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6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
7	DISTRICT OF NEVADA		
8	JOHN TURNER,		
9	Plaintiff,		
10	V.	2:14-cv-680-JCM-CWH	
11	SOUTHERN DESERT CORRECTIONAL CENTER et al.,	ORDER	
12	Defendants.		
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14	This action is a <i>pro se</i> civil rights complaint filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by a state prisoner. On June 10, 2014, this court issued an order denying plaintiff's application to		
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16	proceed <i>in forma pauperis</i> because plaintiff had "three strikes" pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1915(g). (ECF No. 4 at 1-2). The court informed plaintiff that if he did not pay the \$400.00 filing fee in full within thirty days of the date of that order, the court would dismiss the action		
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21	District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and "[i]n the exercise of		
22	that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate dismissal" of a cas <i>Thompson v. Hous. Auth. of City of Los Angeles</i> , 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A cou		
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24	may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party's failure to prosecute an action, failure		
25	to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. See Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52,		
26	53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (dismissal for noncompliance with local rule); Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963		
27	F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal for failure to comply with an order requiring		
28	amendment of complaint); Carey v. King, 856	F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (dismissal	

for failure to comply with local rule requiring *pro se* plaintiffs to keep court apprised of
 address); *Malone v. U.S. Postal Service*, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for
 failure to comply with court order); *Henderson v. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986)
 (dismissal for lack of prosecution and failure to comply with local rules).

In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey a
court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the court must consider several factors: (1)
the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to manage its
docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring disposition of
cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives. *Thompson*, 782 F.2d
at 831; *Henderson*, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; *Malone*, 833 F.2d at 130; *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 126061; *Ghazali*, 46 F.3d at 53.

12 In the instant case, the court finds that the first two factors, the public's interest in 13 expeditiously resolving this litigation and the court's interest in managing the docket, weigh in favor of dismissal. The third factor, risk of prejudice to defendants, also weighs in favor of 14 15 dismissal, since a presumption of injury arises from the occurrence of unreasonable delay in 16 filing a pleading ordered by the court or prosecuting an action. See Anderson v. Air West, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor – public policy favoring disposition of cases 17 18 on their merits – is greatly outweighed by the factors in favor of dismissal discussed herein. 19 Finally, a court's warning to a party that his failure to obey the court's order will result in 20 dismissal satisfies the "consideration of alternatives" requirement. Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1262; 21 Malone, 833 F.2d at 132-33; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1424. The court's order requiring 22 plaintiff to pay the full filing fee within thirty days expressly stated: "IT IS FURTHER ORDERED 23 that this action will be DISMISSED without prejudice unless plaintiff pays the \$400.00 filing fee 24 in full within thirty (30) days of entry of this order." (ECF No. 4 at 2). Thus, plaintiff had 25 adequate warning that dismissal would result from his noncompliance with the court's order to pay the full filing fee within thirty days. 26

It is therefore ordered that this action is dismissed without prejudice based on plaintiff's
failure to pay the \$400.00 filing fee in compliance with this court's June 10, 2014, order.

1	It is further ordered that the motion for appointment of counsel (ECF No. 2) is denied	
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3	It is further ordered that the clerk of court shall enter judgment accordingly.	
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5	DATED: July 21, 2014.	
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7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
8	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
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