

Campbell filed an Amended Complaint on October 10, 2016. (ECF No. 38.) The
Amended Complaint contains only minor alterations. As with her original Complaint,
Campbell filed an acknowledgement of service signed by a person named Kathleen
Estes. (ECF No. 39.) Defendants have provided a declaration from Julie Kisha, assistant
secretary for Wyndham, asserting that Kathleen Estes is not an agent, employee or officer
of Wyndham or Stephen Holmes. (ECF No. 7-1 ¶ 6.) Defendants believe Ms. Estes to be
a relative of Campbell's. (ECF No. 40 at 4.)

Though Campbell is proceeding pro se, and is therefore afforded a degree of 8 leniency, she must nevertheless comply with procedural rules. Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 9 10 52, 54 (9th Cir. 1995) (per curiam). The Nevada Rules of Civil Procedure govern the 11 evaluation of a complaint filed in state court. Lee v. City of Beaumont, 12 F.3d 933, 936-37 (9th Cir. 1993) (noting that "[t]he issue of the sufficiency of service of process prior to 12 13 removal is strictly a state law issue"), overruled on other grounds by Cal. Dep't Water 14 Res. v. Powerex Corp., 53 F.3d 1087, 1091 (9th Cir.2008). The relevant rule here is Nev. R. Civ. P. 4, which requires the summons and complaint be served together and also 15 16 requires service on an out-of-state corporation comply with the provisions in Nev. R. Civ. P 4(d)(1) and 4(d)(2). 17

More than a year and a half after filing her original Complaint, and more than eight months after the Court warned that failure to serve Defendants would result in dismissal with prejudice, Campbell has still failed to comply with Nev. R. Civ. P. 4. Campbell has not provided any explanation excusing her failure to comply with the Nevada's procedural rules.

District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and "[i]n the exercise of that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate . . . dismissal" of a case. *Thompson v. Hous. Auth. of City of Los Angeles*, 782 F.2d 829, 831 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party's failure to prosecute an action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. *See Ghazali v. Moran*, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (dismissal for noncompliance

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with local rule); *Ferdik v. Bonzelet*, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal for
failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of complaint); *Carey v. King*, 856
F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (dismissal for failure to comply with local rule requiring *pro se* plaintiffs to keep court apprised of address); *Malone v. U.S. Postal Service*, 833
F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to comply with court order); *Henderson v. Duncan*, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal for lack of prosecution and
failure to comply with local rules).

In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey
a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the court must consider several factors:
(1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to
manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring
disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives. *Thompson*, 782 F.2d at 831; *Henderson*, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; *Malone*, 833 F.2d at 130; *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; *Ghazali*, 46 F.3d at 53.

Here, the first and second factors weigh in favor of dismissal. The third factor also
weighs in favor of dismissal. Defendants have been forced to respond to inappropriate
filings and misleading documents from Campbell. (*See* ECF Nos. 26, 35, 45, 46, 48.)
Finally, the Court gave Campbell ample time to correct the problems with service and the
deficiencies in her Complaint, which renders any countervailing weight in the last two
factors less compelling in this instance.

For these reasons, Defendants' Motion to Dismiss (ECF No. 40) is granted. The
claims in this case are dismissed with prejudice.

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The Clerk is directed to enter judgment accordingly and close this case.

DATED THIS 18<sup>th</sup> day of May 2017.

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MIRANDA M. DU

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

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