

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

3
4 Michael L. McDonald,
5 Petitioner

Case No. 2:17-cv-01320-JAD-NJK

6 vs.

Order Dismissing Petition

7 Michelle Freeman, et al.,
8 Respondents

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10 Michael L. McDonald, a prisoner at the City of Las Vegas Detention Center, filed an
11 application to proceed *in forma pauperis* and a petition for writ of habeas corpus under 28 U.S.C.
12 § 2241.¹ Because McDonald paid the \$5 filing fee,² I deny his IFP application as moot. I then
13 dismiss McDonald’s habeas petition without prejudice.

14 **Discussion**

15 McDonald’s habeas petition is subject to summary dismissal. McDonald alleges in his
16 petition that he is a pretrial detainee facing charges “alleging violation of an extended TRO
17 against domestic violence.”³ He has not been convicted. McDonald claims that his federal
18 constitutional rights are being violated, asserting that he is receiving ineffective assistance of his
19 appointed counsel, he is being subjected to a double-jeopardy violation, he will face cruel and
20 unusual punishment if convicted, and his right to equal protection under the law is being violated
21 as a result of the alleged ineffective assistance of his counsel.⁴ As relief, he seeks dismissal of
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24 ¹ All contained at ECF No. 1.

25 ² ECF No. 3.

26 ³ See Petition at ECF No. 1-1, p. 3.

27 ⁴ See *id.* at 7–9.
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1 the charges against him, release from custody, and damages.⁵

2 This court has authority to entertain a petition for a writ of habeas corpus by a person in
3 custody but not yet convicted or sentenced.⁶ But because such detainees are not in custody
4 “pursuant to the judgment of a state court,” their right to petition arises from 28 U.S.C. §
5 2241(c)(3).⁷ Although there is no exhaustion requirement for a petition brought under 28 U.S.C.
6 § 2241(c)(3), principles of federalism and comity require that the court abstain until all state
7 criminal proceedings are completed and the petitioner has exhausted available state judicial
8 remedies, unless there are special circumstances warranting federal intervention prior to the state
9 criminal trial.⁸

10 Here, McDonald alleges no special circumstances warranting this court’s intervention in
11 his ongoing state criminal proceedings. Each of his claims is amenable to judicial review
12 through available state procedures. Accordingly, this court will abstain from addressing
13 McDonald’s petition.

14 Additionally, to the extent that McDonald attempts to plead a claim for damages based on
15 the alleged violations that form the basis of his request for habeas relief, no such claim is
16 available to him at this time. Under the Supreme Court’s decision in *Heck v. Humphrey*, a
17 prisoner cannot use §1983 to obtain damages or other relief where success would necessarily
18 imply the unlawfulness of a (not previously invalidated) conviction or sentence.⁹ In other words,
19 “if a criminal conviction arising out of the same facts stands and is fundamentally inconsistent
20 with the unlawful behavior for which § 1983 damages are sought, the §1983 action must be
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23 ⁵ *See id.* at 9.

24 ⁶ *See McNeely v. Blanas*, 336 F.3d 822, 824 n. 1 (9th Cir. 2003).

25 ⁷ *See id.* at 824 n. 1.

26 ⁸ *See Carden v. Montana*, 626 F.2d 82, 83-84 and n. 1 (9th Cir.), *cert. denied*, 449 U.S. 1014
27 (1980).

28 ⁹ *Wilkinson v. Dotson*, 544 U.S. 74, 81 (2005).

1 dismissed.”¹⁰ McDonald thus cannot seek damages for alleged violations of his rights related to
2 his criminal case at this time because they are presently barred under *Heck*.

3 **Conclusion**

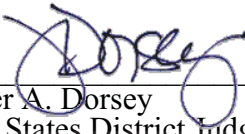
4 IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that petitioner’s application to proceed *in forma*
5 *pauperis* (**ECF No. 1**) is **DENIED** as moot.

6 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that **this action is DISMISSED without prejudice** to
7 petitioner’s ability to file a new petition at an appropriate time in the future when his state
8 criminal proceedings have concluded and his state remedies have been exhausted.

9 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that **petitioner is denied a certificate of appealability.**

10 The Clerk of the Court is directed to **CLOSE THIS CASE.**

11 DATED: May 31, 2017

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14 Jennifer A. Dorsey
15 United States District Judge
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28 ¹⁰ *Smithhart v. Towery*, 79 F.3d 951, 952 (9th Cir. 1996); *Wallace v. Kato*, 549 U.S. 384, 393–94 (2007).