United States	of America ex rel Janie M. Smith et al v. SC Investm	ent Las Vegas Inc et al
1	RON SUNG, ESQ.	
	Nevada State Bar No. 13047	
2	DAVID OLSHAN, ESQ.	
3	Nevada State Bar No. 4126 Nevada Legal Services, Inc.	
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_	(702) 386-0404 x148	
5	Facsimile (702) 388-1641 Attorneys for Janie Smith	
6	Autorneys for Jame Smith	
0	UNITED STATES I	DISTRICT COURT
7	DISTRICT ()F NEVADA
0		Cose No. : 2:15 or 02162 DED CWE
8	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ex rel. JANIE M. SMITH, Relatrix,	Case No.: 2:15-cv-02163-RFB-GWF
9		
	and	
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11	JANIE M. SMITH,	STIPULATION AND ORDER TO
11	Plaintiffs,	AMEND COMPLAINT
12		
10	v.	
13	SC INVESTMENT LAS VEGAS, INC., a	
14	Nevada Corporation, d/b/a Sky Court Harbors,	
	PACIFICA S.D. MANAGEMENT, LP, a	
15	California Limited Partnership, and	
16	NIWA NOBUO,	
10	Defendants.	
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18	Plaintiff JANIE SMITH and Defendants	SC INVESTMENT LAS VEGAS, INC., d/b/a/
19	SKY COURT HARBORS. PACIFICA S.D. M	ANAGEMENT, LP., and NIWA NOBUO, by
20	and through their respective counsels of record	, hereby stipulate and agree that Plaintiff may,
21	pursuant to Rule 15(a) of the Federal Rules of C	ivil Procedure, file an amended complaint in the
21	pursuant to Rule 15(a) of the rederar Rules of C	ivit i foccuure, file an amended complaint in the
22	form of the Amended Complaint attached hereto	as Exhibit A.
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Upon filing of the Court's order granting permission to amend, Plaintiff JANIE SMITH shall file and serve the Amended Complaint within five (5) days thereof.

The Parties are stipulating in the interest of judicial economy, and this Stipulation shall not be construed to prejudice any claims or defenses asserted by the Parties in this action. The Parties are not waiving or conceding any rights to otherwise make arguments against the allegations contained in Plaintiff's Amended Complaint.

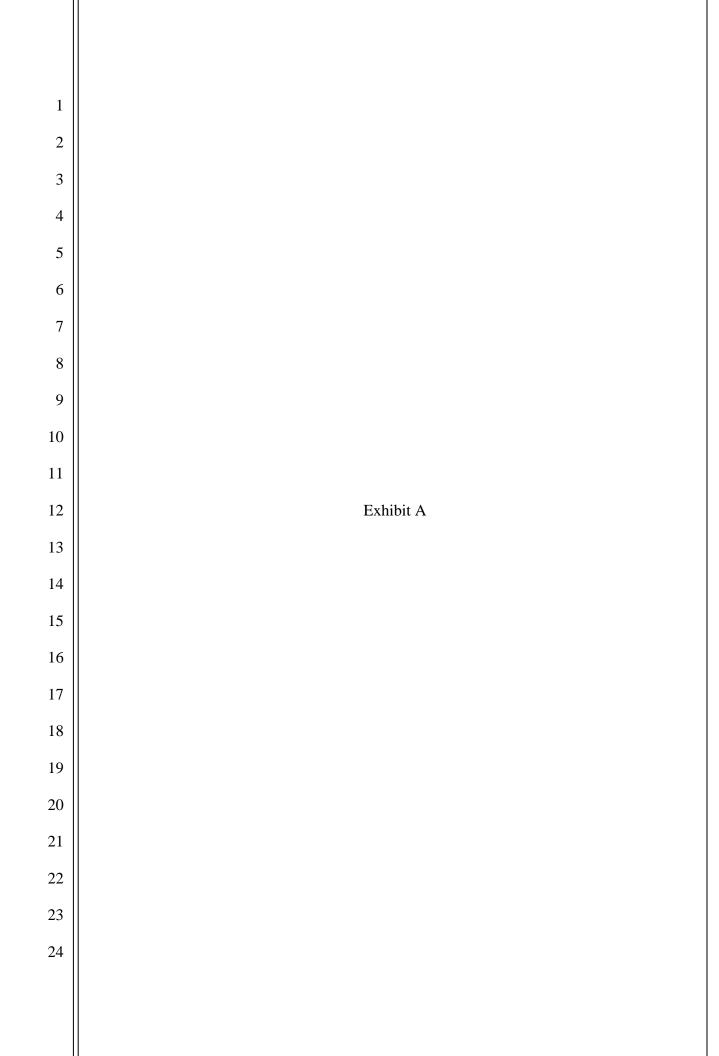
8	6/3/2016	/s/ RON SUNG
	Date	RON SUNG, ESQ.
9		Nevada State Bar No. 13047
		DAVID OLSHAN, ESQ.
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13		Attorneys for Norma Arias Benitez
14		
	6/3/2016	/s/ CRAIG DUFORD
15	Date	STEPHEN C. GREBING, ESQ.
		Nevada Bar No. 5972
16		CRAIG W. DUFORD, ESQ.
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ORDER

