

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
DISTRICT OF NEVADA

1 Dana Scioli,

2 Case No.: 2:23-cv-01041-CDS-BNW

3 Plaintiff

4 v. 5 Order Adopting Report and  
6 Defendants 6 Recommendation of the Magistrate Judge  
7 United States of America, et al., 7 and Closing Case  
8 Defendants 8 [ECF No. 11]

9

10 On August 4, 2023, Magistrate Judge Brenda Weksler dismissed plaintiff Dana Scioli's  
11 complaint (ECF No. 1-1) without prejudice for failure to state a claim upon which relief can be  
12 granted, with leave to amend. Order, ECF No. 5. Rather than amend the complaint, Scioli  
13 appealed Judge Weksler's decision. Appeal, ECF No. 9. After finding that Judge Weksler's order  
14 was not clearly erroneous,<sup>1</sup> I denied Scioli's appeal, adopted Judge Weksler's order and, out of an  
15 abundance of caution, granted Scioli another opportunity to amend his complaint. Order, ECF  
16 No. 10. After finding that Scioli failed to file an amended complaint by the deadline, Judge  
17 Weksler recommended that Scioli's case be dismissed without prejudice. R&R, ECF No. 11.  
18 Scioli filed an appeal with the Ninth Circuit Court of Appeals on October 30, 2023. ECF No. 12.

19 I. Discussion

20 Despite Scioli's filing of an appeal of my order adopting the R&R, the district court  
21 retains jurisdiction because this circuit has long recognized an exception to the general rule—  
22 that a valid notice of appeal divests the district court of jurisdiction over all but tangential  
23 matters—when the appeal is taken from a non-final order or judgment. *Davidson v. Korman*, 2011  
24 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 71192, \*1-2 (citing *Est. of Conners by Meredith v. O'Connor*, 6 F.3d 656, 658 (9th Cir.  
25 1993)). Dismissals with leave to amend are not final orders and are not appealable. The Ninth

26 <sup>1</sup> A magistrate judge's order should only be set aside if it is clearly erroneous or contrary to law. Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(a); LR IB 3-1(a); 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(A). A magistrate judge's order is "clearly erroneous" if the court has "a definite and firm conviction that a mistake has been committed." *United States v. U.S. Gypsum Co.*, 333 U.S. 364, 395 (1948); *Burdick v. Comm'r IRS*, 979 F.2d 1369, 1370 (9th Cir. 1992).

1 Circuit has held that “a plaintiff, who has been given leave to amend, may not file a notice of  
2 appeal simply because he does not choose to file an amended complaint. A further district court  
3 determination must be obtained.” *WMX Techs., Inc. v. Miller*, 104 F.3d 1133, 1136 (9th Cir. 1997) (en  
4 banc). “Unless a plaintiff files in writing a notice of intent not to file an amended complaint, [a  
5 dismissal order with leave to amend] is not an appealable final decision.” *Lopez v. City of Needles*,  
6 *Cal.*, 95 F.3d 20, 22 (9th Cir. 1996). Accordingly, as the order at issue is not final or appealable  
7 and the appeal is based on this unappealable order, the district court retains jurisdiction to  
8 proceed.

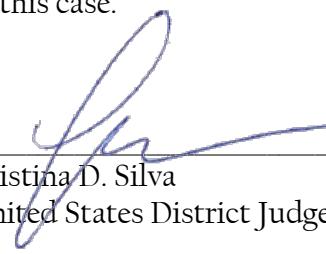
9 Judge Weksler’s latest R&R recommends that I dismiss Scioli’s complaint without  
10 prejudice and close the case for failure to file an amended complaint before the October 19, 2023,  
11 deadline. R&R, ECF No. 11. Under this district’s local rules, Scioli had until November 7, 2023,  
12 to file objections to the R&R. LR IB 3-2(a). As of the date of this order, no objections have been  
13 filed. Although I am not required to review Judge Weksler’s R&R<sup>2</sup>, I nonetheless reviewed it  
14 and the docket, and agree with her findings. Scioli has not filed an amended complaint, nor did  
15 he request any additional time to file one. Accordingly, I adopt the R&R.

16 **II. Conclusion**

17 IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that Magistrate Judge Weksler’s Report and  
18 Recommendation [ECF No. 11] is adopted in its entirety.

19 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the plaintiff’s complaint is dismissed without  
20 prejudice. The Clerk of Court is kindly instructed to close this case.

21 DATED: November 13, 2023

22   
23 Cristina D. Silva  
24 United States District Judge

25 <sup>2</sup> “[N]o review is required of a magistrate judge’s report and recommendation unless objections are filed.”  
26 *Schmidt v. Johnstone*, 263 F. Supp. 2d 1219, 1226 (D. Ariz. 2003); *see also Thomas v. Arn*, 474 U.S. 140, 150  
(1985); *United States v. Reyna-Tapia*, 328 F.3d 1114, 1121 (9th Cir. 2003).