

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

Cassandra Thomas,  
Plaintiff  
v.  
James G. Cox, et al.,  
Defendants

**2:16-cv-00080-JAD-CWH  
Order Screening Complaint and  
Denying Motion for Appointment of  
Counsel**

[ECF Nos. 2, 6]

10 Nevada state prisoner Cassandra Thomas sues prison officials and medical staff under 42  
11 USC § 1983 for failing to provide her with adequate medical treatment.<sup>1</sup> Thomas also asks the court  
12 to appoint her counsel.<sup>2</sup> Having screened Thomas's complaint under the Prison Litigation Reform  
13 Act (PLRA),<sup>3</sup> I dismiss her claims without prejudice and give Thomas until May 28, 2016, to file an  
14 amended complaint curing the deficiencies outlined in this order, and I deny Thomas's motion for  
15 appointment of counsel.

16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22

**Background**

Thomas sues multiple defendants for events that took place while she was incarcerated at  
Nevada's Florence McClure Women's Correctional Center ("FMWCC").<sup>4</sup> Thomas sues the NDOC  
Director James G. Cox, Warden Jo Gentry, Dr. James Holmes, Nurse Beebe Clark, Nurse John B.  
Faulkner, Dr. Dulce Kaybotay, and Medical Director Romeo Aranas.<sup>5</sup> Thomas alleges three counts

23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28

---

<sup>1</sup> ECF No. 6.

<sup>2</sup> ECF No. 2.

<sup>3</sup> 28 U.S.C. § 1915A.

<sup>4</sup> ECF No. 6 at 1.

<sup>5</sup> *Id.* at 2–4.

1 and seeks declaratory and injunctive relief and damages.<sup>6</sup>

2 Thomas alleges that she is a chronic Hepatitis C patient.<sup>7</sup> She has been diligently seeking  
3 treatments for the disease since she learned about the Hepatitis C cure,<sup>8</sup> but defendants have  
4 consistently denied her the cure due to “cost saving measures.”<sup>9</sup> Since March 2014, Thomas has  
5 suffered from headaches, fatigue, abdominal and joint pain, mental and emotional turmoil,  
6 depression with anxiety, and stress.<sup>10</sup>

7 In response to a medical grievance, defendant Nurse Clark told Thomas that “very limited  
8 cases of hep C have success with treatment and few have been treated by the NDOC; specific  
9 qualifications and rules would apply.”<sup>11</sup> Faulkner has told Thomas that her condition is “being  
10 managed in accordance with NDOC protocols.”<sup>12</sup> Thomas asserts that defendants have committed  
11 due-process violations, medical malpractice, deliberate indifference, conspiracy to violate rights, and  
12 negligent infliction of emotional distress.<sup>13</sup> I construe Thomas’s allegations as a claim for deliberate  
13 indifference to serious medical needs and screen this claim under the PLRA.

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

---

<sup>6</sup> *Id.* at 8, 12.

21

<sup>7</sup> *Id.* at 4.

22

<sup>8</sup> *Id.*

23

<sup>9</sup> *Id.*

24

<sup>10</sup> *Id.* at 5.

25

<sup>11</sup> *Id.* at 11.

26

<sup>12</sup> *Id.*

27

<sup>13</sup> *Id.* at 6–8.

28

1 **Discussion**

2 **A. Screening standards**

3 The PLRA directs federal courts to conduct a preliminary screening of any case in which a  
4 prisoner seeks redress from a governmental entity or officer or an employee of a governmental  
5 entity.<sup>14</sup> In its review, the court must identify any cognizable claims and dismiss any claims that are  
6 frivolous, malicious, fail to state a claim upon which relief may be granted, or seek monetary relief  
7 from a defendant who is immune from monetary relief.<sup>15</sup> To state a claim under 42 U.S.C. § 1983, a  
8 plaintiff must allege two essential elements: (1) the violation of a right secured by the Constitution or  
9 laws of the United States, and (2) that the alleged violation was committed by a person acting under  
10 color of state law.<sup>16</sup> Pro se pleadings must be liberally construed.<sup>17</sup>

11 Dismissal of a complaint for failure to state a claim upon which relief can be granted is  
12 permitted by FRCP 12(b)(6), and the court applies the same standard under 28 USC § 1915 when  
13 reviewing the adequacy of a complaint. When a court dismisses a complaint under § 1915(e), the  
14 plaintiff should be given leave to amend the complaint with directions for curing its deficiencies,  
15 unless it is clear from the face of the complaint that the deficiencies could not be cured by  
16 amendment.<sup>18</sup>

17 **B. Deliberate indifference to serious medical needs**

18 A prison official violates the Eighth Amendment when he acts with “deliberate indifference”  
19 to the serious medical needs of an inmate.<sup>19</sup> “To establish an Eighth Amendment violation, a  
20 plaintiff must satisfy both an objective standard—that the deprivation was serious enough to  
21

---

22 <sup>14</sup> See 28 U.S.C. § 1915(a).

23 <sup>15</sup> See 28 U.S.C. § 1915A(b)(1)(2).

24 <sup>16</sup> See *West v. Atkins*, 487 U.S. 42, 48 (1988).

25 <sup>17</sup> *Balistreri v. Pacifica Police Dep’t*, 901 F.2d 696, 699 (9th Cir. 1990).

26 <sup>18</sup> See *Cato v. United States*, 70 F.3d 1103, 1106 (9th Cir. 1995).