Based on the written stipulation of the parties and good cause appearing in support thereof, Plaintiff may file an amended complaint in the form of the Amended Complaint attached hereto as Exhibit A within five (5) days of the filing of this Order.

IT IS SO ORDERED:

6	A.
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8	RICHARD F. BOULWARE, II United States District Judge
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11	DATED: <u>February 27, 2017.</u>
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6	UNITED STATES	DISTRICT COURT
7	DISTRICT	DF NEVADA
8	UNITED STATES OF AMERICA ex rel. JANIE M. SMITH, Relatrix,	Case No.: 2:15-cv-02163-RFB-GWF
9	and	
10		
11	JANIE M. SMITH,	AMENDED COMPLAINT
12	Plaintiffs,	
13	v.	
14	SC INVESTMENT LAS VEGAS, INC., a Nevada Corporation, d/b/a Sky Court Harbors,	
15	PACIFICA S.D. MANAGEMENT, LP, a California Limited Partnership, and	
16	NIWA NOBUO,	
	Defendants.	
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18	INTROD	UCTION
19	This action is brought under the False	Claims Act ("FCA"), 31 U.S.C. §§ 3729 and
20	3730(b)(1). Plaintiff Janie M. Smith ("Smith")) rents a unit at 9025 W Desert Inn Rd #121
21	Las Vegas, Nevada, from Defendants SC Inves	stments Las Vegas, Inc., doing business as Sky
22	Court Harbors. Smith is a participant of the fede	erally-regulated rent subsidy program known as
23	the Section 8 Tenant-Based Housing Choice V	oucher Program ("Section 8"), administered by
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the Southern Nevada Regional Housing Authority ("SNRHA"). Defendants and SNRHA
 entered into a Housing Assistance Payment Contract ("HAP Contract"), which prohibited
 Defendants from charging Smith side payments in the form of additional rent or other fees.

Defendants violated the FCA by demanding illegal side payments in the form of a \$100
month-to-month fees and late fees from Smith while under the HAP Contract with SNRHA.
The United States seeks all remedies available under the FCA. Smith seeks a statutory share of
any awarded damages paid to the United States under the FCA, declaratory relief, court costs
and reasonable attorney fees.

PARTIES

- Plaintiff Janie Smith was a tenant at the premises located at 9025 W Desert Inn Rd #121
 Las Vegas, Nevada ("the premises") from June 30, 2014 to December 7, 2015.
- 12 2. Plaintiff Janie Smith files this action on behalf of the United States of America to
 13 enforce her rights.
- Defendant SC Investment Las Vegas, Inc., a Nevada corporation, held itself out as the
 owner of the premises.
- 16
 4. Defendant Pacifica S.D. Management, LP, a California Limited Partnership, managed
 the premises.

18 5. Defendant Niwa Nobuo was the owner of the premises, according to the Clark CountyAssessor.

JURISDICTION

- Court has jurisdiction over the federal claim pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §§ 1331, 1345
 and 1367, 31 U.S.C. § 3732. Fed. R. Civ. Pro. 57 and 28 U.S.C. § 2201(a) authorize
 declaratory relief.
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1		VENUE
2	7.	Defendants committed the unlawful acts in Clark County in the State of Nevada. Venue
3		is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1391, 31 U.S.C. § 3732 and 28 U.S.C. § 2201(a).
4		STATEMENT OF FACTS
5		Month-to-Month Fees
6	8.	The federal government instituted Section 8 to assist low income families with obtaining
7		decent, safe, sanitary, and affordable rental housing; it is authorized by Section 8 of the
8		U.S. Housing Act of 1937, 42 U.S.C. §1437f, and governed by regulations contained in
9		24 C.F.R. Part 982.
10	9.	Under Section 8, the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development
11		(HUD) enters into annual contribution contracts with public housing agencies, including
12		SNRHA.
13	10.	Pursuant to the annual contribution contract, SNRHA enters into a contract with the
14		landlord of an existing dwelling to make monthly housing assistance payments on behalf
15		of eligible tenants, subject to HUD approval. This contract is known as a Housing
16		Assistance Payments Contract (HAP Contract).
17	11.	In addition to the HAP Contract, the landlord also enters into a lease agreement with the
18		eligible family that must comply with federal regulations.
19	12.	On June 30, 2014, Defendants executed a lease with Smith to rent the premises starting
20		that day. The lease set the rent at \$675.
21	13.	Defendants also entered into a HAP Contract with SNRHA on June 10, 2014, to rent the
22		premises to Smith.
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1	14.	The HAP Contract established the initial monthly rental amount of \$675. SNRHA paid
2		\$488 each month directly to Defendants on behalf of Smith. Smith paid the remaining
3		rental portion, or \$187, each month.
4	15.	In June 2015 SNRHA changed its subsidy to \$463 each month, meaning Smith's rental
5		portion changed to \$212 per month.
6	16.	Despite the HAP Contract setting the rent at \$675, Defendants began charging Smith an
7		extra \$100 per month starting July 2015.
8	17.	Defendants charged Smith the extra \$100 per month purportedly because the initial term
9		of the lease had expired.
10	18.	Defendants failed to provide any notice prior to increasing Smith's rent by \$100 in July
11		2015, except by a boilerplate provision buried in Smith's lease in part 8.
12	19.	Each month from June 10, 2014, to November 30, 2015, SNRHA paid rental subsidies
13		directly to Defendants on behalf of Smith for a total of \$8,513. For pro-rated June 2014,
14		SNRHA paid \$342. For each month from July 2014 to June 2015, SNRHA paid \$488.
15		For each month from July 2015 to November 2015, SNRHA paid \$463.
16		Late Fees
17	20.	Smith paid Defendants \$227 via money order in person to the front office on February 3,
18		2015, \$187 for rent and \$40 for water, sewer and trash.
19	21.	According to Defendants' ledger of Smith's account, Defendants did not account for
20		Smith's February 3, 2015, payment until February 4, 2015.
21	22.	According to Defendants' ledger of Smith's account, Defendants charged Smith a \$50
22		late fee on February 4, 2015.
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1	23.	Since February 4, 2015, Defendants have charged Smith late fees of \$50 on the 4 th of
2		each month and \$5 per day.
3	24.	According to Defendants' ledger of Smith's account, Smith allegedly owed \$58.83 to
4		Defendants on February 4, 2015, but for the \$50 late charge.
5	25.	On June 18, 2014, Smith paid Defendants \$237 and \$183.83 for a total of \$420.83 via
6		two money orders. These payments, however, are not included in Defendants' ledger of
7		Smith's account.
8	26.	The lease sets security deposit at \$250.
9	27.	On August 8, 2014, Defendants charged Smith \$50 for security deposit even though
10		Defendants already charged Smith \$250 for security deposit on June 30, 2014.
11	28.	Defendants did not provide any notice to Smith about her late fees going back since
12		February 2015 until November 2015.
13 14		CAUSE OF ACTION: VIOLATION OF FALSE CLAIMS ACT
15	29.	The False Claims Act, 31 U.S.C. § 3729 et seq., imposes liability on any person who
