1 2 3 4 5 6		FILED
7		ES DISTRICT COURT
8	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
9 10	IAMES GOODALL ID	
10 11	JAMES GOODALL, JR.,) Petitioner,)	3:07-CV-0629-ECR-RAM
11	VS.	
13	STATE OF NEVADA, et al.,	ORDER
14	Respondents.	
15)	
16		
17	This is a <i>pro se</i> petition for writ of habeas corpus pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2254.	
tate Of Nevada et al 18	Respondents have moved to dismiss the petition on the bases of exhaustion and procedural default	
19	(docket #25). After multiple extensions of time to offer his response or opposition to the motion to	
20	dismiss, petitioner filed a motion for stay and abeyance (docket #32) of the petition. Respondents	
21	have opposed that motion (docket # 33) and petitioner has not filed a reply, although the time for	
22	doing so has expired.	
23		granted and the motion for stay and abeyance shall be
24	denied.	
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Respondents' motion to dismiss relies on two theories: (1) that Ground One¹ of the
petition is unexhausted, and (2) that Grounds Two and Three are procedurally defaulted. Petitioner
has not argued that Ground One is exhausted, and by his motion for stay and abeyance, appears to
conceded that it is not. Neither has he addressed the issue of procedural default, failing to make any
attempt to argue against the default of to provide a showing of cause and prejudice to overcome such
a default, if it exists. *Coleman v. Thompson*, 501 U.S. 722, 750 (1991).

7 Under the Local Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 7-2, failure of a party to present
8 points and authorities in opposition to a motion "shall constitute a consent to the granting of the
9 motion." Thus, the motion to dismiss shall be granted for petitioner's failure to oppose dismissal.

As for petitioner's motion for stay and abeyance, the court finds it insufficient to 10 warrant the requested relief. First, although petitioner recognizes the role of Rhines v. Weber, 544 11 U.S. 269 (2005), in the context of exhaustion and stay and abeyance, he has completely failed to 12 address the points Rhines identifies as perquisite to obtaining such a stay. Rhines cautioned that a 13 stay-and-abeyance "should be available only in limited circumstances," and is appropriate only when 14 the district court determines that there was "good cause" for the failure to exhaust and where the 15 court finds that the claims are not clearly meritless. Id. at 278. Thus, it is incumbent upon the 16 petitioner to demonstrate to the court that he has good cause for his failure to exhaust and that he 17 claims merit review. In this instance, despite having this obligation highlighted by respondents, 18 petitioner did not take the opportunity to provide such argument in a reply brief. Moreover, a review 19 of the unexhausted claim, Ground One, supports a finding that the claim is meritless. There is no 20constitutional requirement that a state court appoint counsel to assist a petitioner in any post-21 conviction review. Coleman, 501 U.S. at 752; Johnson v. Avery, 393 U.S. 483, 488 (1969). Thus, 22 there is no constitutional violation presented in this claim warranting this court's review. 23

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¹ It is of note that respondents' argument against Ground One is more rightly focused on it lack of viability as a federal constitutional claim. The claim argues that petitioner's rights to due process and equal protection were violated because the state district court failed to appoint him counsel to assist him with his state post-conviction habeas petition and failed to conduct an evidentiary hearing in order to allow him to develop the facts to support his claims. *See* Petition (docket #9), pp. 4-6.

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1	This leave the court with but one conclusion - that petitioner has no bases to oppose	
2	dismissal of either the unexhausted claim or those that are procedurally defaulted. The court,	
3	therefore, shall grant the motion.	
4	IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that the motion to dismiss (docket #25) is	
5	GRANTED.	
6	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the motion for stay and abeyance (docket #32) is	
7	DENIED.	
8	The Clerk shall enter judgment accordingly.	
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10	Dated this $logical day of August, 2010.$	
11	Edward C. Rud.	
12	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	
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