II. Discussion

In their motion, plaintiffs argue that a jury trial on their claims for contribution is unnecessary because their claims sound in equity. *See* Doc. #112. Although plaintiffs are correct that Mach 4 has no specific right to a jury trial on plaintiffs' claims for contribution, the court may utilize a jury to provide advisory findings of fact. *See Everest Capital Ltd. v. Everest Funds Mgmt. LLC*, 393 F.3d 755, 762 (8th Cir. 2005). Here, because a jury will already be present in this consolidated trial to address various claims arising in member case no. 3:09-cv-0565, the court finds that utilizing that jury to provide advisory findings of fact on plaintiffs' claims would be useful to assist the court in determining any disputed issues of material fact. Therefore, the court shall deny plaintiffs' motion to strike Mach 4's jury demand.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that plaintiffs' motion to strike jury demand (Doc. #112) is DENIED.

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UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

LARRY R. HICKS

IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED this 17th day of November, 2011.