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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

JHONNY DARIO LEMUS,
Plaintiff,
vs.
ROBERT JAMES OLAVESON; ANDRUS
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES
INCORPORATED; DOES I through XX, inclusive
and ROE BUSINESS ENTITIES I through XX,
inclusive,
Defendants.

CASE NO.: 2:14-cv-01381-JCM-NJK

**CONFIDENTIAL AGREEMENT AND
STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER**

As amended, page 10.

CONFIDENTIALITY AGREEMENT AND STIPULATED PROTECTIVE ORDER

The parties agree, through their respective counsel as their authorized representatives, to the terms and conditions of this Confidentiality Agreement and Stipulated Protective Order (“Confidentiality Agreement”) governing the disclosure, handling and disposition of documents and information in this litigation as set forth herein.

1. Need and Application.

1.1 At the heart of this litigation is a motor vehicle accident which occurred on or about January 14, 2013, in Las Vegas, Nevada. Plaintiff JHONNY DARIO LEMUS’ (“Plaintiff”) claims in this litigation, and the discovery served by Plaintiff, has or will require the production of confidential business, personnel, proprietary, and personal information of Defendants ANDRUS TRANSPORTATION SERVICES INCORPORATED and ROBERT JAMES OLAVESON

1 (“Defendants”). Specifically, Plaintiff’s discovery requests seek Defendants’ disclosure and/or
2 production of confidential and proprietary business and trade secrets, employee training materials,
3 policies and procedures information, personnel records, and other non-public information of
4 Defendants.

5 Prior to production, no party can effectively and fully evaluate the claims of the other as to
6 the need for protection. Thus, this Confidentiality Agreement enables the production of documents,
7 at least to the point of evaluating the claims of need for protection, and specifying how such
8 documents need to be treated when produced. Moreover, pursuant to the terms of this
9 Confidentiality Agreement, any document designated as confidential where that designation is
10 disputed can be identified as such and the matter then submitted to the Court for resolution.

11 In essence, without a Confidentiality Agreement, the Court may have to evaluate
12 innumerable documents individually, and this task would likely burden the Court and slow the
13 discovery process. Regarding documents that are entitled to protection, disclosure of such
14 confidential and proprietary information is likely to prejudice the legitimate business, competitive,
15 and/or privacy interests of the parties or of third parties. A Confidentiality Agreement is thus
16 required in this action to enable the documents to be evaluated and to protect against unauthorized
17 disclosure of confidential and proprietary information and to ensure that such information will be
18 used only for purposes of this action. A Confidentiality Agreement will also expedite the flow of
19 discovery materials, protect the integrity of truly confidential and proprietary information, promote
20 the prompt resolution of disputes over confidentiality, and facilitate the preservation of material
21 worthy of protection.

22 **1.2** This Confidentiality Agreement shall govern any document, information or other
23 material that is designated as containing “Confidential Information” or “Attorney’s Eyes Only
24 Information” as defined herein, and is produced in connection with this litigation by any person or
25 entity (the “Producing Party” or “Disclosing Party”), whether in response to a discovery request,
26 subpoena or otherwise, to any other person or entity (the “Receiving Party”) regardless of whether
27 the person or entity producing or receiving such information is a party to this litigation.

1 **2. Definitions.**

2 **2.1 Confidential Information.** “Confidential Information” shall mean and include,
3 without limitation, any non-public information that concerns or relates to the following areas:
4 confidential proprietary information, trade secrets, security and surveillance policies, practices and
5 procedures, commercial, financial, pricing, budgeting, and/or accounting information, information
6 about existing and potential customers, marketing studies, performance projections, business
7 strategies, decisions and/or negotiations, personnel compensation, evaluations and other employment
8 information, and confidential proprietary information about affiliates, parents, subsidiaries and third-
9 parties with whom the parties to this action have or have had business relationships. “Confidential
10 information” may be contained in the following documents: manuals, contracts, correspondence
11 (electronic or otherwise), blueprints, specifications, drawings, security records, security reports,
12 security shift information and staffing levels, security patrols, security policies and procedures,
13 locations of surveillance and security cameras, documents regarding surveillance and security
14 camera capabilities, production documents, analytical reports, certification-related documents, and
15 other documents relating to Defendants.

16 **2.2 Attorney’s Eyes Only Information.** “Attorney’s Eyes Only Information” is a subset
17 of Confidential Information that includes any document or testimony that contains highly sensitive
18 proprietary, security, surveillance, private, financial or trade secret information where the Disclosing
19 Party reasonably believes that disclosure of such information to other parties in the litigation would
20 cause severe competitive damage.

21 **2.3 Documents.** As used herein, the term “documents” includes all writings, records,
22 files, drawings, graphs, charts, photographs, e-mails, video tapes, audio tapes, compact discs,
23 electronic messages, other data compilations from which information can be obtained and other
24 tangible things subject to production under the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

25 **3. Initial Designation.**

26 **3.1 Good Faith Claims.** Claims of confidentiality will be made only with respect to
27 documents, other tangible things and information that the asserting party has a good faith belief are
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within the definition set forth in subparagraph 2.1 of this Confidentiality Agreement. Objections to such claims made pursuant to paragraph 5, below, shall also be made only in good faith.

3.2 Produced Documents. A party producing documents that it believes constitute or contain Confidential Information shall produce copies bearing a label that contains or includes language substantially identical to the following:

CONFIDENTIAL

This label shall be affixed in a manner that does not obliterate or obscure the contents of the copies. If any person or party makes copies of documents designated as containing Confidential Information, the copying person or party shall mark each such copy as containing Confidential Information in the same form as the Confidentiality notice on the original document.

A party producing documents that are stored on electronic, magnetic, optical or other non-paper media, such as compact discs, DVD's, video tapes and audio tapes (collectively, "data storage devices") shall designate the data storage device as containing Confidential Information, by affixing a label or stamp to the data storage device in the manner described above at the time copies of such data storage devices are produced. If the Receiving Party or other persons or entities to whom disclosure is authorized pursuant to subparagraph 7.1 make a copy of any data storage device designated by the producing party as containing Confidential Information, the Receiving Party or other authorized person shall mark each such copy as containing Confidential Information in the same form as the confidentiality notice on the original data storage device produced. If the Receiving Party or other authorized person prints out or otherwise makes copies of the documents or information stored on such data storage device, the Receiving Party or other authorized person shall mark each page so copied with the label or stamp specified in subparagraph 3.2.

A party producing documents that it believes constitute or contain Attorney's Eyes Only Information shall follow the procedures set forth above with respect to Confidential Information, except that the copies shall be produced bearing a label that contains or includes language substantially identical to the following:

ATTORNEY'S EYES ONLY

3.3 Interrogatory Answers. If a party answering an interrogatory or other discovery demand believes that its answer contains Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information, it shall set forth that answer in a separate document that is produced and designated in the same manner as a produced document under subparagraph 3.2. Such answers should make reference to the separately-produced document containing the answer, but such document should not be attached to the response.

3.4 Inspection of Documents. In the event a party elects to produce files and records for inspection and the Requesting Party elects to inspect them, no designation of Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information needs to be made in advance of the inspection. For purposes of such inspection, all material produced shall be considered as Confidential Information. If the inspecting party selects specified documents to be copied, the producing party shall designate Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information in accordance with subparagraph 3.2 at the time the copies are produced.

3.5 Deposition Transcripts. Within twenty-one (21) days after the receipt of a deposition transcript, a party may inform the other parties to the action of the portions of the transcript that it wishes to designate as Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information. Until such time has elapsed, deposition transcripts in their entirety are to be considered as Confidential Information. All parties in possession of a copy of a designated deposition transcript shall mark it appropriately.

3.6 Multipage Documents. A party may designate all pages of an integrated, multipage document, including a deposition transcript and interrogatory answers, as Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information by placing the label specified in subparagraph 3.2 on the first page of the document or on *each* page of the document. If a party wishes to designate only certain portions of an integrated, multipage document as Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information, it should designate such portions immediately below the label on the first page of the

1 document and place the label specified in subparagraph 3.2 on each page of the document containing
2 Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information.

