1 2 3 4 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 5 DISTRICT OF NEVADA 6 KARON J. NELSON et al., 7 Plaintiffs, 8 3:11-cv-00562-RCJ-WGC vs. 9 FIRST HORIZON HOME LOAN CORP. et al., **ORDER** 10 Defendants. 11 12 This is a standard foreclosure case involving one property. The Complaint is a MERS-13 conspiracy-type complaint listing nine causes of action: (1) Debt Collection Violations under 14 Chapter 649; (2) Deceptive Trade Practices under Chapter 598; (3) Unfair Lending Practices 15 under Chapter 598D; (4) Violation of the Covenant of Good Faith and Fair Dealing; (5) 16 Violations of section 107.080; (6) Quiet Title; (7) Fraud; (8) Slander of Title; and (9) Abuse of 17 Process. The case is not part of Case No. 2:09-md-02119-JAT in the District of Arizona but 18 appears eligible for transfer. Defendants have separately moved to dismiss. For the reasons 19 given herein, the Court grants the motions in part. 20 I. THE PROPERTY 21 Karon J. and Michael K. Nelson gave lender First Horizon Home Loan Corp. ("First 22 Horizon") a \$642,300 promissory note to purchase real property at 2980 Savona Dr., Sparks, NV 23 89434 (the "Property"). (See Deed of Trust ("DOT") 1–3, Dec. 11, 2006, ECF No. 7-1). Ticor 24 Title of Nevada ("Ticor Title") was the trustee and Mortgage Electronic Registration Systems, 25 Inc. ("MERS") was the lender's "nominee." (Id. 2). Plaintiffs gave a second promissory note for

1	\$120,500 to the same lender and trustee. (<i>See</i> Second DOT 1–2, Dec. 11, 2006, ECF No. 9-9).
2	MERS assigned the note and DOT to The Bank of New York Mellon, f.k.a. The Bank of New
3	York ("Mellon") as trustee for a mortgage-backed security. (See Assignment, Oct. 27, 2009,
4	ECF No. 7-2). Mellon substituted Quality Loan Service Corp. ("QLS") as trustee. (See
5	Substitution, Dec. 6, 2010, ECF No. 7-3). QLS filed the notice of default ("NOD") based on a
6	default of unspecified amount as of April 1, 2009. (See NOD, Oct. 8, 2009, ECF No. 7-4). The
7	foreclosure may have been statutorily improper, because QLS filed the NOD before it was
8	substituted as trustee. See Nev. Rev. Stat. § 107.080(2)(c) (2009). Also, because QLS filed the
9	NOD before the party that later substituted QLS as the trustee even had the beneficial interest, it
10	is not clear Mellon can ratify QLS's filing of the NOD, because QLS cannot have purported to
11	act as Mellon's agent before Mellon had the beneficial interest. See Restatement (Third) of
12	Agency § 4.03 & cmt. b. QLS noticed a trustee's sale for August 1, 2011. (See Notice of Sale
13	("NOS"), July 1, 2011, ECF No. 7-5). The Property is not eligible for the state Foreclosure
14	Mediation Program. (See FMP Certificate, Feb. 18, 2010, ECF No. 9-13).
15	II. ANALYSIS
16	The foreclosure appears to have been statutorily improper. The remaining claims fail for
17	reasons given in substantively identical cases.
18	CONCLUSION
19	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that the Motions to Dismiss (ECF Nos. 7, 9) are GRANTED
20	in part and DENIED in part. All claims are dismissed except those for statutorily defective
21	foreclosure under section 107.080(2)(c) and quiet title.
22	IT IS SO ORDERED.
23	Dated this 6th day of December, 2011.
24	ROBERT C. ONES
25	United States District Judge