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8 **UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**
9 **DISTRICT OF NEVADA**

10 ANTHONY ESSICK JOHNSON, an
individual,
11
12 Plaintiff,

13 vs.

14 WALMART, INC., WAL-MART REAL
ESTATE BUSINESS TRUST; DOES I
15 through XXX, inclusive and ROE BUSINESS
ENTITIES I through XXX, inclusive,
16
17 Defendants.

CASE NO.: 2:23-cv-01388-CDS-MDC

**STIPULATION AND ORDER TO
CONTINUE DISCOVERY PLAN
AND SCHEDULING ORDER
(FORUTH REQUEST)**

18 Plaintiff ANTHONY ESSICK JOHNSON (“Plaintiff”), by and through his attorneys of
19 record, RAMZY PAUL LADAH, ESQ. and BRANDON P. SMITH, ESQ., of the law firm LADAH
20 LAW FIRM, and Defendants WALMART, INC. and WAL-MART REAL ESTATE BUSINESS
21 TRUST (hereinafter collectively referred to as “Defendants”), by and through their attorney of
22 record, KURT R. BONDS, ESQ. and TANYA M. FRASER, ESQ., of the law firm HALL &
23 EVANS, LLC, submit this **STIPULATION AND ORDER TO EXTEND DISCOVERY
24 DEADLINES (FOURTH REQUEST)** pursuant to LR 26-4 for the Court’s consideration.

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I.

DISCOVERY COMPLETED TO DATE

1. A Rule 26(f) Case Conference was held and a Discovery Plan/Scheduling Order was filed.
2. Plaintiff served initial FRCP 26(e)(1) disclosures.
3. Defendants served initial FRCP 26(e)(1) disclosures.
4. Plaintiff served a first supplement to FRCP 26(e)(1) disclosures.
5. Plaintiff propounded his first set of requests for production to Defendant Walmart, Inc., to which Defendant Walmart, Inc., responded.
6. Plaintiff propounded his first set of interrogatories to Defendant Walmart, Inc., to which Defendant Walmart, Inc., responded.
7. Plaintiff propounded his first set of requests for admissions to Defendant Walmart, Inc., to which Defendant Walmart, Inc., responded.
8. Defendant Walmart, Inc. propounded its first set of requests for production to Plaintiff, to which Plaintiff responded.
9. Defendant Walmart, Inc. propounded its first set of interrogatories to Plaintiff, to which Plaintiff responded.
10. Defendant Walmart, Inc. propounded its first set of requests for admission to Plaintiff, to which Plaintiff responded.
11. Defendant Walmart, Inc. served its first supplement to its FRCP 26(a) disclosures.
12. Plaintiff served a second supplement to FRCP 26(a) disclosures and an initial designation of their expert witnesses and documents.
13. Defendant Walmart, Inc. served its second supplemental 26(a) disclosures.
14. Defendant Walmart, Inc. served its initial expert disclosures.
15. Plaintiff served a third supplement to FRCP 26(a) disclosures and their first supplement to their expert witness and documents disclosures.
16. Plaintiff served a fourth supplement to FRCP 26(a) disclosures and their rebuttal expert designation.
17. Defendant Walmart, Inc. served its rebuttal expert disclosures.

1 18. Deposition of Plaintiff has been taken.

2 **II.**

3 **DISCOVERY TO BE COMPLETED**

- 4 1. Depositions of the Defendant's 30(b)(6) representative(s).
5 2. Depositions of percipient witnesses.
6 3. Depositions of Plaintiff's treating physicians.
7 4. Depositions of experts.
8 5. Additional written discovery as needed.

9 **III.**

10 **GOOD CAUSE EXISTS FOR THE EXTENSION**

11 **A. Excusable Neglect can be Proven as an Exception to Submission of Stipulation within**
12 **21 Days of Expert Deadline**

13 A request to extend unexpired deadlines in the scheduling order must be premised on a
14 showing of good cause. Fed. R. Civ. P. 16(b)(4); Local Rule 26-3. Further, "[a] request made within
15 21 days of the subject deadline must be supported by a showing of good cause." Local Rule 26-3.
16 The good cause analysis turns on whether the subject deadlines cannot reasonably be met despite
17 the exercise of diligence. *Johnson v. Mammoth Recreations, Inc.*, 975 F.2d 604, 610 (9th Cir. 1992).
18 In making this determination, courts consider whether relief from the scheduling order is sought
19 based on the development of matters that could not have been reasonably anticipated at the time the
20 schedule was established. *E.g., Jackson v. Laureate, Inc.*, 186 F.R.D. 605, 608 (E.D. Cal. 1999).
21 Lastly, "[w]hen a request to extend case management deadlines is made by stipulation, courts may
22 consider the joint nature of the request in deciding whether the circumstances warrant an amendment
23 to the scheduling order." *Williams v. James River Grp.*, 627 F.Supp. 3d 1172, 1178 (D. Nev. 2022).

