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8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
9 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

10 KBW ASSOCIATES, INC., a North Dakota  
11 corporation,

12 Plaintiff,

13 vs.

14 JAYNES CORPORATION, INC., a New  
Mexico corporation, CONTINENTAL  
CASUALTY COMPANY, a foreign surety  
15 transacting business in the State of Nevada  
and DOES I THROUGH X, inclusive,

16 Defendants.

CASE NO. 2:13-cv-01771-GMN-CWH

**PROPOSED PROTECTIVE ORDER RE  
DISCLOSURE OF CONFIDENTIAL  
INFORMATION**

**AND**

**PROCEDURE TO REQUEST SEAL**

**AND**

**ORDER ENTERING CLAW BACK  
AGREEMENT**

19 JAYNES CORPORATION, INC., a New  
20 Mexico corporation,

21 Counterclaimant,

22 vs.

23 KBW ASSOCIATES, INC., a North Dakota  
corporation,

24 Counterdefendant.

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1 JAYNES CORPORATION, INC., a New  
2 Mexico corporation,  
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4 Third-Party Plaintiff,  
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6 vs.  
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8 INTERNATIONAL FIDELITY INSURANCE  
9 COMPANY, a surety,  
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11 Third-Party Defendant.  
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Defendant/Counterclaimant/Third-Party Plaintiff, Jaynes Corporation, Inc. (“Jaynes”) and Defendant Continental Casualty Company (“Continental”), by and through their counsel, Snell & Wilmer, L.L.P., and Plaintiff/Counterdefendant KBW Associates, Inc. (“KBW”) and Third-Party Defendant International Fidelity Insurance Company (“IFIC”), by and through their counsel, Wilson, Elser, Moskowitz, Edelman & Dicker, LLP (collectively the “Parties”) will be required under Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, or pursuant to written discovery requests, to produce documents and/or information that contain proprietary, sensitive, and confidential national security information. Dissemination of this information to the public poses a national security threat to U.S. military operations and national security.

Indeed, the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers regulations expressly prohibits disclosure of documents in this matter without obtaining written approval from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. (Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement (“FARS”) § 252.204-7000, included in the Request for Proposal.) Additionally, the Subcontract Agreement between Jaynes and KBW states that “[t]o the extent the Prime Contract provides for the confidentiality of any of the Owner’s proprietary or otherwise confidential information disclosed in connection with the performance of this Agreement, the Subcontractor is equally bound by the Owner’s confidentiality requirements.” (Subcontract Agreement § 3.29.)

Prohibiting all parties from disclosing confidential documents and information produced in this litigation to any individual or entity outside of this litigation, or from otherwise using documents produced outside of this litigation is necessary and appropriate in this matter, to preserve the confidentiality of military documents and information, and minimize any threat to

1 national security. See Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c); *Phillips v. General Motors Corp.*, 307 F.3d 1206 (9th  
2 Cir. 2002). Indeed, “[t]he unique character of the discovery process requires that the trial court  
3 have substantial latitude to fashion protective orders.” *Phillips v. General Motors Corp.*, 307  
4 F.3d 1206, 1212 (9th Cir. 2002) (citing *Seattle Times Co. v. Rhinehart*, 467 U.S. 20, 36 (1984).)

5 The Court finds that there is good cause to enter this protective order, as the threat to  
6 national security represents a specific harm that could result if the information is not protected.  
7 *Phillips v. General Motors Corp.*, 307 F.3d 1206, 1210-11 (9th Cir. 2002). Moreover the  
8 balancing of protecting both public and private interests weighs in favor of this Order. *Phillips v.*  
9 *General Motors Corp.*, 307 F.3d 1206, 1210-11 (9th Cir. 2002).

10 Additionally, the Court finds that the Parties motion to seal should be considered upon an  
11 *in camera* review of the confidential information on a case-by-case basis. Finally, there is good  
12 cause to require the Parties to abide by the terms set forth in their proposed claw back agreement.  
13 Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e); *Great-West Life & Annuity Ins. Co. v. Am. Econ. Ins.*  
14 *Co.*, 2:11-CV-02082-APG, 2013 WL 5332410, at \*4 (D. Nev. Sept. 23, 2013)

15 Accordingly, after consideration of the Motion, and for good cause appearing therefore,  
16 the Motion is **GRANTED IN PART AND DENIED IN PART**.

17 **IT IS HEREBY ORDERED** that the following terms and procedures shall govern the  
18 production and non-disclosure of Confidential Information, as defined herein, for the above-  
19 captioned litigation:

20 1. **Protective Order**. Any discovery response, information, document or thing  
21 produced, and/or all deposition testimony given in connection with this litigation that contains  
22 sensitive information may be designated as Confidential Information.