3 **4. Designations by Another Party.**

4 **4.1 Notification of Designation.** If a party other than the producing party believes that a
5 producing party has produced a document that contains or constitutes Confidential Information or
6 Attorney's Eyes Only Information of the non-producing party, the non-producing party may
7 designate the document as Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information by so
8 notifying all parties in writing within one hundred twenty (120) days of service of the document.

9 **4.2 Return of Documents; Nondisclosure.** Whenever a party other than the producing
10 party designates a document produced by a producing party as Confidential Information or
11 Attorney's Eyes Only Information in accordance with subparagraph 4.1, each party receiving the
12 document shall either add the Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information
13 designation in accordance with subparagraph 3.2 or substitute a copy of the document bearing such
14 designation for each copy of the document produced by the producing party. Each party shall destroy
15 all undesignated copies of the document or return those copies to the producing party, at the
16 direction of the producing party. No party shall disclose a produced document to any person, other
17 than the persons authorized to receive Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information
18 under subparagraph 7.1, until after the expiration of the one hundred twenty (120) day designation
19 period specified in subparagraph 4.1. If during the one hundred twenty (120) day designation period
20 a party discloses a produced document to a person authorized to receive Confidential Information or
21 Attorney's Eyes Only Information under subparagraph 7.1, and that document is subsequently
22 designated as Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information in accordance with
23 subparagraph 4.1, the Disclosing Party shall cause all copies of the document to be destroyed or
24 returned to the producing party, at the direction of the producing party. The party may thereafter
25 disclose a copy of the document that has been marked as Confidential Information or Attorney's
26 Eyes Only Information by the designating party (i.e. Producing Party), in accordance with
27 subparagraphs 3.2 and 7.1.

1 5. **Objections to Designations.** Any party objecting to a designation of Confidential
2 Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information, including objections to portions of designations of
3 multipage documents, shall notify the designating party and all other parties of the objection in
4 writing within thirty (30) days of such designation. If a document is first produced less than sixty
5 (60) days before the then-pending trial date, such notification shall occur within half of the time
6 remaining before trial. This notice must specifically identify each document that the objecting party
7 in good faith believes should not be designated as Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only
8 Information and provide a brief statement of the grounds for such belief. In accordance with the
9 Federal Rules of Civil Procedure governing discovery disputes, the objecting and the designating
10 parties thereafter shall confer within ten (10) days after the date of such objection in an attempt to
11 resolve their differences. If the parties are unable to resolve their differences, the objecting party
12 shall have twenty-one (21) days after the conference concludes to file with the Court a motion to
13 remove the Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information designation. If an
14 objection is served within forty-two (42) days of trial, the objecting party must file its motion to
15 remove the Confidential Information designation within half of the remaining time before trial, and
16 the meet-and-confer period shall be shortened accordingly. Where a party authored, created, owns,
17 or controls a document, information or other material that another party designates as Confidential
18 Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information, the party that authored, created, owns, or controls
19 the Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information may so inform the objecting party
20 and thereafter shall also be considered a designating party for purposes of this paragraph.

21 All documents, information and other materials initially designated as Confidential
22 Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information shall be treated as such in accordance with this
23 Confidentiality Agreement unless and until the Court rules otherwise, except for deposition
24 transcripts and exhibits initially considered as containing Confidential Information under
25 subparagraph 3.5, which will lose their confidential status after twenty-one (21) days unless so
26 designated as Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information. If the Court rules that
27 a designation should not be maintained as to a particular document, the producing party shall, upon
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1 written request by a party, provide that party a copy of that document without the designation
2 described in subparagraph 3.2.

3 If an objecting party elects not to make such a motion with respect to documents, information
4 or other materials to which an objection has been made, the objection shall be deemed withdrawn. If
5 such a motion is made, the moving party shall bear the burden of proving that the document,
6 information, or other material is not entitled to protection under the applicable law.

7 **6. Custody.** All Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information and any and all
8 copies, extracts and summaries thereof, including memoranda relating thereto, shall be retained by
9 the Receiving Party in the custody of counsel of record, or by persons to whom disclosure is
10 authorized under subparagraph 7.1.

