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appropriate period.

Fed. R. Civ. P. 4(m). (Emphasis added.)

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Rule 4(m) requires a two-step analysis in deciding whether to extend the time for service of the summons and complaint. In re Sheehan, 235 F.3d 507, 512 (9th Cir. 2001). First, upon a showing of good cause, the court must extend the time period. *Id.* Second, if there is no good cause, the court has the discretion to dismiss without prejudice or to extend the time period. *Id*. "[A]t a minimum, 'good cause' means excusable neglect." Boudette v. Barnette, 923 F.2d 754, 756 (9th Cir. 1991). In *Boudette*, the Ninth Circuit stated that a plaintiff may be required to show the following factors in order to bring the excuse to the level of good cause: "(a) the party to be served received actual notice of the lawsuit; (b) the defendant would suffer no prejudice; and (c) plaintiff would be severely prejudiced if his complaint were dismissed." *Id.* (citing *Hart v. United* States, 817 F.2d 78, 80–81 (9th Cir. 1987)). The Ninth Circuit has not articulated specific factors for a district court to apply when exercising its discretion in the absence of a showing of good cause. In re Sheehan, 253 F. 3d at 512. However, the court's discretion is broad. Id.

ARGUMENT

Good cause exists for Plaintiffs' failure to serve the Summons and Complaint within the time provided by Rule 4(m), and the Court should grant Plaintiffs a modest 30-day extension of time (i.e., until September 10, 2015) to serve the Summons and Complaint, for the following reasons.

On July 14, 2014, Plaintiffs' counsel sent a courtesy copy of the Complaint to Defendant along with a letter, giving Defendant actual notice of the pendency of this action. The parties attempted to contact Defendant after filing suit to try to settle the case. The Defendant did not respond to multiple inquiries. Plaintiffs' counsel sought in good faith to extend the time for service of process prior to the expiration of the 120 day period for service. Plaintiffs did so on an ex parte basis, because the Defendant had not entered an appearance. However, the Court denied the motion. Accordingly, Plaintiffs are now seeking a 30-day extension with notice to the Defendant.

Upon receiving the Court's notice of intent to dismiss, Plaintiffs promptly served the Summons and Complaint upon Defendant. The Summons and Complaint were served upon Defendant's Chief Executive Officer, Mr. Aharon Nathnov, on August 27, 2015, just 16 days after

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1	the original August 11, 2015 deadline for serving the Summons and Complaint. Defendant
2	unquestionably has actual notice of this action and the additional 16 days would not cause any
3	prejudice to the Defendant.
4	In contrast, if the Complaint is dismissed at this time, Plaintiffs will be prejudiced to the
5	extent they will have to expend additional time on this matter and incur additional costs in the
6	form of filing fees and attorneys' fees necessary to re-file this action and re-serve the Summons
7	and Complaint.
8	CONCLUSION
9	For the foregoing reasons, Plaintiffs respectfully request that the Court grant Plaintiffs a
10	30-day extension of time to serve the Summons and Complaint up to and including September 10,
11	2015.
12	DATED: this 28th day of August, 2015.
13	LEWIS ROCA ROTHGERBER LLP
14	By: s/ Jonathan W. Fountain
15	Michael J. McCue State Bar No. 6055
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20	Las Vegas, NV 89169-5996 Tel: 702.949.8200
21	Fax: 702.949.8398
22	Attorneys for Plaintiffs
23	IT IS SO ORDERED.
24	Dated: August 31, 2015
25	United States Magistrate Judge
26	Samuel States and States
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