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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

ROSALIND SEARCY, )  
Plaintiff(s), )  
vs. )  
ESURANCE INSURANCE COMPANY, )  
Defendant(s). )

Case No. 2:15-cv-00047-APG-NJK  
ORDER  
(Docket Nos. 66, 78)

Pending before the Court is Plaintiff’s motion for discovery sanctions, including case dispositive sanctions. Docket No. 66.<sup>1</sup> Defendant filed a response, and Plaintiff filed a reply. Docket Nos. 68, 77. Also pending before the Court is Defendant’s motion to exclude expert testimony of Gary Fye. Docket No. 78. Plaintiff filed a response, and Defendant filed a reply. Docket Nos. 82, 84. The motions are properly decided without a hearing. See Local Rule 78-1. For the reasons discussed below, the pending motions are both **DENIED**.

**I. BACKGROUND**

Defendant has represented that its relationship to Allstate is irrelevant to this matter and that the underlying claims dispute was handled pursuant to Defendant’s policies, rather than Allstate’s policies. See Docket No. 66 at 5-8. Plaintiff contends that her counsel received a “smoking gun” that contradicts

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<sup>1</sup> The motion was filed as an “emergency.” See Docket No. 66. The Court previously denied the request that the motion be briefed and decided on an expedited basis. See Docket No. 67.

1 these positions. Plaintiff identifies that document as a Suit Assignment of Counsel that was produced  
2 on February 11, 2016. *See, e.g., id.* at 8. Plaintiff asserts that Defendant’s positions are undermined by  
3 the inclusion on that document of the code “SX” and reference in boilerplate to an “Allstate Claim  
4 Policy.” *See id.*

5 Discovery in this case closed on April 4, 2016. *See* Docket No. 57 at 6. Subsequent to Plaintiff’s  
6 counsel’s receipt of the suit assignment document, he conducted numerous depositions of Defendant’s  
7 employees and Rule 30(b)(6) witnesses, as well as of the attorney from whose file the suit assignment  
8 document was obtained. *See, e.g.,* Docket No. 68 at 5-6. Plaintiff’s counsel failed to question any of  
9 these deponents regarding that document or his interpretation thereof. *See id.* It appears that  
10 shortcoming stems from Plaintiff’s counsel’s lack of understanding of the significance of the suit  
11 assignment document and the coding on it. Docket No. 82 at 8. Instead, it appears Plaintiff’s counsel  
12 disclosed the suit assignment document to Plaintiff’s expert (Gary Fye) on the eve of the close of  
13 discovery in preparation for his deposition, and that Mr. Fye interprets that document as contradicting  
14 Defendant’s positions asserted in this litigation. *See, e.g.,* Docket Nos. 66-4, 68-8.

15 Mr. Fye served an expert report in this case on June 5, 2015. *See* Docket No. 57 at 3. Mr. Fye’s  
16 opinions with respect to the suit assignment document were not reduced to writing by the expert  
17 disclosure deadline or discovery cutoff. Instead, at his deposition on the last day of discovery, Mr. Fye  
18 testified as to those opinions, among others. *See, e.g.,* Docket No. 78 at 9. Mr. Fye subsequently filed  
19 a declaration with related opinions that he submitted in support of Plaintiff’s motion for sanctions, less  
20 than a month after the discovery cutoff. *See* Docket No. 66-4 (filed April 29, 2016).

## 21 **II. PLAINTIFF’S MOTION**

22 Plaintiff’s motion seeks case-dispositive sanctions premised on numerous legal bases, including  
23 Rules 11 and 37 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, the Court’s inherent authority, and the federal  
24 criminal perjury statute. *See, e.g.,* Docket No. 66 at 14, 18. Plaintiff fails to clearly articulate the  
25 standards applicable to the imposition of sanctions under each provision. Nonetheless, it is clear that  
26 the imposition of case-dispositive sanctions requires a finding of misconduct and some level of bad faith,  
27 willfulness, or fault. *See, e.g., Fjelstad v. Am. Honda Motor Co.,* 762 F.2d 1334, 1337 (9th Cir. 1985).  
28 Such showings were not made. Defendant produced the suit assignment document following the filing

1 of the amended complaint and Defendant’s decision to invoke an advice of counsel defense. *See, e.g.,*  
2 Docket No. 68 at 4-5. Moreover, the positions taken by Defendant in briefing and in discovery are its  
3 good faith interpretation of the facts. *See, e.g., id.* at 7-9, 13-19. Plaintiff’s motion fails to demonstrate  
4 improper conduct by Defendant, let alone any bad faith or willful misconduct.<sup>2</sup>