11 **7. Handling Prior to Trial.**

12 **7.1 Authorized Disclosures.** Confidential Information shall be disclosed by the
13 Receiving Party only to the following persons:

14 a. Counsel for the parties in this litigation, including their associates, clerks, paralegals,
15 and secretarial personnel;

16 b. Qualified persons taking testimony in this litigation involving such Confidential
17 Information, and necessary stenographic, videotape and clerical personnel;

18 c. Experts and their staff who are consulted by counsel for a party in this litigation;

19 d. Parties to this litigation, limited to the named party and, if that party is a corporate
20 entity, a limited number of employees of the corporate entity and its insurers;

21 e. Designated in-house counsel and a limited number of assistants, administrative or
22 otherwise;

23 f. Outside vendors employed by counsel for copying, scanning and general handling of
24 documents;

25 g. Any person of whom testimony is taken regarding the Confidential Information,
26 except that such person may only be shown Confidential Information during his/her testimony, and
27 may not retain a copy of such Confidential Information; and

h. The Court hearing this litigation and the Court's staff, subject to the Court's processes for filing materials under seal.

Such disclosures are authorized only to the extent necessary to investigate, prosecute, or defend the litigation.

Confidential Information may not be disclosed to persons under subparagraph (c) until the Receiving Party has obtained a written acknowledgment from the person receiving Confidential Information, in the form of the Declaration attached hereto, that he or she has received a copy of this Confidentiality Agreement and has agreed to be bound by it. A party who discloses Confidential Information in accordance with subparagraph 7.1 shall retain the written acknowledgment from each person receiving Confidential Information, shall maintain a list of all persons to whom a Receiving Party has disclosed Confidential Information and identify what documents have been disclosed, and shall furnish the written acknowledgements and disclosure list to the Court for in camera review upon its request or order. Furnishing the written acknowledgements and disclosure list to the Court shall not constitute a waiver of the attorney work product or attorney-client privilege. Disclosure of Confidential Information to the Court supervising this litigation, including judicial staff, shall be made in accordance with subparagraph 7.4 of this Confidentiality Agreement.

The disclosure of Attorney's Eyes Only Information is limited in the same ways as set forth above for Confidential Information except that, in addition, Attorney's Eyes Only Information may not be disclosed to persons described above in subparagraphs (d) and (e) without prior written consent by the designating party nor to persons within the categories described above in subparagraphs (c) and (g) without prior notice to the designating party under circumstances allowing the designating party to obtain adequate protection with respect to the Attorney's Eyes Only Information either by agreement or by application to the Court.

7.2 Disclosure to Competitors. Confidential Information and Attorney Eyes Only Information may not be disclosed to competitors of a designating party. However, if at any time such disclosure is necessary to advance the interest of a party, then before disclosing Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information to any authorized person who is a competitor (or

an employee of a competitor) of the designating party, the party wishing to make such disclosure shall give at least fourteen (14) days notice in writing to the designating party, stating the names and addresses of the person(s) to whom the disclosure will be made, and identifying with particularity the documents to be disclosed. If, within the fourteen (14) day period, a motion is filed objecting to the proposed disclosure, disclosure is not authorized unless and until the Court orders otherwise. For purposes of this Confidentiality Agreement, “competitor” is defined as any person or entity that designs, manufactures, assembles or supplies products to or for the market(s) served by the designating party (“competitive products”) or components of competitive products.

7.3 Unauthorized Disclosures. All persons receiving Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information under the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement agree to the jurisdiction of the state and federal courts located in Nevada for all matters arising from the improper disclosure or use of such information. If Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information is disclosed to any person other than in the manner authorized by this Confidentiality Agreement, the party or person responsible for the disclosure, and any other party or person who is subject to this Confidentiality Agreement and learns of such disclosure, shall immediately bring such disclosure to the attention of the designating party. Without prejudice to other rights and remedies of the designating party, the responsible party or person shall make every effort to obtain and return the Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information and to prevent further disclosure on its own part or on the part of the person who was the unauthorized recipient of such information.

