Bank of New York Mellon v. Legends Maintenance Corp.

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6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
7	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
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9	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON TRUST COMPANY, N.A., FKA THE BANK	Case No. 2:16-cv-02567-MMD-GWF
10	OF NEW YORK, N.A., AS SUCCESSOR- IN-INTEREST TO JPMORGAN CHASE	ORDER
11 12	BANK,N.A., AS TRUSTEE FOR THE HOLDERS OF MLMI SURF, MORTGAGE	
13	LOAN ASSET-BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES 2005-BC4,	
14	Plaintiff, v.	
15	LEGENDS MAINTENANCE	
16	CORPORATION; BFP INVESTMENTS 6 LLC,	
17	Defendants.	
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19	BFP INVESTMENTS 6 LLC,	
20	Counterclaimant/Cross-Claimant, v.	
21	THE BANK OF NEW YORK MELLON	
22	TRUST COMPANY, N.A., FKA THE BANK OF NEW YORK, N.A., AS SUCCESSOR-IN-INTEREST TO	
23	JPMORGAN CHASE BANK,N.A., AS TRUSTEE FOR THE HOLDERS OF	
24	MLMI SURF, MORTGAGE LOAN ASSET- BACKED CERTIFICATES, SERIES 2005-	
25	BC4; NATIONSTAR MORTGAGE, LLC; KATIE E. WILSON, an individual,	
26	Counter-Defendant/Cross-Defendants.	
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I. SUMMARY

2 This case arises out of a homeowner association's ("HOA") foreclosure and 3 involves the notice provisions applicable to foreclosure sales under Nevada Revised 4 Statutes ("NRS") Chapter 116. Currently there is a federal-state split in the interpretation 5 and effect of the notice provisions found at the pre-2015 version of NRS Chapter 116. 6 However, a question regarding the applicable notice provisions was recently certified to 7 the Nevada Supreme Court, asking whether the notice provisions found at NRS § 107.090 8 were incorporated by reference into the pre-2015 version of NRS § 116.31168. 9 Defendants Legends Maintenance Corporation ("Legends") and BFP Investments 6 LLC 10 ("BFP") (collectively, "Defendants") contend that The Bank of New York Mellon Trust 11 Company, N.A. ("BoNYM") received notice of the HOA's foreclosure sale. (ECF No. 46 at 12 5; ECF No. 47 at 2, 11.) Accordingly, this Court sua sponte stays this action in its entirety 13 until the Nevada Supreme Court resolves the certified question.

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II. DEFENDANTS' STANDING ARGUMENT (ECF No. 46; ECF No. 47)

15 In their motions for summary judgment ("Motion" or "Motions") Defendants argue 16 that BoNYM lacks injury to establish standing because BoNYM received actual notice of 17 the HOA's foreclosure sale. (ECF No. 46 at 5; ECF No. 47 at 2, 11.) However, this 18 Court has held that actual notice is irrelevant where, as here, BoNYM brings a facial challenge concerning the deprivation of its due process rights. See, e.g., Goldsmith 19 20 Enterprises, LLC v. U.S. Bank, N.A., No. 2:15-cv-00991-MMD-PAL, 2017 WL 21 4172266, at *3 (D. Nev. Sept. 20, 2017). Accordingly, the Court denies Defendants' 22 Motions on the merits to the extent they rely on this argument. III. 23 **BFP'S RETURN DOCTRINE ARGUMENT (ECF No. 47)**

BFP argues that although *Bourne Valley* struck down NRS Chapter 116's current
notice scheme, the statute returns to the notice scheme under its 1991 version (ECF No.
47 at 18-24). See *Bourne Valley Court Tr. v. Wells Fargo Bank, N.A.*, 832 F.3d 1154, 156
(9th Cir. 2016), *cert. denied*, 137 S. Ct. 2296 (2017). Having previously considered this
argument, the Court accords with its prior decisions and declines to analyze the facts of

this case under the 1991 version of the statute. See PHH Mortg. Corp. v. Saticoy Bay,
No. 2:16-cv-02795, 2018 WL 357847, *1 (D. Nev. Jan. 10, 2018); U.S. Bank Nat'l Ass'n
v. Thunder Props. Inc., No. 3:15-cv-00328-MMD-WGC, 2017 WL 4102464, *3 (D. Nev.
Sept. 14, 2017). Therefore, the Court additionally denies BFP's Motion (ECF No. 47) on
the merits to the extent it relies on this argument.

