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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

* * *

MARK PICOZZI,

Plaintiff,

v.

CLARK COUNTY DETENTION CENTER,
et al.,

Defendants.

Case No. 2:15-cv-00816-JCM-PAL

ORDER

(Mots. to Compel – ECF Nos. 99, 107)

This matter is before the court on Defendant Amanda Vertner’s Motion to Compel Plaintiff’s Responses to Interrogatories and Request for Production of Documents (ECF No. 99) and Plaintiff Mark Picozzi’s Motion to Compel High Desert Medical to Release Medical Records (ECF No. 107). These Motions are referred to the undersigned pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(A) and LR IB 1-3 of the Local Rules of Practice.

BACKGROUND

Mr. Picozzi is a pro se prisoner currently in the custody of the Nevada Department of Corrections at the High Desert State Prison (“HDSP”). He has received permission to proceed in this case *in forma pauperis*. This case arises from Picozzi’s allegations, pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 1983, regarding his treatment while he was incarcerated at the Clark County Detention Center. The court screened the Amended Complaint (ECF No. 14), found that Picozzi stated plausible claims against 13 defendants: Sergeant Judd, Officers Hightower, Daos, Goins, Hans, Brooks, Phillips, Carr, Razzo, Jolley, Coker, Garcia, and Nurse Amanda Vertner.¹ See Screening Order

¹ The court gave Picozzi an opportunity to identify the unknown doe defendants through discovery. Screening Order (ECF No. 15) at 14 n.6–9. Picozzi substituted Nurse Amanda Vertner in place of Jane Doe #1. See Order (ECF No. 66). To date, Vertner is the only defendant Picozzi has substituted in place of a doe defendant. In a Report of Findings and Recommendation (ECF No. 95) entered October 16, 2017, the undersigned recommended that defendant Carr be dismissed from this action based on Picozzi’s failure

1 (ECF No. 15).

2 On June 1, 2016, the court entered a Scheduling Order (ECF No. 28) for discovery to
3 proceed as to defendants Coker, Daos, Goins, Hightower, Judd, and Phillips setting various
4 discovery and motion deadlines. The parties later requested an extension of the discovery
5 deadlines, and the court found good cause to extend the deadlines by 90 days. Oct. 31, 2016 Order
6 (ECF No. 52) (setting deadlines of January 30, 2017, for discovery and February 13, 2017, for
7 discovery motions). In a separate scheduling order entered October 16, 2017, the court set an
8 additional 90 days of discovery for the recently-served defendants Brooks, Hans, Garcia, Razo,
9 Jolly, and Vertner. Scheduling Order (ECF No. 97). Discovery was not re-opened for defendants
10 Coker, Daos, Goins, Hightower, Judd, and Phillips. *Id.*

11 DISCUSSION

12 **I. LEGAL STANDARD**

13 “Discovery is supposed to proceed with minimal involvement of the Court.” *Cardoza v.*
14 *Bloomin’ Brands, Inc.*, 141 F. Supp. 3d. 1137, 1145 (D. Nev. 2015). Litigants and their counsel
15 should strive to be cooperative, practical, and sensible, and should seek judicial intervention “only
16 in extraordinary situations that implicate truly significant interests.” *Id.* (citing *In re Convergent*
17 *Techs. Securities Litig.*, 108 F.R.D. 328, 331 (N.D. Cal. 1985)).

18 As explained in a prior order, the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure² allow for discovery
19 requests from one party to another in the case. *See* Order (ECF No. 96) at 4 n.4 (noting that Rule 34
20 requires requests for production to be addressed to a party, and the Las Vegas Metropolitan Police
21 Department is not a party to this case). In addition, discovery with newly served defendants does
22 not begin until the defendants have appeared by filing an answer or other responsive pleading, and
23 the parties have met and conferred and submitted a proposed discovery plan and scheduling order
24 which the court approves. *Id.* at 4:14–17 (citing Fed. R. Civ. P. 26).

25 Pursuant to Rule 37, a motion to compel discovery materials may only be filed when a
26 timely discovery request has been served, the opposing party has not responded or has inadequately
27 _____
to complete service.

28 ² Any reference to a “Rule” or the “Rules” in this order refer to the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

1 responded, and the moving party has attempted in good faith to resolve any dispute about the
2 adequacy of the discovery responses without the court's intervention. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 37(a).
3 The Local Rules of Practice state that discovery motions will not be considered unless the movant
4 (1) has made a good-faith effort to meet and confer before filing the motion, and (2) includes a
5 declaration setting forth the details and results of the meet-and-confer conference about each
6 disputed discovery request. *See* LR 26–7(c). The “meet and confer” process requires the parties
7 “to communicate directly and discuss in good faith the issues required under the particular rule or
8 court order.” *See* LR IA 1-3(f).

9 **II. VERTNER'S MOTION TO COMPEL**

10 The motion (ECF No. 99), filed October 20, 2017, indicates that Ms. Vertner served Mr.
11 Picozzi with special interrogatories and a request for production of documents on August 3, 2017.
12 Declr. of Chad C. Chochot (ECF No. 99-1), Ex. A. Picozzi sent a letter to counsel for Vertner on
13 August 15, 2017, requesting an indefinite extension to respond to the discovery requests, pending
14 resolution of a dispute with Vertner's codefendants. *Id.*, Ex. B. Counsel advised Mr. Picozzi that
15 an indefinite extension was not acceptable, but counsel offered him an additional two weeks to
16 respond. *Id.*, Ex. C. On September 19, 2017, Picozzi sent a letter to defense counsel indicating he
17 was not willing to respond to the discovery requests. *Id.*, Ex. D.

18 In his Response (ECF No. 104), filed November 3, 2017, Mr. Picozzi states that he will
19 comply with the court's Scheduling Order (ECF No. 97) and answer Vertner's discovery requests.
20 Thus, Picozzi stated that defense counsel could withdraw the motion.

21 In the single-sentence Reply (ECF No. 105), filed November 7, 2017, Ms. Vertner requests
22 an order compelling Mr. Picozzi to respond by a date determined by the court.

23 Vertner's motion lacks merit. Counsel served the discovery requests to Mr. Picozzi over
24 two months prior to entry of the Scheduling Order. The motion was also filed after the court
25 denied Picozzi's deposition requests for the recently-served defendants as premature and expressly
26 informed the parties that discovery for the new defendants, including Vertner, would begin with
27 entry of the new scheduling order. Ms. Vertner's discovery requests and motion were, therefore,
28 premature.

Copies While Incarcerated

We are unable to provide you copies from your records while you are incarcerated. Your physician, attorney, or requesting facility may request copies upon receipt of your signed release in medical records.

Copies are 60 cents a page and must be paid from your inmate account verified by institution finance or paid by the outside requesting source prior to any release of records. Upon verification of receipt of funds, the copies will be processed and forwarded to the requesting outside source.

Id. at 5–6. Mr. Picozzi argues that he is entitled to the medical records because he is representing himself. Thus, he is the “attorney of record” in this action. Picozzi states that he needs the medical records to prove his case, and he intends to produce the records in discovery as evidence of his medical injuries. He also wants to send the documents to a doctor of his choosing for a second opinion. Picozzi asserts that he should be allowed to collect and send the records to defense counsel because he does not “believe they will send [him] everything when it is in [his] favor.”

Id. at 2.

Because HDSP is not a party to this case, the court does not have jurisdiction over HDSP in order to grant the relief Picozzi seeks in his motion. He provides no legal authority to support his request. If Mr. Picozzi wishes to challenge HDSP’s response to his Inmate Request Form, he must seek relief through the prison’s administrative grievance process. *See* NDOC Admin. Reg. 639.02 (stating that, although copies will not be provided directly to inmates, they “may request limited copies of medical records for legal purposes by submitting a brass slip for the cost of the copies requested”). The motion is therefore denied.

Accordingly,

IT IS ORDERED: Defendant Amanda Vertner’s Motion to Compel (ECF No. 99) and Plaintiff Mark Picozzi’s Motion to Compel High Desert to Release Medical Records (ECF No. 107) are **DENIED**.

Dated this 8th day of January, 2018.


PEGGY A. LEEN
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE