1	UNITED STATES DIST	RICT COURT	
2	DISTRICT OF N	EVADA	
3	Terence K. Dickinson,	Case No.: 2:14-cv-810-JAD-GWF	
4	Plaintiff,		
5	V.	Orden Creating Defendent's	
6	Abbi Silver,	Order Granting Defendant's Motion to Dismiss [Doc. 7]	
7	Defendant.		
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10	Terrence Dickinson was the plaintiff in a mo		
11	Dickinson v. Ocwen Loan Servicing, LLC., Case No		
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14	judgment), Dickinson filed a motion for summary judgment in the state court case number,		
15	and Judge Abbi Silver denied the motion for lack of subject matter jurisdiction. Doc. 7-1 at		
16	82. Dickinson's appeal to the Nevada Supreme Court was dismissed. Doc. 7-1 at 85.		
17	Dickinson responded by filing this § 1983 action against Judge Silver. Doc. 1. He alleges		
18	that Judge Silver deprived him of his right to jury tr	ial and "right to participate in the 'Pilot	
19	Program' initiated by the Supreme Court of the Stat	e of Nevada" when she denied his motion	
20	for summary judgment. Id. at 1. He prays for the co	ourt to remand this matter to the state	
21	court "from which its [sic] was removed," although	Dickinson actually filed "this matter"	
22	here in federal court. Id. at 9.		
23	Judge Silver moves to dismiss Dickinson's s	uit. ² Because Judge Silver enjoys	
24	absolute judicial immunity for the actions that Dick	nson challenges by this lawsuit, I grant	
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26	¹ 08-cv-23-RCJ-GWF.		
27 28	² Dickinson has submitted a response, Doc. 10, and S also submitted a "response" to the reply, Doc. 14, without lea Local Rule 7-2. I will not consider Dickinson's "response" to	we of court and in contravention of Nevada	

the motion to dismiss.³

Discussion

3 Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 8(a) supplies the standard for pleadings in a federal cause of action and states, "[a] pleading that states a claim for relief must contain: (1) a short 4 and plain statement of the grounds for the court's jurisdiction; (2) a short and plain 5 6 statement of the claim showing that the pleader is entitled to relief; and (3) a demand for the relief sought."⁴ A district court may dismiss a complaint for failing to state a claim upon 7 which relief can be granted under Rule 12(b)(6).⁵ "To survive a motion to dismiss, a 8 9 complaint must contain sufficient factual matter, accepted as true, to state a claim for relief that is plausible on its face."⁶ "[A] plaintiff's obligation to provide the 'grounds' of his 10 'entitle[ment] to relief' requires more than labels and conclusions, and a formulaic recitation 11 of the elements of a cause of action will not do. Factual allegations must be enough to raise a 12 right to relief above the speculative level."⁷ The Court is also "not bound to accept as true a 13 legal conclusion couched as a factual allegation."⁸ To state a "plausible" claim for relief, the 14 15 plaintiff must "plead[] factual content that allows the court to draw a reasonable inference that the defendant is liable for the misconduct alleged."⁹ This requires a plaintiff to state 16 "enough facts to raise a reasonable expectation that discovery will reveal evidence" of the 17 18

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- ⁴ Fed. R. Civ. Proc. 8(a).
 - 5 *Id.* at 12(b)(6).
 - ⁶ Ashcroft v. Iqbal, 556 U.S. 662, 678 (2009).
- ⁷ Bell Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly, 550 U.S. 544, 555 (2007).
- 27 ⁸ *Id.* (quoting *Papsan v. Allain*, 478 U.S. 265, 286 (1986)).
 - ⁹ Iqbal, 556 U.S. at 678-79.

 ³ I find this motion appropriate for resolution without oral argument. *See* L.R. 7-2(d). Because I am granting the motion to dismiss on judicial-immunity grounds, I do not reach the merits of Judge Silver's other dismissal arguments.