16		"knowingly presents, or causes to be presented, a false or fraudulent claim for payment
17		or approval" from the United States Government. 31 U.S.C. § 3729(a)(1).
18	30.	Any person who violates the False Claims Act is liable to the United States for not less
19		than \$5,500 and not more than \$11,000, plus three times the damages suffered by the
20		United States as a result of such person's actions, as well as for the costs of a civil action
21		brought to recover penalty or damages under the False Claims Act. 31 U.S.C. §
22		3729(a)(1) and (3); 28 C.F.R. 85.3(a)(9) (2014) (adjusting damages amount).
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1	31.	The False Claims Act defines "knowingly" to include the actions of a person who acts in
2		"deliberate ignorance" or "reckless disregard" of the truth or falsity of the information,
3		or has actual knowledge of the information; no proof of specific intent to defraud is
4		necessary. 31 U.S.C. § 3729(b)(1). "Claim" is defined to include "any request or
5		demand" for money made to a recipient if the United States pays "provides any portion
6		of the money which is requested." 31 U.S.C. § 3729(b)(2).
7	32.	On June 30, 2014, Defendants signed the HAP Contract with SNRHA setting the rent at
8		\$675 per month.
9	33.	Part C, paragraph 5, of the HAP Contract and federal law prohibited Defendants from
10		charging additional rent, otherwise known as side payments, and required Defendants to
11		immediately return any excess rent payment to Smith. 24 C.F.R. 983.353(b)(3); 24
12		C.F.R. 982.451(b)(3) and (4).
13	34.	Part C, paragraph 5, of the HAP Contract and federal law defines rent as "payment for
14		all housing services, maintenance, equipment, and utilities to be provided by the owner
15		without additional charge to the tenant, in accordance with the HAP contract and lease."
16		24 C.F.R. 983.353(b)(2).
17	35.	Part A, paragraph 8, of the HAP Contract listed the respective responsibilities for
18		utilities and appliances for both the owner and tenant. If the utility or appliance was not
19		listed in this section, "the owner shall pay for all utilities and appliances provided by the
20		owner."
21	36.	Under Part B, paragraph 8, of the HAP and federal law, Defendants certified not to
22		receive any side payments. 24 C.F.R. 983.209(g) and (h).
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1	37.	Under Section 9-I.E., Page 9-8, of the Administrative Plan for the SNRHA Housing
2		Choice Voucher Program, accepting side payments for additional rent would result in
3		termination of the HAP and would bar the owner from further participation in the
4		Section 8 Program.
5	38.	Defendants agreed to the terms of the HAP Contract and knowingly or with reckless
6		disregard accepted side payments from Smith thereby breaching the HAP Contract.
7	39.	The HAP Contract between Defendants and SNRHA prohibited Defendants from
8		collecting additional rent, otherwise known as side payments.
9	40.	Even though the HAP Contract set rent at \$675, Defendants charged an extra \$100 per
10		month (or \$775 total) for rent starting July 2015.
11	41.	Even though the HAP Contract set rent at \$675 and Smith was current on her rent,
12		Defendants charged \$50 in late fees starting February 2015. In addition, Defendants
13		charged \$5 per day in late fees after the 3 rd of each month.
14	42.	Defendants knowingly collected these illegal side payments in breach of the HAP
15		Contract while simultaneously receiving monthly rental payments from SNRHA under
16		the HAP Contract.
17	43.	Defendants violated the FCA each time Defendants received payments from SNRHA
18		while knowingly breaching the HAP Contract.
19	44.	Defendants received at 18 rental subsidy payments from SNRHA on behalf of Smith
20		from June 2014 to November 2015, each constituting a separate false claim or
21		misrepresentation against the United States.
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1	45.	Under federal law and the Administrative Plan for the SNRHA Housing Choice Voucher
2		Program, the SNRHA would have terminated the HAP and ceased payments to
3		Defendants upon learning about the side payments.
4	46.	The United States Government suffered damages as a result of violations of the FCA
5		because the housing assistance money from HUD paid by SNRHA to Defendants would
6		not have occurred but for Defendants' false claims and misrepresentations.