5 **III. DEFENDANT’S MOTION**

6 Defendant’s motion seeks to exclude the opinions of Mr. Fye that were not disclosed through  
7 a written opinion prior to the close of discovery. *See* Docket No. 78. Plaintiff argues that, *inter alia,*  
8 the declaration filed by Mr. Fye on April 29, 2016, served as a timely supplemental expert report based  
9 on the suit assignment document that was disclosed on February 11, 2016. *See, e.g.,* Docket No. 82 at  
10 9. Generally speaking, supplementation of an expert report is proper when it is based on new information  
11 obtained after the expert deadline and the supplemental report was served before the time for pretrial  
12 disclosures. *Colony Ins. Co. v. Colo. Cas. Ins.*, 2014 U.S. Dist. Lexis 72616, \*4 (D. Nev. May 28, 2014)  
13 (collecting cases). At the same, courts require the supplementation to be made “at appropriate intervals”  
14 to ensure parties do not abuse the liberal timing policies to sandbag their opponents. *Id.* at \*4 n.4.

15 While the Court agrees with Defendant that it would have been preferable for Plaintiff to provide  
16 Dr. Fye’s written supplement sooner, the fact remains that the supplement is based on documentation  
17 that was not provided to Plaintiff until February 2016 and that the supplement was served before the  
18 outer limit of the pretrial disclosure deadline. Moreover, the Court does not find that the timing of the  
19 supplement was in bad faith or an attempt to “sandbag” Defendant. In the interest of fairness, however,  
20 the Court finds that Defendant may respond to the declaration at Docket No. 66-4 with a rebuttal report  
21 within 30 days of this order.

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23 <sup>2</sup> Plaintiff alternatively asks the Court to reopen discovery. Docket No. 66 at 15, 21. The motion  
24 was filed nearly a month after the discovery cutoff, so it must be supported by a showing of both good cause  
25 and excusable neglect. *See, e.g.,* Local Rule 26-4. The showing of good cause focuses on the movant’s  
26 diligence, *see, e.g., Johnson v. Mammoth Recreations, Inc.*, 975 F.2d 604, 609 (9th Cir. 1992), which is  
27 lacking in this case. The lack of diligence is dispositive of the request to reopen discovery. *See id.* (“If that  
party was not diligent, the inquiry should end”). The alternative request to reopen discovery is therefore  
denied, and the Court need not address excusable neglect.

28 The Court also denies the requests for alternative sanctions. *See* Docket No. 66 at 19-20.

1 **IV. NOTICE TO COUNSEL**

2 The Court feels compelled to express its great displeasure with the tenor of the parties' briefing.  
3 The Court is especially concerned with the startling ease with which Plaintiff's counsel accuses opposing  
4 counsel and deponents of unethical and even felonious misconduct. *See, e.g.*, Docket No. 66 at 19  
5 (arguing that the opposing party's conduct constitutes perjury punishable by up to five years'  
6 imprisonment). The Court takes allegations of misconduct very seriously, but it also expects the attorney  
7 lobbing those allegations—an officer of the Court—to support them with a significant evidentiary showing.  
8 *See, e.g., Taddeo v. American Invsco Corp.*, 2015 WL 751072, \*1 (D. Nev. Feb. 20, 2015). Plaintiff's  
9 motion for sanctions is heavy on bombast and vitriol, and very light on even tangential evidentiary  
10 support. Although less extreme, Defendant's counsel hurl their own insults, engaging in *ad hominem*  
11 attacks that Plaintiff's counsel is dishonest, incompetent, and unethical. *See, e.g.*, Docket No. 68 at 11  
12 (quipping that “such disorganization and lack of diligence may be familiar to Plaintiff's counsel” and  
13 charging him with intentional deceit of the Court).

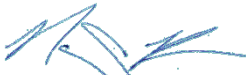
14 The Court is not impressed by briefing filled with personal attacks. The Federal Rules of Civil  
15 Procedure were amended to highlight the need for attorneys to work cooperatively and to employ  
16 common sense practicality so that cases can be resolved fairly and expeditiously. *See, e.g.*, Fed. R. Civ.  
17 P. 1, 26(b). These amendments are an attempt to lessen the scorched earth tactics that plague modern  
18 civil litigation. *Roberts v. Clark County School Dist.*, 312 F.R.D. 594, 603-04 (D. Nev. 2016).  
19 Counsel's behavior is emblematic of the very legal culture that the federal courts are striving to change.  
20 The Court expects better from counsel moving forward.

21 **V. CONCLUSION**

22 For the reasons discussed above, the pending motions are both hereby **DENIED**.

23 IT IS SO ORDERED.

24 DATED: August 1, 2016

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NANCY J. KOPPE  
United States Magistrate Judge