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| 14 | 4 NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF) 4 CORRECTIONS, et al.,) | | |
| 15 | 5 Defendants. | | |
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| 17 | Presently before the court is plaintiff Doyle Lancaster's motion for recusal of magistrate judge. | | |
| 18 | (Doc. #72). To date, no response has been filed. | | |
| 19 | Plaintiff has also filed a motion to stay this action pending resolution of the motion for recusal | | |
| 20 | 0 of the magistrate judge. (Doc. #89). The defendants have | of the magistrate judge. (Doc. #89). The defendants have responded (doc. #94), and the plaintiff has | |
| 21 | replied, (doc. #98). | | |
| 22 | The presiding judge determines whether recusal is warranted. United States v. Azhocar, 581 | | |
| 23 | F.2d 735, 867–68 (9th Cir. 1978). The statute governing recusal, 28 U.S.C. § 455, is broad, requiring | | |
| 24 | recusal "in any proceeding in which [a judge's] impartiality might reasonably be questioned." Liljeberg | | |
| 25 | v. Health Serv. Acquisition Corp., 486 U.S. 847, 860 n.8 (1988). | | |
| 26 | However, section 455 recusal is not unlimited - the source of any alleged bias must be | | |
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extrajudicial. *Liteky v. United States*, 510 U.S. 540 (1994). Judicial bias or prejudice formed during
 current or prior proceedings is insufficient for recusal unless the judge's actions "display a deep-seated
 favoritism or antagonism that would make fair judgment impossible." *Id.* at 541; *Pesnell v. Arsenault*,
 543 F.3d 1038, 1044 (9th Cir. 2008). Thus, judicial rulings will support a motion for recusal only "in
 the rarest of circumstances." *Liteky*, 510 U.S. at 555.

Here, plaintiff lacks a reasonable, factual basis for questioning Magistrate Judge McQuaid's
impartiality. Plaintiff cites the December 4, 2006, screening order (doc. #9) and the November 16, 2010,
minute order (doc. #59) denying his motion for appointment of counsel (doc. #56) as evidence of bias.
However, these rulings, formed while Magistrate Judge McQuaid presided over the matter, will not
support disqualification. *Liteky*, 510 U.S. at 555. Plaintiff cites no extra-judicial facts indicating a "deepseated favoritism or antagonism." *Id.* at 541. Accordingly, recusal is not necessary in this case.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, ADJUDGED, AND DECREED that the plaintiff's motion for
recusal of Magistrate Judge McQuaid (doc. #72) be, and the same hereby is, DENIED.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the plaintiff's motion to stay (doc. #89) is hereby DENIED
as moot.

Dated this 16th day of March, 2011.

un C. Maha UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE