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Land v. Allied Collection Services, Inc et al

- b. "confidential" means a document reasonably designated as confidential under this protective order;
- c. "destroy" means to shred or delete information received. Nothing about the term destroy shall prevent a lawyer from complying with professional and ethical rules requiring preservation of a client's file.
- d. "document" means information disclosed or produced in discovery, including at a deposition;
- e. "notice" or "notify" means written notice, including email;
- f. "party" means a party to this action; and
- g. "protected document" means a document protected by a privilege or the work- product doctrine.

### 2. Designating a Document or Deposition as Confidential.

- a. In making a confidentiality designation, the designating party represents that it has a good-faith basis for contending that the document is "confidential," as defined by this order.
- b. No party shall designate any document or portion of any document as confidential that he/she has not carefully reviewed;
- c. A party or non-party disclosing or producing a document may designate it as confidential if the party or non-party reasonably contends that it contains confidential or proprietary information.
- d. A party or non-party may designate a document as confidential by conspicuously marking each page with the word "confidential."

- e. [OPTIONAL AEO] A party may supplement "CONFIDENTIAL-SUBJECT TO PROTECTIVE ORDER" with the words "CONFIDENTIAL-ATTORNEY'S EYES ONLY," in which case confidential information so designated may not be revealed between parties. However, the parties agree that Plaintiff, Plaintiff's experts, and staff may review information designated as "CONFIDENTIAL-ATTORNEY'S EYES ONLY." If any party wishes to so designate any document, the party attests that the disclosure of such information constitutes the disclosure of trade secret information and places the designating party in a substantial risk of material business harm.
- f. Deposition testimony may be designated as confidential:
  - 1. after the deposition, by notifying the parties and those who were present at the deposition within 14 days after the deposition transcript becomes available, unless otherwise agreed.

## 3. Who May Receive a Confidential Document.

- a. "All documents, transcripts, or other materials subject to this Order, and all information derived therefrom (including, but not limited to, all testimony given in a deposition, declaration, or otherwise, that refers, reflects, or otherwise discusses any information designated "confidential" hereunder), shall not be used, directly or indirectly, by any person or party for any business, commercial, or competitive purposes or for any purpose whatsoever other than solely for the preparation and trial of this action in accordance with the provisions of this Order."
- b. No person receiving a confidential document may reveal it, except to:
  - 1. the court and its staff;

- 2. an attorney or an attorney's partner, associate, or staff;
- 3. a person shown on the face of the confidential document to have authored or received it;
- 4. a party to this action;
- 5. a court reporter or videographer retained in connection with this action;
- 6. any juror or alternative juror;
- 7. Experts retained in connection with this action;
- 8. Any witness in this action who has received the "Acknowledgement of Understanding" (Exhibit A);
- 9. Professional jury, trial consultants, mock jurors, and professional vendors, who have received the "Acknowledgement of Understanding" (Exhibit A);
- 10.any person who is retained to assist a party or attorney with this action, who has received the "Acknowledgement of Understanding" (Exhibit A);
- c. If a confidential document is revealed to someone not entitled to receive it, the parties must make reasonable efforts to retrieve it.

# 4. Correcting an Error in Designation.

A party or non-party who discloses or produces a confidential document not designated as confidential may, within 7 days after discovering the error, provide notice of the error and produce a copy of the document designated as confidential.

#### 5. Use of a Confidential Document in Court.

a. Filing. To the extent any motions, briefs, pleadings, deposition transcripts, or other papers to be filed with the Court incorporate documents or information subject to this Order, the party filing such papers shall designate such materials, or portions thereof, as "Confidential," and shall file them with the clerk under seal. The parties shall comply with the Court's local rule governing filing under seal. This protective order, however, does not authorize the filing of any document under seal. A confidential document may be filed only in accordance with the Court's local rule governing the filing of sealed documents.

### 6. Changing a Confidential Document's Designation.

- a. Document disclosed or produced by a party. A confidential document disclosed or produced by a party remains confidential unless the parties agree to change its designation or the court orders otherwise.
- b. Document produced by a non-party. A confidential document produced by a non-party remains confidential unless the non-party agrees to change its designation or the court orders otherwise after providing an opportunity for the non-party to be heard.
- c. Changing a designation by court order. If a party challenges the confidentiality designation of a document, the parties shall meet and confer concerning that issue within 10 days from the date the challenge is made. If the parties cannot agree after they meet and confer, the designating party may file a motion seeking entry of a protective order concerning the specific document, seeking to have the Court designate it as confidential. That motion shall be filed no later than 21 (twenty-one) days after the parties meet and confer as discussed earlier in this paragraph. All parties shall continue to

maintain the material in question as confidential until the court rules on the challenge.

d. If the motion affects a document produced by a non-party then, with respect to the motion, that non-party is entitled to the same notice and opportunity to be heard as a party. The party or non-party who designated a document as confidential must show that the designation satisfies Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c).

#### 7. Handling a Confidential Document after Termination of Litigation.

- a. Within 60 days after the termination of this action (including any appeals), each party must:
  - 1. return or destroy all confidential documents.
- b. Notwithstanding paragraph 8(a), each attorney may retain a copy of any confidential document submitted to the court and each attorney may retain records as required by the professional rules of conduct for lawyers.

# 8. Inadvertent Disclosure or Production to a Party of a Protected Document.

- a. Notice.
  - A party or non-party who discovers that it has inadvertently disclosed or produced a protected document must promptly notify the receiving party and describe the basis of the claim of privilege or protection. If the party or non-party provides such notice and description, the privilege or protection is not waived.
  - 2. A party who discovers that it may have received an inadvertently disclosed or produced protected document must promptly notify the disclosing or producing party or non-party.

b. Handling of Protected Document. A party who is notified or discovers that it may have received a protected document must comply with Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(b)(5)(B).

## 9. Security Precautions and Data Breaches.

- a. Each party must make reasonable efforts to protect the confidentiality of any confidential document disclosed or produced to that party.
- b. A party who learns of a breach of confidentiality must promptly notify the disclosing or producing party of the scope and nature of that breach and make reasonable efforts to remedy the breach.
- **10.Survival of Obligations.** The obligations imposed by this protective order survive the termination of this action.

RESPECTFULLY SUBMITTED this 21st day of March 2023.

# /s/Michael Yancey

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10	IT IS SO ORDERED.
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12	Dated: March 21, 2023
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14	Clayna J. Zouchak
15	United States Magistrate Judge
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#### 1 EXHIBIT A UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 2 DISTRICT OF NEVADA 3 4 DEREK LAND, Case No.: 2:22-cv-01641-APG-EJY 5 Plaintiff, 6 7 v. 8 ALLIED COLLECTION SERVICES, 9 INC.; EXPERIAN INFORMATION SOLUTIONS, INC.; EQUIFAX 10 INFORMATION SERVICES, LLC; 11 and TRANS UNION LLC, 12 Defendants. 13 ACKNOWLEDGEMENT OF UNDERSTANDING 14 15 I have read and understand the protective order in the case captioned [ 1 case 16 in the United States District Court for the [ l. As soon as my work in 17 connection with that action has ended, but not later than 30 days after the termination of 18 that action (including any appeals), I will return or destroy any confidential document that 19 20 I received, any copy of or excerpt from a confidential document, and any notes or other 21 document that contains information from a confidential document. 22 23 24 25 26 27 28