interrogatories," that Plaintiff served on November 11, 2023, explaining that Hanf returned his

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answers while Koehn did not. (ECF No. 39 at 1). Plaintiff does not explain how Hanf's responses were deficient. (*Id.*). Plaintiff also moves to compel Koehn and Hanf to produce documents in response to requests for production that Plaintiff served on February 14, 2024. (*Id.* at 2). Defendants respond and assert that Plaintiff did not meet and confer before moving to compel. (ECF No. 40). Plaintiff did not reply.

The Court denies Plaintiff's motion to compel without prejudice as premature. While Plaintiff suggests that Hanf's responses to interrogatories were incomplete, he does not explain how, point out which interrogatories Hanf did not fully respond to, or provide the text of the Hanf's responses as required in Local Rule 26-6(b). And while it appears that Koehn's responses to Plaintiff's interrogatories were very late, it is unclear if this delay could have been resolved through the parties meeting and conferring. Because Plaintiff did not explain whether he met and conferred with Defendants regarding these responses before bringing his motion as required by Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 37(a)(1) and Local Rule 26-6(c), the Court denies his motion regarding his interrogatories.

Plaintiff also brought his motion to compel regarding his requests for production before Defendants' responses to those requests were due and without meeting and conferring before bringing the motion. Plaintiff served his requests for production on February 14, 2024 but filed his motion less than thirty days later, on February 28, 2024. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 34(b)(2)(A) (explaining that the party to whom the request is directed must respond in writing within 30 days after being served). The Court thus denies Plaintiff's motion regarding his requests for production.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Hanf's responses also appear to have been late, but neither party addresses this point. Defendants assert that Hanf served his responses to Plaintiff's November 11, 2023 requests on January 12, 2024. (ECF No. 40 at 3). Defendants do not explain whether they reached an agreement with Plaintiff to provide these responses beyond the thirty-day deadline. *See* Fed. R. Civ. P. 33(b)(2) (providing that a party responding to interrogatories must "serve its answers and objections within 30 days after being served with the interrogatories."). However, because neither side explains this delay, the Court does not address it further.