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IV. STAY OF ENTIRE PROCEEDINGS

7 A district court has discretionary power to stay proceedings in its own court. Landis 8 v. N. Am. Co., 299 U.S. 248, 254-55 (1936). "A trial court may, with propriety, find it is 9 efficient for its own docket and the fairest course for the parties to enter a stay of an action 10 before it, pending resolution of independent proceedings which bear upon the case." 11 Leyva v. Certified Grocers of Cal., Ltd., 593 F.2d 857, 863 (9th Cir. 1979). In deciding 12 whether to grant a stay, courts should consider "the possible damage which may result 13 from the granting of a stay, the hardship or inequity which a party may suffer in being 14 required to go forward, and the orderly course of justice measured in terms of the 15 simplifying or complicating of issues, proof, and questions of law which could be expected 16 to result from a stay." Lockyer v. Mirant Corp., 398 F.3d 1098, 1110 (9th Cir. 2005) 17 (quoting Landis, 299 U.S. at 268). Courts should also consider "the judicial resources that 18 would be saved by avoiding duplicative litigation." Pate v. DePuy Orthopaedics, Inc., No. 19 2:12-cv-01168-MMD-CWH, 2012 WL 3532780, at *2 (D. Nev. Aug. 14, 2012) (quoting 20 *Rivers v. Walt Disney Co.*, 980 F. Supp. 1358, 1360 (C.D. Cal. 1997)).

The Court finds that significant judicial resources will be saved if the Court refrains from issuing a decision in this case until the Nevada Supreme Court determines whether NRS § 116.31168 incorporates the notice provisions of NRS § 107.090 in Nev. S. Ct. Case No. 72931. NRS §§ 116.31168 and 107.090 prescribe two fundamentally different notice mechanisms. The first requires lenders to affirmatively request notice of foreclosure sales from HOAs. The second requires HOAs to notify lenders as a matter of course, regardless of whether a request was made.

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The Ninth Circuit recently held the first mechanism facially unconstitutional
because it impermissibly shifts the burden to lenders in violation of their procedural due
process rights. *Bourne Valley*, 832 F.3d at 1156. NRS § 107.090 seems to ameliorate this
burden-shifting problem by requiring the HOAs to provide notice to lenders absent any
request from lenders for notice; however, the Ninth Circuit has held that NRS § 107.090
is not incorporated in NRS § 116.31168. *Id.* at 1159. If it were, the Ninth Circuit reasoned,
the opt-in notice scheme would be superfluous. *Id.*

8 The question of whether NRS § 116.31168 incorporates NRS § 107.090 is now 9 pending before the Nevada Supreme Court in Case No. 72931. Moreover, that court has 10 hinted it will answer the question in the affirmative. See Nationstar Mortg., LLC v. Saticoy 11 Bay LLC Series 227 Shadow Canyon, 405 P.3d 641, 648 n.11 (Nev. 2017). If the Nevada 12 Supreme Court holds that NRS § 107.090 is incorporated, then a factual question would 13 arise in this case: did the HOA provide notice to the lender consistent with NRS § 14 107.090? As the law stands currently, it is irrelevant whether the HOA provided notice to 15 the lender—foreclosure sales conducted pursuant to Chapter 116 could not have satisfied 16 the lenders' constitutional due process rights. See, e.g., U.S. Bank, N.A. v. Emerald Ridge 17 Landscape Maint. Ass'n, No. 2:15-cv-00117-MMD-PAL, 2017 WL 4386967, at *3 (D. Nev. 18 Sept. 29, 2017). But if NRS § 116.31168 incorporated NRS § 107.090, then some foreclosure sales may have satisfied constitutional due process requirements (i.e., those 19 20 in which HOAs gave lenders notice consistent with NRS § 107.090). Saticoy Bay 21 contends that the HOA provided such notice in this case. (See ECF No. 54 at 3-4.)

The parties may be concerned that a stay will be prejudicial to them. However, any damage to the parties from a stay will be outweighed by the fees that all parties will surely incur from continued litigation—a decision in the proceedings before the Nevada Supreme Court could moot a decision by this Court. Until there is finality on the issue of whether NRS § 116.31168 incorporates NRS § 107.090, a stay will benefit the parties and conserve judicial resources.

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V. CONCLUSION

It is therefore ordered that this action is temporarily stayed until resolution of the certified question in Nev. S. Ct. Case No. 72931. The stay will be lifted upon such resolution. The parties must file a status report within five (5) days from such resolution. It is further ordered that all pending motions (ECF Nos. 44, 46, and 47) are denied without prejudice, except for the issues addressed on the merits herein, and may be refiled within thirty (30) days from the date the stay in this case is lifted. DATED THIS 18th day of July 2018. MIRANDA M. DU UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE