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6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
7	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
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9	STEVEN WILSON,	Case No. 2:15-cv-00625-JCM-CWH
10	Plaintiff,	ORDER
11	V.	
12	JAMES G. COX et al.,	
13	Defendants.	
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16	This action is a pro se civil rights first amended complaint filed pursuant to 42	
17	U.S.C. § 1983 by a former state prisoner. On September 1, 2016, this court issued an	
18	order denying the application to proceed in forma pauperis for prisoners as moot because	
19	plaintiff was no longer incarcerated. (ECF No. 22 at 2). The court ordered plaintiff to file	
20	a fully complete application to proceed in forma pauperis for non-prisoners or pay the full	
21	filing fee of \$400.00 within thirty (30) days from the date of that order. (Id.) The thirty-	
22	day period has now expired, and plaintiff has not filed an application to proceed in forma	
23	pauperis for non-prisoners, paid the full filing fee, or otherwise responded to the court's	
24	order.	
25	District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and "[i]n the	
26	exercise of that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate	
27	dismissal" of a case. Thompson v. Hous. Auth. of City of Los Angeles, 782 F.2d 829, 831	
28	(9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party's failure	

1 to prosecute an action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. 2 See Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (dismissal for noncompliance 3 with local rule); Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal 4 for failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of complaint); Carey v. King, 856 5 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (dismissal for failure to comply with local rule requiring 6 pro se plaintiffs to keep court apprised of address); Malone v. U.S. Postal Service, 833 7 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to comply with court order); Henderson 8 v. Duncan, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal for lack of prosecution and 9 failure to comply with local rules).

In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey
a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the court must consider several factors:
(1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to
manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring
disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives. *Thompson*, 782 F.2d at 831; *Henderson*, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; *Malone*, 833 F.2d at 130; *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; *Ghazali*, 46 F.3d at 53.

17 In the instant case, the court finds that the first two factors, the public's interest in 18 expeditiously resolving this litigation and the court's interest in managing the docket, 19 weigh in favor of dismissal. The third factor, risk of prejudice to defendants, also weighs 20 in favor of dismissal, since a presumption of injury arises from the occurrence of 21 unreasonable delay in filing a pleading ordered by the court or prosecuting an action. See 22 Anderson v. Air West, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor – public policy 23 favoring disposition of cases on their merits – is greatly outweighed by the factors in favor 24 of dismissal discussed herein. Finally, a court's warning to a party that his failure to obey 25 the court's order will result in dismissal satisfies the "consideration of alternatives" requirement. Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1262; Malone, 833 F.2d at 132-33; Henderson, 779 26 27 F.2d at 1424. The court's order requiring plaintiff to file an application to proceed in forma 28 *pauperis* for non-prisoners or pay the full filing fee within thirty (30) days expressly stated:

- 2 -

1	"IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if [p]laintiff does not timely comply with this order,	
2	dismissal of this action may result." (ECF No. 22 at 2). Thus, plaintiff had adequate	
3	warning that dismissal would result from his noncompliance with the court's order to file	
4	an application to proceed in forma pauperis for non-prisoners or pay the full filing fee	
5	within thirty (30) days.	
6	It is therefore ordered that this action is dismissed without prejudice based on	
7	plaintiff's failure to file an application to proceed in forma pauperis for non-prisoners or	
8	pay the full filing fee in compliance with this court's September 1, 2016, order.	
9	It is further ordered that the clerk of court shall enter judgment accordingly.	
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11	DATED THIS <u>26th</u> day of April 2018.	
12	Xerres C. Mahan	
13	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
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