23 2. Confidential Information entitled to confidential treatment will include all  
24 documents and information the Parties deem confidential including: (a) all project paper, tapes,  
25 documents, designs, drawings, plans, email correspondence, other correspondence, disks,  
26 diskettes, emails and other electronic data, and other tangible things produced by or obtained  
27 from any person in connection with this litigation; (b) Rule 26 disclosures, answers to document  
28 requests, interrogatories, and requests for admission; (c) transcripts of depositions, in whole or in

1 part, and exhibits thereto; and (d) all copies, extracts, and complete or partial summaries or charts  
2 or notes prepared or derived from such papers, documents or things. The handling of such  
3 information shall be made in accordance with the terms of this Order.

4 3. A discovery response, information, document or thing produced, and/or all  
5 deposition testimony may be designated as Confidential Information by one of the following  
6 methods:

7 a. In the case of documents or other materials (apart from depositions or other  
8 pretrial testimony): by affixing the legend “Confidential” to each page containing any  
9 Confidential Information, except that in the case of multi-page documents bound together by  
10 staple or other permanent binding, the word(s) “Confidential” need only be stamped on the first  
11 page of the document in order for the entire document to be treated as Confidential; and,

12 b. In the case of depositions, including exhibits thereto, or other pretrial  
13 testimony: (i) by a statement on the record, by any counsel or the deponent, at the time of such  
14 disclosure; or (ii) by written notice from any Party’s counsel or the deponent or his/her counsel,  
15 within ten business days after receiving a copy of the transcript thereof, designating all or some of  
16 the transcript and/or documents referred to therein as Confidential. Such written notice must be  
17 sent to counsel for all Parties, the deponent and counsel for the deponent. Only those portions of  
18 the transcripts so designated as “Confidential” must be treated as Confidential. The Parties may  
19 modify this procedure for any particular deposition, by a writing signed by counsel for all Parties  
20 and by the deponent or counsel for the deponent, without further order from the Court.

21 4. The designation “Confidential” shall apply to materials and information that may  
22 be disclosed to the Parties and others identified in this Order for the purposes of the litigation, but  
23 which is intended to be protected against disclosure to third parties. Absent a specific order by  
24 the Court to the contrary, all documents and information disclosed shall be used by the Parties  
25 solely in connection with this litigation, and not for any business, competitive, other litigation or  
26 governmental purpose or function, and such information shall not be disclosed to anyone except  
27 as expressly provided herein.  
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1           5. Any Party may, at any time, request or contest in writing that any Confidential  
2 Information be released from the requirements of this Order. A Party who makes such a  
3 contention shall be referred to in this Order as the “Requesting Party”. Upon written contention,  
4 the Party claiming that information is “Confidential” shall meet and confer with the Requesting  
5 Party within ten (10) days of receipt of a written request therefor. If an agreement cannot be  
6 reached by negotiation, and the Court has not provided for a different procedure to handle such  
7 disputes, then the Requesting Party may make an application for a ruling from the Court on the  
8 continued application of the “Confidential” designation of such information or document. The  
9 Requesting Party shall submit the contested Confidential Information to the Court for in camera  
10 inspection, and the terms of this Stipulation and Protective Order shall continue to apply to such  
11 Confidential Information until the Court rules on the application.

12           6. Confidential Information and information derived from Confidential Information,  
13 including without limitation any testimony about an exhibit designated as Confidential, shall not  
14 be disclosed except as set forth herein. All Confidential Information produced and information  
15 related thereto disclosed by any Party shall be used solely for this litigation and may not be used  
16 for any other purpose.

17           7. Confidential Information may only be disclosed to the following persons:

- 18           a. any Party and counsel of record for any Party to this action;
- 19           b. paralegal, stenographic, clerical and secretarial personnel currently  
20 employed by a Party to the case, (including but not limited to photocopy service personnel and  
21 document management vendors, such as coders and data-entry personnel, retained by outside  
22 counsel);
- 23           c. stenographic, video or audio court reporters engaged to record depositions  
24 in this litigation, and certified interpreters and/or translators for those depositions, if any;
- 25           d. non-party expert(s) or consultant(s) and their secretarial, technical and  
26 clerical employees (including but not limited to photocopy service personnel and document  
27 management vendors, such as coders and data-entry personnel, retained by outside counsel) who  
28 actively assist in the preparation of this action;

1 e. any person identified on the face of any such Confidential Information as  
2 an author or recipient thereof;

