and Sale Agreement, as SELLER as follows:

MRI International Inc., Receivership QSF % Receiver Robb Evans & Associates LLC, the Receiver for MRI International, CSA Service Center, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company, et al.

By: Brick Kane (or M. Val Miller)  
Authorized Deputy to the Receiver

(b) Authorizing Brick Kane (or M. Val Miller), solely in his capacity as the authorized deputy to the Receiver, solely in its capacity as the receiver for relief defendant CSA, to execute a deed conveying title to the Real Property (free and clear of liens and claims) from CSA as GRANTOR, to the Buyers as follows:

CSA Service Center, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company by Robb Evans & Associates LLC, a California limited liability company as Receiver for CSA Service Center, LLC, a Nevada limited liability company

By: Brick Kane (or M. Val Miller)  
Authorized Deputy to the Receiver

and

(c) Authorizing Brick Kane (or M. Val Miller), solely in his capacity as authorized deputy to the Receiver, solely in its capacity as the receiver for defendant MRI, to execute a release and/or re-conveyance of the mortgage encumbering the Hawaii Property executed by relief defendant CSA filed on August 5, 2011 with the Bureau of Conveyances of the State of Hawaii as Document No. 2011-124265, to and in favor of

relief defendant MRI (the “Mortgage”)<sup>2</sup> and to take any further actions that are reasonable or necessary to fully remove the Mortgage as an encumbrance upon the Hawaii Property, as the MORTGAGEE as follows:

MRI International, Inc., a Nevada corporation by Robb Evans & Associates LLC a California limited liability company as Receiver for MRI International, Inc., a Nevada corporation

By: Brick Kane (or M. Val Miller)  
Authorized Deputy to the Receiver

8       3. Authorizing the Receiver to, in its capacity as receiver for defendant MRI,  
9 execute a release and/or re-conveyance of the mortgage encumbering the Hawaii Property  
10 executed by relief defendant CSA filed on August 5, 2011 with the Bureau of Conveyances of  
11 the State of Hawaii as Document No. 2011-124265, to and in favor of relief defendant MRI (the  
12 “Mortgage”)<sup>3</sup> and to take any further actions that are reasonable or necessary to fully remove the  
13 Mortgage as an encumbrance upon the Hawaii Property;

14           4. Authorizing the Receiver to permit and/or cause to be paid from the proceeds of the  
15           sale of the Hawaii Property (a) all ordinary and customary closing costs, all costs and expenses  
16           required to be paid under the terms of the Purchase and Sale Agreement by the seller from the  
17           proceeds of sale, (b) all commissions provided for in the Purchase and Sale Agreement or the  
18           Receiver's listing agreement for the Real Property as set forth in the respective documents and the  
19           Joint Motion, copies of which is attached as Exhibits 1 and 2 to the Kane Declaration, and (c) all  
20           real property tax liens and prorated real property taxes due up to the date of closing;

21       5.       Finding that the Defendants have waived any requirements applicable to this sale  
22 set forth in 28 U.S.C. § 2001 et. seq.;

25       <sup>2</sup> The Mortgage is more fully identified in the preliminary title report prepared by Title Guaranty  
26       of Hawaii, at page 3, No. 6, a true and correct copy of which is attached as Exhibit 3 to the Kane  
Declaration.

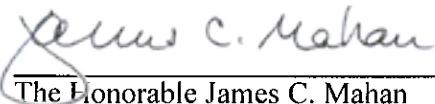
<sup>3</sup> The Mortgage is more fully identified in the preliminary title report prepared by Title Guaranty of Hawaii, at page 3, No. 6, a true and correct copy of which is attached as Exhibit 3 to the Kane Declaration.

1           6.     Finding that the notice contained in the Joint Motion is sufficient notice under LR  
2     66-5, based on the service of the Joint Motion and the Kane Declaration by first class U.S. Mail,  
3     postage fully prepaid, on all known non-consumer creditors of the estate, but not on the tens of  
4     thousands of potential foreign creditors; and

5           7.     Granting the Joint Motion, and all relief requested therein, in its entirety.

6           Good cause appearing, the court hereby grants the Joint Motion, and all relief requested  
7     therein, in its entirety.

8  
9           **IT IS SO ORDERED:**

10             
11           The Honorable James C. Mahan  
12           UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT JUDGE

13  
14           DATED: February 7, 2017

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