1	Procedure 60(b) the court may relieve a party from a final judgment or order for the following
2	reasons:
3	(1) mistake, inadvertence, surprise, or excusable neglect; (2) newly discovered evidence that, with reasonable diligence, could not have
4	been discovered in time to move for a new trial under Rule 59(b); (3)
5	fraud (whether previously called intrinsic or extrinsic), misrepresentation, or misconduct by an opposing party; (4) the
6	judgment is void; (5) the judgment has been satisfied, released, or discharged, it is based on an earlier judgment that has been reversed or
7	vacated, or applying it prospectively is no longer equitable; or (6) any other reason that justifies relief.
8	Motions to reconsider are generally left to the discretion of the trial court. See Herbst v. Cook, 260
9	F.3d 1039, 1044 (9th Cir. 2001). As with the previous post-judgment motions, the most recent
10	filings by petitioner shall be denied because he has failed to demonstrate how any new evidence,
11	now available or suggested to exist but awaiting discovery, would have a favorable impact on his
12	conviction or sentence.
13	Additionally, the clerk shall be advised that no further pleadings, motions, or other
14	documents will be accepted or filed in this action.
15	IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that all pending motions in this matter (docket dockets
16	#92, #93, #94, # 96 and #97) are DENIED .
17	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk shall not accept or file any further documents,
18	motions, or correspondence received from petitioner in this matter.
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20	Dated this 8 th day of April, 2010.
21	Eldrihe
22	Owload
23	LARRY R. HICKS
24	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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