

1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

3 LEONARD D. VIGNOLO,

Case No. 2:17-cv-02976-APG-PAL

4 *Petitioner,*

ORDER

5 vs.

6
7 JO GENTRY, *et al.*,

8 *Respondents.*

9
10 This habeas matter under 28 U.S.C. § 2254 comes before the Court on a *sua sponte* inquiry as
11 to whether the petition is subject to dismissal without prejudice for lack of jurisdiction as a successive
12 petition. This order follows upon a prior show-cause order and petitioner's response thereto. (ECF
13 Nos. 5 & 15.)

14 ***Background***

15 The relevant procedural background has not been disputed by petitioner.

16 Petitioner Leonard Vignolo seeks to challenge his February 12, 1991, Nevada state conviction,
17 pursuant to a jury verdict, of the first-degree murder of Rachael Karr on September 21, 1981. He was
18 sentenced to life without the possibility of parole, in No. 89C091740 in the state district court.¹

19 Petitioner filed a federal petition in this Court challenging the same conviction in No. 3:00-cv-
20 00430-ECR-RAM. The Court denied the petition on the merits on September 5, 2003. The Court of
21 Appeals affirmed on November 17, 2004. *See Vignolo v. Ignacio*, 2004 WL 2603620, No. 04-15242
22 (9th Cir., Nov. 17, 2004). The United States Supreme Court denied Vignolo's petition for a writ of
23 *certiorari* on April 25, 2005. *See Vignolo v. Budge*, 544 U.S. 1002 (2005).

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26 ¹The Court has taken judicial notice of its own prior records as to petitioner's earlier actions as well as of the
27 online docket records of the Ninth Circuit, the state district court and the state supreme court. *See, e.g., Harris v.*
28 *County of Orange*, 682 F.3d 1126, 1131-32 (9th Cir. 2012). The online docket records of the state courts may be
accessed from:

<https://www.clarkcountycourts.us/Anonymous/default.aspx>
<https://nvcourts.gov/Supreme/>

1 Petitioner requests that the Court either assume jurisdiction and decide the case on the merits,
2 grant him a stay to permit him the opportunity to file a successive petition application in the Court of
3 Appeals, or dismiss the petition in a manner that permits him the opportunity to file a successive
4 petition application in that court.


5 The Court has no jurisdiction to decide the case on the merits. Petitioner otherwise does not
6 need for this Court to take some action permitting him to file a successive petition application in the
7 Court of Appeals. Petitioner needs to obtain permission from the *Court of Appeals* to file an application
8 for relief in *this* Court, not vice versa. Petitioner could have filed an application with the Court of
9 Appeals at any time, without the necessity of any order from this Court. The dismissal of this action
10 for lack of jurisdiction is without prejudice, and nothing stands – or has stood – in the way of petitioner
11 filing a successive petition application in the Court of Appeals.

12 **IT THEREFORE IS ORDERED** that the petition shall be **DISMISSED** without prejudice for
13 lack of jurisdiction as a successive petition.

14 **IT IS FURTHER ORDERED** that a certificate of appealability is **DENIED**. Jurists of reason
15 would not find it debatable whether the Court’s procedural ruling dismissing the petition as a successive
16 petition is correct, for the reasons discussed herein.

17 The Clerk of Court shall enter final judgment accordingly, dismissing this action without
18 prejudice for lack of jurisdiction.³

19 DATED: June 20, 2018.

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22 _____
ANDREW P. GORDON
United States District Judge

23
24 ²(...continued)
25 2004 WL 2603620, at **1. It thus is subject to substantial question whether petitioner would be able to satisfy the
26 requirements of 28 U.S.C. § 2244(b)(2)(B) with regard to a showing of actual innocence. In all events, petitioner must
27 present his arguments in that regard to the Court of Appeals in the first instance, not this Court.

28 ³Entry of judgment will conclude this action under this docket number. If petitioner subsequently obtains
authorization from the Court of Appeals to file a second or successive petition, he must file such petition in a new action
under a new docket number. This action is closed. It does not appear that a dismissal of this action without prejudice
would materially impact the limitation period analysis in a newly filed action, given the long intervals involved.