7.4 Court Filings. In the event any Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information must be filed with the Court prior to trial, the proposed filing shall comply with the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. In accordance with these rules, the proposed filing shall be accompanied by a motion to file the Confidential Information under seal and a proposed order, and the application and proposed order shall be directed to the judge to whom the Confidential Information is directed. This provision is applicable to briefs, memoranda, and other filings which quote, summarize, or describe Confidential Information. See order issued concurrently herewith.

1 8. **Care in Storage.** Any person in possession of Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes
2 Only Information produced by another party shall exercise reasonable and appropriate care with
3 regard to the storage, custody, copying, and use of such information to ensure that the confidential
4 and sensitive nature of same is maintained.

5 9. **Handling During Trial.** Confidential Information and Attorney's Eyes Only Information
6 that is subject to this Order may be marked and used as trial exhibits by either party, subject to terms
7 and conditions as imposed by the Court upon application by any party.

8 10. **No Implied Waivers.** Execution of this Confidentiality Agreement shall not be interpreted
9 as a waiver of the right to object, under applicable law, to the furnishing of information in response
10 to discovery requests or to object to a requested inspection of documents or facilities. Parties
11 producing Confidential Information and Attorney's Eyes Only Information in this litigation are
12 doing so only pursuant to the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement. Neither the agreement to, or
13 the taking of any action in accordance with the provisions of this Confidentiality Agreement, nor the
14 failure to object thereto, shall be interpreted as a waiver of any claim or position or defense in this
15 action, or any other actions.

16 11. **No Admission.** Neither this Confidentiality Agreement nor the designation of any item as
17 Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information shall be construed as an admission
18 that such material, or any testimony concerning such material, would be admissible in evidence in
19 this litigation or in any other proceeding.

20 12. **Inadvertent Disclosure.** Nothing in this Confidentiality Agreement abridges applicable law
21 concerning inadvertent disclosure of a document that the Disclosing Party believes contains
22 attorney-client communications, attorney work product, or otherwise privileged information. If a
23 party inadvertently discloses documents or information subject to a claim of privilege or work
24 product protection, such disclosure will not waive otherwise applicable claims of privilege or work
25 product protection under applicable law. Upon discovery by the Receiving Party, or receipt of
26 written notice from the Disclosing Party identifying privileged or Protected Documents that were
27 inadvertently produced, the Receiving Party shall within seven (7) business days either: (a) return or
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1 certify the destruction of all such documents, all copies, and any work product or portions of any
2 work product containing or reflecting the contents of the subject materials; or (b) after attempting to
3 resolve any dispute with opposing counsel informally, file a motion to challenge the assertion of
4 privilege and tender the subject documents for *in camera* review with the motion. The moving party
5 shall do nothing to compromise the privilege claim until the Court rules on said motion and the
6 opportunity for appellate review is exhausted or the issue is otherwise resolved.

7 **13. Parties' Own Documents.** This Confidentiality Agreement shall in no way restrict the
8 parties in their use of their own documents and information, and nothing in this Confidentiality
9 Agreement shall preclude any party from voluntarily disclosing its own documents or information to
10 any party or nonparty.

11 **14. Motion to Compel Production of Confidential Information.** If any third party subpoenas
12 Confidential Information and/or Attorney's Eyes Only Information from a party to this action or
13 moves to compel a party to this action to produce any such information, such party shall
14 immediately notify the parties who originally produced and/or designated such information that a
15 subpoena has been served or a motion has been made in order to allow the parties who originally
16 produced and/or designated such information the opportunity to seek a protective order or oppose the
17 motion or application. If, within thirty (30) days after receiving notice of a subpoena seeking
18 Confidential Information and/or Attorney's Eyes Only Information from a Receiving Party, the party
19 who originally produced and/or designated such information fails to move for a protective order, the
20 party subject to the subpoena may produce said information. In addition, if a party is ordered to
21 produce Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information covered by this
22 Confidentiality Agreement, then notice and, if available, a copy of the order compelling disclosure
23 shall immediately be given the parties who originally produced and/or designated such information.
24 Nothing in this Confidentiality Agreement shall be construed as requiring the party who is ordered to
25 produce such Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information to challenge or appeal
26 any order requiring the production of such information or to subject himself/herself to any penalty
27 for non-compliance with any legal process or seek any relief from the Court.

15. No Effect on Other Rights. This Confidentiality Agreement shall in no way abrogate or diminish any pre-existing contractual, statutory, or other legal obligations or rights of any party with respect to Confidential Information.

16. Modification. In the event any party hereto seeks a Court order to modify the terms of this Confidentiality Agreement, or seeks a protective order that incorporates the terms and conditions of this Confidentiality Agreement said party shall make such request by written stipulation or noticed motion to all parties that must be served and filed in accordance with local court rules.

17. **Handling upon Conclusion of Litigation.** All parties, counsel, and persons to whom disclosure was made agree to return all Confidential Information and Attorney's Eyes Only Information to the Producing Party within ninety (90) days of the conclusion of litigation between the parties, including final appellate action or the expiration of time to appeal or seek further review. In addition, counsel shall certify in writing that all such Confidential Information and Attorney's Eyes Only Information have been returned. Counsel for each party also shall contact each person to whom that party has provided a copy of any Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information and request the documents be returned. In lieu of returning Confidential Information and Attorney's Eyes Only Information, the person or party in possession of such information may elect to destroy it. If the person or party in possession of Confidential Information or Attorney's Eyes Only Information elects to destroy it rather than return it, that person or party must notify the Producing Party in writing of the destruction of the information within ninety (90) days of the conclusion of litigation between the parties, including final appellate action or the expiration of time to appeal or seek further review.

18. Motion for Protective Order. Nothing in this Confidentiality Agreement shall preclude any party to this Agreement from filing a Motion for Protective Order as deemed necessary to protect Confidential Information.

19. Effect of Breach. The parties to this Confidentiality Agreement recognize that a breach of this Agreement would cause substantial harm to the operations, business and goodwill of the Producing Party.

1 **20. Remedies.** The parties acknowledge that they have been informed that if they breach this
2 Agreement, the Producing Party(ies) may obtain preliminary and permanent court injunctions to stop
3 the breach, and may also initiate an action to recover from the breaching party an amount equal to
4 the damages caused by the breach and the loss of revenues derived from the breach, together with all
5 costs and expenses, including the attorney's fees, incurred by Producing Party(ies) in taking such
6 actions.

7 **21. Governing Law.** This Agreement shall be governed and construed in accordance with the
8 laws of the United States and the State of Nevada and all parties consent to the non-exclusive
9 jurisdiction of the state courts and U.S. federal courts located in Nevada for any dispute concerning
10 the breach of this Confidentiality Agreement.

11 **22. Survival of the Terms of this Confidentiality Agreement.** Even after the termination of
12 this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this Confidentiality Agreement shall
13 remain in effect until a Producing Party otherwise in writing or a court order otherwise directs.

14 **23. Final Agreement.** This Agreement terminates and supersedes all prior understandings or
15 agreements on the subject matter hereof. This Agreement may be modified only by a further writing
16 that is duly executed by all parties.

17 **AGREED TO:**

18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25	WILSON, ELSER, MOSKOWITZ, EDELMAN & DICKER LLP <u>/s/ Kym Samuel Cushing</u> Kym Samuel Cushing Joseph C. Chu 300 South Fourth Street, 11th Floor Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 727-1400; FAX (702) 727-1401 Attorneys for Defendants ROBERT JAMES OLAVESON and ANDRUS TRANSPORTATION SERVICES INCORPORATED	26 27 28 LADAH LAW FIRM <u>/s/ Ramzy Paul Lada</u> Ramzy Paul Lada Anthony L. Ashby 517 South Third Street Las Vegas, NV 89101 (702) 252-0055; FAX (702) 248-0055 Attorneys for Plaintiff JHONNY DARIO LEMUS
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ORDER

UPON STIPULATION OF THE PARTIES and for good cause shown, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the parties shall comply with the terms of the Joint Confidentiality Agreement and Stipulated Protective Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: January 30, 2015.

U.S. MAGISTRATE JUDGE