

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
2 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

3  
4 Bank of New York Mellon,  
5 Plaintiff  
6 v.  
7 Siena Lane Trust, et al.,  
8 Defendants

2:16-cv-02770-JAD-CWH

**Order Staying Case and Denying Motion  
Without Prejudice**

[ECF No. 12]

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10 As I noted in *Freedom Mortgage v. Las Vegas Development Group*,<sup>1</sup> in the years  
11 following Las Vegas's real estate crash, lenders and investors were at odds over the legal effect  
12 of a homeowners association's (HOA's) nonjudicial foreclosure of a superpriority lien on a  
13 lender's first trust deed. The Nevada Supreme Court settled the debate in *SFR Investments Pool*  
14 *1, LLC v. U.S. Bank*,<sup>2</sup> making winners out of the investors who purchased foreclosure properties  
15 in HOA sales and losers of the lenders who gambled on the opposite result, elected not to satisfy  
16 the HOA liens to prevent foreclosure, and thus saw their interests wiped out by sales that often  
17 yielded a small fraction of the loan balance.

18 The Nevada Supreme Court recently reaffirmed the *SFR* principles in *Saticoy Bay v.*  
19 *Wells Fargo* and expressly held that "the Due Process Clauses of the United States and Nevada  
20 Constitutions are not implicated in an HOA's nonjudicial foreclosure of a superpriority lien."<sup>3</sup>  
21 But when a Ninth Circuit panel considered the same issues in *Bourne Valley Court Trust v. Wells*  
22 *Fargo Bank*, it held that Chapter 116's nonjudicial foreclosure scheme "facially violated

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25 <sup>1</sup> *Freedom Mortgage Corp. v. Las Vegas Dev. Grp., LLC*, 106 F. Supp. 3d 1174, 1180 (D. Nev.  
26 2015).

27 <sup>2</sup> *SFR Inv. Pool 1 v. U.S. Bank*, 334 P.3d 408, 419 (Nev. 2014).

28 <sup>3</sup> *Saticoy Bay v. Wells Fargo*, 133 Nev. Adv. Op. 5 (Jan. 26, 2017).

1 mortgage lenders’ constitutional due process rights” before it was amended in 2015.<sup>4</sup> The losing  
2 parties in both *Bourne Valley* and *Saticoy Bay* have indicated their intent to file petitions for  
3 certiorari in the United States Supreme Court,<sup>5</sup> so the constitutionality of Nevada’s non-judicial  
4 foreclosure scheme may ultimately be decided by the United States Supreme Court.<sup>6</sup>

5 This case concerns one of those non-judicial foreclosure sales, and Bank of New York  
6 Melon challenges that foreclosure sale as a violation of its right to due process.<sup>7</sup> Defendant Siena  
7 Lane has moved to dismiss the complaint, citing *Saticoy Bay*.<sup>8</sup> To save the parties from the need  
8 or inclination to invest resources further briefing the effect of the *Bourne Valley* and *Saticoy Bay*  
9 opinions before the United States Supreme Court has ruled on the petitions for certiorari review  
10 in these cases, I deny the pending motion to dismiss without prejudice, and I *sua sponte* **stay all**  
11 **proceedings in this case.**

#### 12 Discussion

13 A district court has the inherent power to stay cases to control its docket and promote the  
14 efficient use of judicial resources.<sup>9</sup> When determining whether a stay is appropriate pending the  
15 resolution of another case—often called a “*Landis* stay”—the district court must weigh: (1) the  
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18 <sup>4</sup> *Bourne Valley Ct. Trust v. Wells Fargo Bank*, 2016 WL 4254983, at \*5 (9th Cir. Aug. 12, 2016).

19 <sup>5</sup> The Nevada Supreme Court has stayed issuance of the remittitur until June 21, 2017, to allow  
20 time to seek certiorari. *Saticoy Bay*, Nev. S. Ct. Case No. 68630, Doc. 17-04543 (Feb. 8, 2017).  
21 The United States Supreme Court has extended the deadline for the *Bourne Valley* cert petition to  
22 April 3, 2017. Case No. 16A753 (Feb 24, 2017).