27 <sup>19</sup> *Farmer v. Brennan*, 511 U.S. 825, 828 (1994).

1 constitute cruel and unusual punishment—and a subjective standard—deliberate indifference.”<sup>20</sup>

2 “A difference of opinion between a prisoner-patient and prison medical authorities regarding  
3 treatment does not give rise to a § 1983 claim.”<sup>21</sup> To establish that a difference of opinion amounted  
4 to deliberate indifference, the prisoner “must show that the course of treatment the doctors chose was  
5 medically unacceptable under the circumstances” and “that they chose this course in conscious  
6 disregard of an excessive risk to [the prisoner’s] health.”<sup>22</sup> “[A] complaint that a physician has been  
7 negligent [or even grossly negligent] in diagnosing or treating a medical condition does not state a  
8 valid claim of medical mistreatment under the Eighth Amendment.”<sup>23</sup>

9 **C. Thomas fails to state a claim for deliberate indifference to her serious medical needs.**

10 The crux of Thomas’s allegations is that she disagrees with the prison medical staff’s course  
11 of treatment for her Hepatitis C. Based on the alleged grievance responses, the prison medical staff  
12 appear to state that the Hepatitis C cure does not work on everyone and that patients need to meet  
13 specific qualifications to qualify for that treatment. Thomas’s disagreement with the prison medical  
14 staff’s course of treatment does not give rise to a constitutional claim because she pleads no facts to  
15 show that denying her the cure is medically unacceptable under the circumstances or that prison  
16 medical staff chose to deny her this cure in conscious disregard of an excessive risk to her health. I  
17 therefore dismiss Thomas’s claim with leave to amend.

18 Thomas is instructed that, if she chooses to file an amended complaint, she should follow the  
19 directions in the form complaint and “[s]tate the facts clearly, [and] in [her] own words . . . describe  
20 exactly what each specific defendant (by name) did to violate [her] rights.” Thomas is also  
21 instructed that her amended complaint should provide more details about her communications with  
22 prison medical staff about receiving the Hepatitis C cure, including their explanation for denying it.

---

24 <sup>20</sup> *Snow v. McDaniel*, 681 F.3d 978, 985 (9th Cir. 2012).

25 <sup>21</sup> *Franklin v. State of Or., State Welfare Div.*, 662 F.2d 1337, 1344 (9th Cir. 1981).

26 <sup>22</sup> *Jackson v. McIntosh*, 90 F.3d 330, 332 (9th Cir. 1996).

27 <sup>23</sup> *Estelle v. Gamble*, 429 U.S. 97, 106 (1976); *see also Toguchi v. Chung*, 391 F.3d 1051, 1060 (9th  
28 Cir. 2004).

1 Thomas should also describe the treatment she is currently receiving for her Hepatitis C.

2 Thomas is advised that an amended complaint supersedes the original complaint and thus the  
3 amended complaint must be complete in itself without reference to the original complaint. Thomas  
4 is cautioned that her amended complaint must contain all claims, defendants, and factual allegations  
5 that she wishes to pursue in this action. Thomas must file her amended complaint on this court's  
6 approved prisoner civil-rights form and it must be entitled "First Amended Complaint." If Thomas  
7 chooses to file an amended complaint, she must do so by **May 28, 2016**. If Thomas does not file an  
8 amended complaint by this deadline, this case will be dismissed without prejudice and without  
9 further notice, and it will be closed.

10 **D. Motion for appointment of counsel**

11 Thomas also moves for court-appointed counsel.<sup>24</sup> There is no constitutional right to  
12 appointed counsel in § 1983 actions.<sup>25</sup> A court may, in its discretion "request an attorney to  
13 represent any person unable to afford counsel."<sup>26</sup> But a court should appoint counsel for indigent  
14 civil litigants only in "exceptional circumstances."<sup>27</sup> No exceptional circumstances exist in this case  
15 to warrant appointment of counsel, so Thomas's motion for appointment of counsel is denied.

16 **Conclusion**

17 Accordingly, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that **Thomas's motion for appointment of**  
18 **counsel [ECF No. 2] is DENIED.**

19 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that **Thomas's complaint is DISMISSED in its entirety with**  
20 **leave to amend. If Thomas chooses to file an amended complaint curing the deficiencies**  
21 **outlined in this order, she must do so by May 28, 2016.** If Thomas fails to file an amended  
22 complaint curing the deficiencies outlined in this order by this deadline, this action will be dismissed  
23 with prejudice and without further notice, and this case will be closed.

24 \_\_\_\_\_  
25 <sup>24</sup> ECF No. 2.

26 <sup>25</sup> *Storseth v. Spellman*, 654 F.2d 1349, 1353 (9th Cir. 1981).

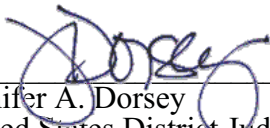
27 <sup>26</sup> 28 U.S.C. § 1915(e)(1).

28 <sup>27</sup> *Palmer v. Valdez*, 560 F.3d 965, 970 (9th Cir. 2009).

1  
2  
3  
4  
5  
6  
7  
8  
9  
10  
11  
12  
13  
14  
15  
16  
17  
18  
19  
20  
21  
22  
23  
24  
25  
26  
27  
28

The Clerk of Court is instructed to send Thomas an approved form for filing a § 1983 complaint, instructions for the same, and a copy of her original complaint [ECF No. 6].

Dated this 28th day of April, 2016.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
Jennifer A. Dorsey  
United States District Judge