Wells Fargo Bank,	National Association v. SFR Investments Pool 1, LLC, a Nevada limited liability

1	UNITED STATES I	DISTRICT COURT	
2	DISTRICT OF NEVADA		
3	* * *		
4	WELLS FARGO, NATIONAL	Case No. 2:16-cv-02918-APG-GWF	
5	ASSOCIATION,		
6	Plaintiff,	ORDER STAYING CASE	
7	V.		
8	SFR INVESTMENTS POOL 1, LLC, et al.,		
9	Defendants.		
10	This is one of many disputes over the effe	ct of a nonjudicial foreclosure sale conducted by	
11	a homeowners association ("HOA") after the prio	r owner failed to pay HOA assessments. On	
12	August 12, 2016, a divided Ninth Circuit panel in	Bourne Valley Court Trust v. Wells Fargo Bank	
13	held that Nevada Revised Statutes Chapter 116's HOA nonjudicial foreclosure scheme, as it		
14	existed before the statutory scheme was amended in 2015, "facially violated mortgage lenders'		
15	constitutional due process rights." 832 F.3d 1154, 1155 (9th Cir. 2016); but see id. at *6-11		
16	(Wallace, J., dissenting). Those motions were denied and the mandate issued on December 14,		
17	2016. Bourne Valley Court Tr. v. Wells Fargo Bank, 9th Cir. Dkt. No. 15-15233, ECF Nos. 75,		
18	76.		
19	The Supreme Court of Nevada recently de	cided Saticoy Bay LLC Series 350 Durango 104	
20	v. Wells Fargo Home Mortgage, holding that "the	Due Process Clauses of the United Sates and	
21	Nevada Constitutions are not implicated in an HC	A's nonjudicial foreclosure of a superpriority	
22	lien." 388 P.3d 970, 975 (Nev. 2017). The losing parties in both Bourne Valley and Saticoy Bay		
23	have indicated they intend to file petitions for cert	iorari in the United States Supreme Court.	
24	Because Bourne Valley and Saticoy Bay reached of	opposite conclusions, the constitutionality of	
25	Nevada's HOA nonjudicial foreclosure scheme may be decided by the United States Supreme		
26	Court. See Sup. Ct. R. 10(b) (identifying as a compelling reason for granting certiorari that "a		
27	state court of last resort has decided an important	federal question in a way that conflicts with the	
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- decision . . . of a United States court of appeals"). I therefore sua sponte stay this case pending a 2 decision on the petitions for certiorari in *Bourne Valley* and *Saticoy Bay*.
- 3 A district court has the inherent power to stay cases to control its docket and promote the 4 efficient use of judicial resources. Landis v. N. Am. Co., 299 U.S. 248, 254-55 (1936); 5 Dependable Highway Exp., Inc. v. Navigators Ins. Co., 498 F.3d 1059, 1066 (9th Cir. 2007). When determining whether to stay a case pending the resolution of another case, I must consider 6 7 (1) the possible damage that may result from a stay, (2) any "hardship or inequity" that a party 8 may suffer if required to go forward, (3) "and the orderly course of justice measured in terms of 9 the simplifying or complicating of issues, proof, and questions of law" that a stay will engender. 10 Lockyer v. Mirant Corp., 398 F.3d 1098, 1110 (9th Cir. 2005). I find that a Landis stay is 11 appropriate here.
- 12 The crux of the parties' dispute is whether the HOA foreclosure sale extinguished the 13 deed of trust. If the HOA sale was void because Chapter 116 is facially unconstitutional, then the 14 parties' dispute is, in large part, resolved or at least simplified. The Supreme Court's 15 consideration of the petitions in Bourne Valley and Saticoy Bay thus could be dispositive of this 16 case, or at least of significant issues in the case. As the jurisprudence and the parties' arguments 17 in this area evolve, the parties file new motions or move to supplement the pending briefs, 18 burdening our already-busy docket. Bourne Valley and Saticoy Bay no doubt will inspire more 19 motions and supplements. Staying this case pending the Supreme Court's disposition of the 20 petitions in Bourne Valley and Saticoy Bay will permit the parties to present arguments and 21 evidence in the context of complete and resolved precedent, and it will allow me to evaluate the 22 claims in light of this legal authority. Consequently, a stay pending the disposition of the 23 certiorari proceedings will simplify the proceedings and promote the efficient use of the parties' 24 and the court's resources.
- Resolving the claims or issues in this case before the Supreme Court decides whether to 25 26 grant or deny the petitions could impose a hardship on both parties. A stay will prevent 27 unnecessary or premature briefing on Bourne Valley and Saticoy Bay's impact on this case.
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1	The potential damage that may result from a stay is that the parties will have to wait	
2	longer for resolution of this case and any motions that they intend to file in the future. But a	
3	delay would also result from new briefing that may be necessitated if the Supreme Court grants	
4	certiorari. So a stay pending the Supreme Court's decision will not necessarily lengthen the life	
5	of this case. Any possible damage that a stay may cause is minimal.	
6	Finally, I expect the stay pending the Supreme Court's disposition of the petitions for	
7	certiorari to be reasonably short. The petition in Bourne Valley was filed on April 3, 2017. The	
8	petition in Saticoy Bay is due April 25, 2017. The length of this stay is tied to the Supreme	
9	Court's decision on the petitions for certiorari, so the stay will be reasonably brief and is not	
10	indefinite. <sup>1</sup> The stay will remain in place until the proceedings in the Supreme Court have	
11	concluded.	
12	IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that this case is administratively <b>STAYED</b> . Once the	
13	proceedings in the United States Supreme Court in Bourne Valley Court Trust v. Wells Fargo	
14	Bank and Saticoy Bay LLC Series 350 Durango 104 v. Wells Fargo Home Mortgage have	
15	concluded, any party may move to lift the stay. Regardless of this stay, the plaintiff shall	
16	timely serve process upon the defendants and file proof of service.	
17	DATED this 11th day of April, 2017.	
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19	ANDREW P. GORDON	
20	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
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27	<sup>1</sup> The Supreme Court of Nevada stayed the issuance of the remittitur in <i>Saticoy Bay</i> pending the Supreme Court's disposition of the certiorari proceedings. No. 68630, Dkt. No. 17-04543 (Nev. Feb. 8,	
28	2017).	