24 When a request for relief from case management deadlines is made after the deadline has
25 expired, an additional showing of excusable neglect must be made. *Branch Banking & Trust Co.*
26 *v. DMSI, LLC*, 871 F.3d 751, 764-65 (9th Cir. 2017); *see also* Local Rule 26-3. The excusable
27 neglect analysis is guided by factors that include (1) the danger of prejudice to the opposing party;
28 (2) the length of the delay and its potential impact on the proceedings; (3) the reason for the delay;

1 and (4) whether the movant acted in good faith. *Branch Banking*, 871 F.3d at 765. Magistrate judges
2 have broad discretion to manage the discovery process “in the interests of dispatch and fairness.” *V5*
3 *Techs. v. Switch, Ltd.*, 332 F.R.D. 356, 361 (D. Nev. 2019); *see also Hallett v. Morgan*, 296 F.3d
4 732, 751 (9th Cir. 2002).

5 Good cause exists in this case to grant a discovery extension. Both parties in this case are
6 agreeable to the stipulated extension of time as to continue diligently conducting discovery of this
7 matter showing no prejudice to either party in the interest of fairness to both parties. While the parties
8 were working diligently to progress this case, Defendant’s counsel experienced personal conflicts,
9 including tragic deaths in the family along with pre-arranged extended vacation time. These
10 instances have created scheduling conflicts regarding the remaining depositions. Further, Defendant
11 wishes to depose both of Plaintiff’s children which has required specialized scheduling arrangements
12 to ensure that a guardian be present. Finally, recent rebuttal expert disclosures have revealed the
13 need to take additional depositions, and this need cannot be met within the currently established
14 deadlines. This request will not impact the trial date as this matter has not yet been set for trial. No
15 prejudice will arise to either party, as both parties agree an extension is warranted in light of the
16 deposition scheduling conflicts.

17 The "good cause" standard is liberally construed to ensure that cases are tried on their merits, not
18 technicalities. *See Ahanchion v. Kenan Pictures*, 624 F.3d 1253 (9th Cir. 2010); *see also Wong v.*
19 *Regents of the Univ. of Cal.*, 410 F.3d 1052, 1060 (9th Cir. 2005) ("Deadlines must not be enforced
20 mindlessly, of course.") Local Rule 26-3 sets additional requirements and provides that motions
21 submitted within 21 days of the date they seek to change must show good cause. LR 26-3.
22 *Dae Sung Hi Tech. Co., LTD v. D&B Sales, Inc.*, 2023 U.S. Dist. LEXIS 132973, *1-2. Defendant
23 has been working to identify and retain 30(b)(6) representatives to be deposed, as well as identifying
24 those individuals that still need to be deposed to obtain a proper factual understanding of the case at
25 issue. The extension of time allows for Plaintiff to not be prejudiced by the lack of available
26 admissible evidence for their lawsuit. As both parties are willing and agreeable to an extension of
27 time to complete discovery, it is in the Court’s best interest to grant as not to waste the Court’s time
28 and resources in adjudicating the case for its merits.

1 Accordingly, the parties respectfully request an extension of the current deadlines as
2 indicated below. This is the fourth request for an extension of discovery in this matter.

3 IV.

4 **PROPOSED SCHEDULE FOR COMPLETING REMAINING DISCOVERY**

5 DISCOVERY	6 CURRENT DEADLINE	7 PROPOSED DEADLINE
8 Add Parties and Amend Pleadings	9 CLOSED	10 CLOSED
11 Initial Expert Disclosure	12 CLOSED	13 CLOSED
14 Rebuttal Expert Disclosure	15 August 7, 2024	16 CLOSED
17 Close of Discovery	18 September 6, 2024	19 December 5, 2024
20 Dispositive Motions	21 October 7, 2024	22 January 6, 2025
23 Joint Pretrial Order	24 November 6, 2024	25 February 4, 2025

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V.

CURRENT TRIAL DATE

No trial date has been set.

This Stipulation is not made for purposes of undue delay of discovery or trial in this matter but is submitted in the interest of realizing a trial on the merits.

DATED this 27th day of August, 2024.

DATED this 27th day of August, 2024.

LADAH LAW FIRM

HALL & EVANS, LLC

/s/ Brandon P. Smith
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ORDER

IT IS SO ORDERED:

DATED: 9/24/24



Hon. Maximiliano D. Couvillier III
United States Magistrate Judge

Submitted by:
HALL & EVANS, LLC

/s/ Kurt R. Bonds
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