7	47.	The United States Government sustained damages equal to all payments made to the
8		Defendants pursuant to Smith's Section 8 assistance.
9		DECLARATORY RELIEF:
10		DEFENDANTS BREACHED THE LEASE BY ERRONEOUSLY CHARGING LATE FEES
11	48.	Under the Declaratory Judgment Act, 28 U.S.C. §§ 2201-2202, the court "may declare
12		the rights and other legal relations of any interested party seeking such declaration,
13		whether or not further relief is or could be sought."
14	49.	According to Defendants' ledger, Defendants allege Smith owes around \$2,000 in late
15		fees since February 2015.
16	50.	Had Defendants accounted for Smith's June 18, 2014, money orders and removed its
17		erroneous extra \$50 security deposit from August 9, 2014, Smith would have had a
18		positive balance with Defendants when Defendants first charged late fees in February
19		2015.
20	51.	Moreover, by neglecting to inform Smith about her late fees for 10 months, Defendants
21		waived their right to charge and collect late fees from Smith.
22	52.	Accordingly, Smith requests the Court to declare that she does not owe late fees to
23		Defendants and declare she actually has a credit with Defendants.
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1		DECLARATORY RELIEF
2		VIOLATION OF NRS 118A.300
3	53.	Under Nevada Revised Statutes 118A.300, "The landlord may not increase the rent
4		payable by a tenant unless it serves the tenant with a written notice, 45 days or, in the
5		case of any periodic tenancy of less than 1 month, 15 days in advance of the first rental
6		payment to be increased, advising the tenant of the increase."
7	54.	Defendants failed to provide any notice to Smith prior to charging her an additional
8		\$100 per month starting July 2015.
9	55.	By failing to provide notice prior to increasing the rent, Defendants violated NRS
10		118A.300.
11	56.	Accordingly, Smith requests the Court to declare Defendants' rent increase invalid in
12		violation of NRS 118A.300.
13		FAILURE TO RETURN SECURITY DEPOSIT
14		IN VIOLATION OF NEVADA REVISED STATUTES 118A.242
15	57.	Under Nevada Revised Statutes ("NRS") 118A.242, the landlord must return the
16		security deposit within 30 days of the tenant vacating the property. If the landlord
17		deducts any amount from the security deposit, "the landlord shall provide the tenant with
18		an itemized written accounting of the disposition of the security or surety bond, or a
19		combination thereof, and return any remaining portion of the security to the tenant no
20		later than 30 days after the termination of the tenancy."
21	58.	If the landlord fails comply with NRS 118A.242, the landlord is liable to the tenant for
22		up to twice the amount of the security deposit.
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1	59.	Smith received neither the return of the security deposit nor an itemized written
2		accounting of the disposition of the security deposit from Defendants within 30 days of
3		vacating the premises.
4	60.	Accordingly, Defendants violated NRS 118A.242 and are liable to Smith for up to twice
5		the amount of the \$250 security deposit, or \$500.
6		PRAYER FOR RELIEF
7		WHEREFORE, Plaintiff Janie M. Smith and the United States of America respectfully
8	reques	t the following relief:
9	A.	Find that Defendants violated the False Claims Act and is liable to the United States.
10	B.	Assess a civil penalty against Defendants for each of at least 17 separate violations of
11		the False Claims Act in the amount of not less than \$5,500 and not more than \$11,000.
12	C.	Award the United States three times the amount of damages that it sustained as a result
13		of Defendants' acts.
14	D.	Award Smith the qui tam plaintiff's share of the proceeds or settlement pursuant to 31
15		U.S.C. § 3730(d).
16	E.	Declare that Smith does not owe any late fees to Defendants and award Smith the
17		reimbursement of any additional overpayments to Defendants.
18	F.	Declare that Defendants' rent increase violates NRS 118A.300 and is void.
19	G.	Award Smith any court costs and reasonable attorney's fees.
20	H.	Grant whatever other relief is just and proper.
21	DATEI	Othis Iday of June, 2016.
22		Respectfully Submitted,
23		RON SUNG, ESQ.
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Nevada State Bar No. 13047 DAVID OLSHAN, ESQ. Nevada State Bar No. 4126 Nevada Legal Services, Inc. 530 South 6th Street Las Vegas, Nevada 89101 (702) 386-0404 x148 Facsimile (702) 388-1641 Attorneys for Janie Smith