23 <sup>6</sup> See S.C.R. 10(a) (suggesting that a conflict between a circuit court and “a state court of last  
24 resort” on “an important federal question” can be a basis for granting review on a writ of  
certiorari).

25 <sup>7</sup> ECF No. 1 at ¶ 43.

26 <sup>8</sup> ECF No. 12 at 7.

27 <sup>9</sup> *Landis v. North American Co.*, 299 U.S. 248, 254–55 (1936); *Dependable Highway Exp., Inc.*  
28 *v. Navigators Ins. Co.*, 498 F.3d 1059, 1066 (9th Cir. 2007).

1 possible damage that may result from a stay, (2) any “hardship or inequity” that a party may  
2 suffer if required to go forward, (3) “and the orderly course of justice measured in terms of the  
3 simplifying or complicating of issues, proof, and questions of law” that a stay will engender.<sup>10</sup>

4 After weighing these considerations, I find that a *Landis* stay is appropriate here. I address these  
5 considerations in reverse order.

6 **A. A stay will promote the orderly course of justice.**

7 At the center of this case is an HOA-foreclosure sale under NRS Chapter 116 and the  
8 competing arguments that the foreclosure sale either extinguished the bank’s security interest or  
9 had no legal effect because the statutory scheme violates due process. The United States  
10 Supreme Court’s consideration of petitions for certiorari in *Bourne Valley* and *Saticoy Bay* has  
11 the potential to be dispositive of this case or at least of discrete issues that it presents. As the  
12 jurisprudence in this area of unique Nevada law continues to evolve, the parties in the scores of  
13 foreclosure-challenge actions pending in this courthouse file new motions or move to supplement  
14 the ones that they already have pending, often resulting in docket-clogging entries and an  
15 impossible-to-follow chain of briefs in which arguments are abandoned and replaced. Staying  
16 this case pending the Supreme Court’s disposition of the petitions for certiorari in *Bourne Valley*  
17 and *Saticoy Bay* will permit the parties to evaluate—and me to consider—the viability of the  
18 claims under the most complete precedent. This will simplify and streamline the proceedings  
19 and promote the efficient use of the parties’ and the court’s resources.

20 **B. Hardship and inequity**

21 Both parties face the prospect of hardship if I resolve the claims or issues in this case  
22 before the petitions for certiorari have been decided. A stay will prevent unnecessary briefing  
23 and the expenditures of time, attorney’s fees, and resources that could be wasted—or at least  
24 prematurely spent—should the Supreme Court take up these cases.

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<sup>10</sup> *Lockyer v. Mirant Corp.*, 398 F.3d 1098, 1110 (9th Cir. 2005).

1 **C. Damage from a stay**

2 The only potential damage that may result from a stay is that the parties will have to wait  
3 longer for resolution of this case and any motions that they have filed or intend to file in the  
4 future. But a delay would also result from any rebriefing or supplemental briefing that may be  
5 necessitated if the Supreme Court grants certiorari and resolves this circuit-state split. So it is not  
6 clear to me that a stay pending the Supreme Court's disposition of the petitions for certiorari will  
7 ultimately lengthen the life of this case. I thus find that any possible damage that the extension  
8 of this stay may cause the parties is minimal.

9 **D. The length of the stay is reasonable.**

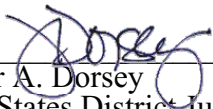
10 Finally, I note that a stay of this case pending the disposition of the petitions for certiorari  
11 in *Bourne Valley* and *Saticoy Bay* is expected to be reasonably short. The petition in *Bourne*  
12 *Valley* is due April 3, 2017, and the petition in *Saticoy Bay* is due April 25, 2017. Because the  
13 length of this stay is directly tied to the petition proceedings in those cases, it is reasonably brief,  
14 and it is not indefinite.

15 **Conclusion**

16 IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that **this case is STAYED. Once the United States**  
17 **Supreme Court proceedings in *Bourne Valley* and *Saticoy Bay* have concluded, any party**  
18 **may move to lift this stay.**

19 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the pending motion to dismiss [ECF No. 12] is  
20 **DENIED** without prejudice to its refiling within 20 days of the order lifting the stay.

21 DATED: March 8, 2017

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24 Jennifer A. Dorsey  
25 United States District Judge  
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