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14UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

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BENJAMIN MORALES-CARDENAS,
Plaintiff,
v.
STATE OF NEVADA et al.,
Defendants.

Case No. 2:15-cv-01508-GMN-GWF

ORDER

This action is a *pro se* civil rights complaint filed pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 by a former state prisoner. On May 20, 2016, the Court issued an order directing Plaintiff, who had been recently released from prison, to file an application to proceed *in forma pauperis* for non-prisoners or to pay the \$400 filing fee within thirty (30) days from the date of that order. (ECF No. 15 at 1). The Court stated that it would issue an order on the matter of service after it determined the matter of the payment of the filing fee.¹ The thirty-day period has now expired, and Plaintiff has not filed an application to proceed *in forma pauperis* for non-prisoners, paid the full filing fee, or otherwise responded to the Court's order.

District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and “[i]n the exercise of that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate . . . dismissal” of a case. *Thompson v. Hous. Auth. of City of Los Angeles*, 782 F.2d 829,

¹ The Court previously issued a screening order in this case (ECF No. 2, 4) and the case proceeded to mediation (ECF No. 13).

1 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party's
2 failure to prosecute an action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with
3 local rules. See *Ghazali v. Moran*, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (dismissal for
4 noncompliance with local rule); *Ferdik v. Bonzelet*, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir.
5 1992) (dismissal for failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of complaint);
6 *Carey v. King*, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (dismissal for failure to comply
7 with local rule requiring *pro se* plaintiffs to keep court apprised of address); *Malone v.*
8 *U.S. Postal Service*, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to comply
9 with court order); *Henderson v. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal
10 for lack of prosecution and failure to comply with local rules).

11 In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to
12 obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the court must consider several
13 factors: (1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need
14 to manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy
15 favoring disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic
16 alternatives. *Thompson*, 782 F.2d at 831; *Henderson*, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; *Malone*,
17 833 F.2d at 130; *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; *Ghazali*, 46 F.3d at 53.

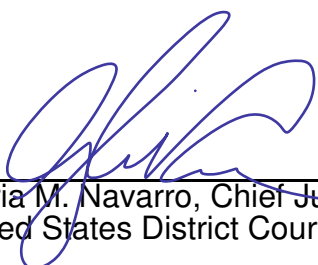
18 In the instant case, the Court finds that the first two factors, the public's interest in
19 expeditiously resolving this litigation and the Court's interest in managing the docket,
20 weigh in favor of dismissal. The third factor, risk of prejudice to Defendants, also
21 weighs in favor of dismissal, since a presumption of injury arises from the occurrence of
22 unreasonable delay in filing a pleading ordered by the court or prosecuting an action.
23 See *Anderson v. Air West*, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor – public
24 policy favoring disposition of cases on their merits – is greatly outweighed by the factors
25 in favor of dismissal discussed herein. Finally, a court's warning to a party that his
26 failure to obey the court's order will result in dismissal satisfies the "consideration of
27 alternatives" requirement. *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1262; *Malone*, 833 F.2d at 132-33;
28 *Henderson*, 779 F.2d at 1424. The Court's order requiring Plaintiff to file a fully

1 complete application to proceed *in forma pauperis* for nonprisoners or to pay the full
2 filing fee of \$400 within thirty days expressly stated: "IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if
3 Plaintiff does not timely comply with this order, dismissal of this action may result."
4 (ECF No. 15 at 2). Thus, Plaintiff had adequate warning that dismissal would result
5 from his noncompliance with the Court's order to file a fully complete application to
6 proceed *in forma pauperis* for nonprisoners or to pay the full filing fee of \$400 within
7 thirty days.

8 It is therefore ordered that this action is dismissed, with prejudice, based on
9 Plaintiff's failure to file a fully complete application to proceed *in forma pauperis* for
10 nonprisoners or to pay the full filing fee of \$400 in compliance with this Court's May 20,
11 2016, order.

12 It is further ordered that the Clerk of Court shall enter judgment accordingly.

13 DATED THIS 30th
14 [redacted] day of June 2016.

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17 Gloria M. Navarro, Chief Judge
18 United States District Court
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