3 f. any person who is determined to have been an author and/or previous  
4 recipient of the Confidential Information, but who is not identified on the face thereof, provided  
5 there is prior testimony of actual authorship or receipt of the Confidential Information by such  
6 person prior to such person being shown any Confidential Information;

7 g. any non-party engaged by the Parties or appointed by the Court for  
8 purposes of acting as a Discovery Referee, Special Master, and/or neutral arbitrator or mediator in  
9 any alternative dispute resolution procedures in which the Parties may participate; and

10 h. any other person by written agreement among all Parties' counsel, or by  
11 order of the Court;

12 8. Each individual identified in paragraphs 7 (a) - (h) above to whom Confidential  
13 Information is furnished, shown, or disclosed shall, prior to the time he or she receives access to  
14 such materials, be provided by counsel furnishing him or her such material a copy of this Order.  
15 Counsel disclosing Confidential Information shall advise said persons of the provisions of this  
16 Order and secure adequate assurance of confidentiality and agreement from that person or entity:  
17 (1) to be bound by the terms hereof, (2) to maintain the received Confidential Materials in  
18 confidence, and (3) not to disclose the received Confidential Materials to anyone other than in  
19 accordance with the terms of this Order.

20 9. The foregoing is without prejudice to the right of any Party to this Order to:  
21 a. seek to modify or obtain relief from any aspect of this Order; or  
22 b. object to the use, relevance, or admissibility at trial or otherwise of any  
23 material, whether or not designated in whole or in part as Confidential Information governed by  
24 this Protective Order.

25 10. Nothing in this Order shall prohibit a Party from using Confidential Materials for  
26 deposition preparation, use during a deposition, or from marking any Confidential Materials as an  
27 exhibit to a deposition and examining the deponent thereon. Likewise, nothing in this Order shall  
28 prohibit a Party from using Confidential Materials for examination of a witness at trial, or from

1 marking any Confidential Materials as an exhibit during trial and examining a trial witness  
2 thereon.

3 11. If Confidential Information is disclosed at a deposition, only the stenographic,  
4 video or audio reporter and those persons who are authorized by the terms of this Order to receive  
5 such material may be present. The portions of the transcripts of all testimony designated as  
6 Confidential Information shall be labeled with the appropriate designation by the reporter. If any  
7 document or information designated as Confidential Information pursuant to this Order is used  
8 during the course of a deposition, that portion of the deposition record reflecting such material  
9 shall be labeled with the appropriate “Confidential” designation.

10 12. **Request to Seal.** Any filing made with the Clerk of the Court, as such filing may  
11 be required or permitted by the local rules of this Court, which contains or has attached to it  
12 Confidential Information, shall be submitted to this Court for an *in camera* review and a case-by-  
13 case determination as to whether the Confidential Information submitted shall be sealed. For  
14 good cause shown, the Court may order that such f Confidential Information shall be sealed.

15 13. In the event of a hearing or trial in this matter at which any Party intends to present  
16 information or materials designated hereunder as Confidential, counsel for the Parties will meet  
17 and confer to determine what safeguards are necessary to protect against the disclosure of the  
18 designated information or materials, and shall attempt to determine the least intrusive and  
19 burdensome means of protecting such materials during the proceeding. Counsel for the Parties  
20 shall confer on appropriate procedures for protecting the confidentiality of any documents,  
21 information and transcripts used in the course of any court proceedings, and shall incorporate  
22 such procedures into the pre-trial order. For trial, the Party seeking to use information designated  
23 Confidential without redacting the Confidential portion of the information, shall, via written  
24 motion in limine filed and served pursuant to the Court’s trial scheduling order, submit all such  
25 information (document, transcript, interrogatory answer, etc.) to the trial judge under seal for in  
26 camera review, and a decision on whether such information can be used at trial, and if so, what  
27 limitations, if any, shall apply.  
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1           14. This Order shall survive the termination of this action and shall continue in full  
2 force and effect thereafter. Within thirty (30) calendar days after the termination of this action and  
3 the expiration of any and all rights of appeal or further appeal or the expiration of time to seek  
4 leave to appeal, all persons or entities that have received Confidential Materials shall return all  
5 such Confidential Materials to counsel for the designated Party. As an alternative to returning all  
6 or part of such Confidential Materials, persons or entities may certify in writing for the producing  
7 Party that they have destroyed all unreturned Confidential Materials. Where a Party has provided  
8 Confidential Materials to a retained expert or consultant or any other person or entity, it shall be  
9 the responsibility of that Party to obtain the return or destruction of the Confidential Materials  
10 from such expert or consultant. This paragraph does not apply to the copies of Confidential  
11 Materials that have been submitted to and are in the possession of the Court. This Order shall not  
12 preclude the use or disclosure of any Confidential Materials during the trial of this action, subject  
13 to the right of any Party to seek an Order governing use of the Confidential Materials at trial.

14           15. Within fifteen (15) days of the close of this action, whether by judgment, order,  
15 settlement or other means, the Parties must return all information, and copies thereof, in their  
16 possession to the Party that served the Confidential Information.

17           16. If at any time any Confidential Information protected by this Order or information  
18 produced in this litigation is subpoenaed from the receiving party by any court, administrative or  
19 legislative body, or is requested, via formal discovery request or otherwise, by any other person  
20 or entity purporting to have authority to require the production of such information, the party to  
21 whom the subpoena or other request is directed shall, within three (3) business days of receipt,  
22 give the other party hereto notice of said request. The party receiving the discovery request or  
23 subpoena shall in the interim take all necessary steps to protect the potentially Confidential  
24 Information and all information so designated in this case as if it were its own confidential  
25 information. The party receiving notice of a pending discovery request, subpoena, or other  
26 inquiry, shall have three (3) business days to, in writing, advise the party from whom the  
27 discovery was requested of its intent to protect the confidentiality of the information sought, or of  
28 its decision to allow it to be disclosed. The party objecting to the disclosure of the Confidential



1 Information shall take all steps it deems necessary at its own expense, including incurring and  
2 paying its own attorney’s fees. It is acknowledged and agreed that any violation or threatened  
3 violation of this provision by any Party will cause immediate and irreparable harm entitling the  
4 other party to obtain injunctive relief, including a temporary restraining order without notice  
5 pending a hearing on an application for preliminary injunction in addition to all other legal  
6 remedies available.

7 17. **Claw Back Agreement.** The parties agree that in the event that any Party (the  
8 “Discloser”) produces material or documents without intending to waive a claim of privilege or  
9 confidentiality, the Discloser does not waive any claim of privilege or confidentiality if, within a  
10 reasonable amount of time after the Discloser actually discovers that such material or documents  
11 were produced, the Discloser notifies all other Parties (the “Recipient(s)”) of the inadvertent  
12 disclosure of privileged or confidential items, identifying the material or documents produced and  
13 stating the privilege or confidentiality provision asserted. Mere failure to diligently screen  
14 documents before producing them does not waive a claim of privilege or confidentiality.

15 If the Discloser asserts that it inadvertently produced privileged or confidential items in  
16 accordance with this Claw Back Agreement, the Recipient(s) must return the specified material or  
17 documents and any copies within ten days of the notification. The Recipient(s) must further  
18 permanently destroy any electronic copies of such specified material or documents and affirm in  
19 writing to counsel for the Discloser of such destruction.

20 In the event that the Recipient(s) contends the documents are not subject to privilege or  
21 confidentiality as asserted by the Discloser in accordance with this Claw Back Agreement, the  
22 Recipient(s) may, following the return and destruction described above, challenge the privilege  
23 claim through a Motion to Compel or other pleading with the District Court in which the  
24 Litigation is currently pending. The Parties agree that any review of items by the judge shall be  
25 an *in camera* review.

26 Should the Recipient(s) not challenge the Discloser’s claim of privilege or confidentiality,  
27 or should the presiding judge determine that the documents are in fact subject to privilege or  
28

1 confidentiality, the documents, or information contained therein or derived therefrom, may not be  
2 used in the Litigation or against the Discloser in any future litigation or arbitration brought by the  
3 Recipient(s). Nothing contained within this Claw Back Agreement shall be deemed to waive any  
4 objection that any Party may wish to assert under applicable state or federal law.

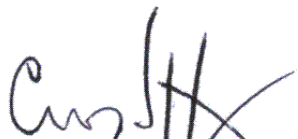
5 18. The terms of this Order shall be effective and enforceable as between the Parties  
6 immediately upon its execution by counsel for such parties.

7 19. All persons subject to the terms of this Order agree that this Court shall retain  
8 jurisdiction over them for the purpose of enforcing this Order.

9 20. This Order may only be amended or modified by written agreement of the parties  
10 hereto and approved by this Court, or by order of this Court.

11 **IT IS SO ORDERED.**

12  
13 Dated: March 6, 2014



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14 C.W. Hoffmann Jr.  
15 United States Magistrate Judge

16 Respectfully submitted,  
17 SNELL & WILMER L.L.P.

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