1 allegations charged.¹⁰

1	anegations charged.	
2	Under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, "Every person who, under color of any statute, ordinance,	
3	regulation, custom, or usage, of any State subjects, or causes to be subjected, any citizen	
4	of the United States or other person within the jurisdiction thereof to the deprivation of any	
5	rights, privileges, or immunities secured by the Constitution and laws, shall be liable to the	
6	party injured in an action at law" ¹¹ Certain categories of actions, however, are	
7	absolutely immune from § 1983 liability, including actions taken by state judges in a	
8	lawsuit. ¹² As the United States Supreme Court explained in <i>Pierson v. Ray</i> :	
9	Few doctrines were more solidly established at common law than the	
10	immunity of judges from liability for damages for acts committed within their judicial jurisdiction, as this Court recognized when it adopted the doctrine	
11	This immunity applies even when the judge is accused of acting maliciously and corruptly, and it 'is not for the protection or benefit of a	
12	malicious or corrupt judge, but for the benefit of the public, whose interest it is that the judges should be at liberty to exercise their functions with	
13	independence and without fear of consequences.' It is a judge's duty to decide all cases within his jurisdiction that are brought before him, including	
14	controversial cases that arouse the most intense feelings in the litigants. His errors may be corrected on appeal, but he should not have to fear that	
15	unsatisfied litigants may hound him with litigation charging malice or corruption. Imposing such a burden on judges would contribute not to	
16	principled and fearless decisionmaking but to intimidation. ¹⁵	
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18	actions prosecuted by disgruntled litigants." ¹⁴	
19	A straightforward application of judicial-immunity principles requires the dismissal of	
20	Dickinson's case. The sole factual basis of his claim is Judge Silver's denial of his motion	
21	for summary judgment in a previously removed (and federally resolved) action. See Docs. 1	
22	and 7-1 at 83. Nothing in Dickinson's allegations remotely suggests that Judge Silver's	
23	¹⁰ Cafasso, U.S. ex rel. v. General Dynamics C4 Systems, Inc., 637 F.3d 1047, 1055 (9th Cir. 2011)	
24	(quoting <i>Twombly</i> , 550 U.S. at 556).	
25	¹¹ Id.	
26	¹² Swift v. California, 384 F.3d 1184, 1188 (9th Cir. 2004).	
27	¹³ 386 U.S. 547 (1967) (citations omitted).	
28	¹⁴ Forrester v. White, 484 U.S. 219, 225 (1988).	
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1	actions were anything other than a judicial resolution of the legal grievance Dickinson	
2	presented to her. As Judge Silver was acting in a judicial capacity when she performed the	
3	action that Dickinson now challenges, she enjoys absolute immunity from Dickinson's suit	
4	and it must be dismissed. Although I recognize that dismissal of a pro se plaintiff's action	
5	with prejudice and without first affording the opportunity for amendment is disfavored in this	
6	circuit, ¹⁵ because Dickinson's action is founded on a trial court judge's denial of a motion for	
7	summary judgment, leave to amend would be futile in light of the clear application of judicial	
8	immunity to the complained-of acts. ¹⁶ Having considered the Foman v. Davis ¹⁷ factors, I	
9	conclude that the dismissal should be with prejudice and without leave to amend.	
10	Conclusion	
11	Accordingly, it is HEREBY ORDERED that Judge Silver's Motion to Dismiss [Doc.	
12	7] is GRANTED. This action is dismissed with prejudice, and the Clerk of Court is	
13	instructed to close this case.	
14	DATED: September 3, 2014.	
15	Xodic	
16	JENNIFER A. DORSEY UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
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23	¹⁵ See Benson v. JPMorgan Chase Bank, N.A., 673 F.3d 1207, 1217-18 (9th Cir. 2012); Lopez v. Smith, 203 F.3d 1122, 1130-31 (9th Cir. 2000); Doe v. United States, 58 F.3d 494, 497 (9th Cir. 1995).	
24	¹⁶ See, e.g., Eminence Capital, LLC v. Aspeon, Inc., 316 F.3d 1048, 1052 (9th Cir. 2003).	
25	¹⁷ Foman v. Davis, 371 U.S. 178, 182 (1962). As plaintiff's prayer makes clear, his goal in filing this	
26	Temoved to rederat court and rang resorved. See Dickinson v. Oewen Loan Servicing, ELC, 2010 WL	
27	1568594 (D. Nev. Apr. 16, 2010) <i>aff'd</i> , 466 F. App'x 567 (9th Cir. 2012). Even if Judge Silver were not absolutely immune from liability in this case, the relief Dickinson seeks is simply not available to him, as this court cannot "cannot" a case originally filed in this court or direct the remand of a case that was closed	
28	court cannot "remand" a case originally filed in this court or direct the remand of a case that was closed before another federal judge in this district more than four years ago.	
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