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6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
7	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
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9	ANTHONY CROSS,) 3:13-cv-00433-MMD-WGC	
10	Plaintiff, ORDER	
11	vs. Re: ECF No. 266	
12	RON JAEGER, et al.,	
13	Defendants.	
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15	Before the court is Plaintiff's "Motion to Reopen the Discovery Requests." (ECF No. 266.). ¹ As	
16	discussed in this order, the court grant's Plaintiff's motion in limited part and denies Plaintiff's request	
17	for any other discovery.	
18	The Local Rules of the United States District Court require a party seeking to re-open discovery	
19	to include a statement by the movant providing a "specific description of the discovery that remains to	
20	be completed." LR 26-4(b). Although Plaintiff's motion does not provide the "specific description" of	
21	his proposed discovery, as best as the court can discern, Plaintiff seeks to re-open discovery as to two	
22	issues: one relates to Defendant Jaeger's status as a "shift supervisor" or whether Jaeger had the	
23	authority to process Plaintiff's emergency grievance, and the other seeks production of SDCC	
24	"emergency grievance procedure." ²	
25	The court will address the two components of Plaintiff's request to re-open discovery.	
26	I. Shift Supervisor Status	
27	Plaintiff's motion for additional discovery regarding Defendant Jaeger's status as a shift	
28	¹ Refers to court's Electronic Case Filing number.	
	 ² SDCC is the Southern Desert Correctional Center. 	
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1	supervisor or his authority to process Plaintiff's emergency grievance has been addressed on multiple
2	prior occasions. Most recently, Plaintiff requested clarification of the court's August 4, 2015 ruling
3	denying any further discovery into this issue. In an attempt to resolve any issue as to Plaintiff's repeated
4	requests for additional discovery on the shift supervisor issue, the court first summarized Defendant
5	Jaeger's response on any NDOC or SDCC regulations which cloaked him with putative authority to
6	process Plaintiff's emergency grievance:
7 8	Defendant has admitted he processed Plaintiff's emergency grievance. Although still contending he had the requisite authority as "segregation sergeant and thus a shift supervisor for purposes of AR 740" (Doc. # 197
9	at I), he admits there is no specific Nevada Department of Corrections administrative regulation or operating procedure which specifically authorized Defendant Jaeger to respond to the emergency grievance. (<i>Id.</i>)
10 11	To the extent there is any relevance what Defendant Jaeger's grant of authority was from NDOC, that issue is resolved.
12	(ECF No. 201.)
13	The court again concluded that discovery had run more than its full course as to this issue stating that:
14	Thus, in the court's mind, the issue about what authority Sgt. Jaeger had – or did not have – has been unequivocally identified. The court does not see how the additional discovery Plaintiff proposes will elucidate any
15	additional information relevant to the only viable claims, which are "the claims under the First Amendment and Article 1, Section 9 of the Nevada
16 17	Constitution against the defendants for alleged retaliation and/or interference with Plaintiff's ability to pursue a disciplinary appeal and grievance." (Doc. # 6 at 3.)
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	(Id.) The meand reflects that District Index Dr. on consideration of Disintiff's chieving to this
19 20	The record reflects that District Judge Du, on consideration of Plaintiff's objections to this
	court's multiple "shift supervisor discovery rulings," affirmed this court's analysis:
21	Judge Cobb found that Plaintiff and Defendant were engaged in a dispute over semantics irrelevant to Plaintiff's claims. (<i>Id.</i>) That is, the question
22 23	of whether Jaeger should more accurately describe himself as a supervisor of an "entire institution" or a "mere unit supervisor" is irrelevant because Jaeger's responses have already indicated that he was a shift supervisor
	on the relevant date and had the authority to respond or address Plaintiff's
24 25	grievance, which is all that is relevant to Plaintiff's claim that Jaeger interfered with his grievance. (<i>Id.</i>) Judge Cobb also noted that Jaeger
25 26	provided NDOC documents defining what a shift supervisor is and explaining his or her responsibilities. Judge Cobb further noted that Jaeger stated that he does not recall Plaintiff filing an emergency
20 27	grievance on the relevant date. (<i>Id.</i>)
27 28	Plaintiff's objection argues that Jaeger was not the shift supervisor and it was therefore not his obligation to answer Plaintiff's emergency
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grievance. (Dkt. no. 137.) The Court agrees with Judge Cobb that Plaintiff's request has been sufficiently addressed. It is clear that Plaintiff does not like the response provided by Jaeger but Plaintiff has failed to demonstrate that Judge Cobb committed clear error in determining that the response was sufficient.

4 (ECF No. 211 at 2-3.)

Plaintiff's motion provides no new rationale or explanation as to why more discovery is required
on this issue. Therefore, the court **denies** Plaintiff's motion to the extent Plaintiff seeks to undergo
additional discovery on the shift supervisor issue.

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II. SDCC Operational Procedures on Emergency Grievances

Plaintiff fails to identify with specificity exactly what new or additional discovery he wants to
undertake with regard to SDCC Operational Procedures regarding emergency grievances. Plaintiff
outlines what appear to be informal requests he made in May of this year to the Ely State Prison (ESP)
Library³ for "O.P.s from other facilities" which include a list of approximately 20 OPs from SDCC.
(ECF No. 266 at 8-13.) On June 26, 2015, the ESP Library declined to provide Mr. Cross most of the
operational procedures he requested. (*Id.*, at 14.)

Plaintiff does not outline or summarize what requests he made to Defendant during discovery
for such materials, but states that Defendant submitted to him "another so-called version of SDCC-OP
#740." (*id.*, at 2.) Plaintiff has challenged the Defendant's production of the relevant operational
procedures at SDCC for processing emergency grievances. However, Plaintiff has not attached any of
the formal discovery requests.

As best as the court can ascertain from Defendant's filings, it appears that Defendant first produced documents relating to SDCC procedures for processing emergency grievances in March of this year. In ECF No. 115-1, Defendant advised the court that in response to Plaintiff's request for production No. 5, Plaintiff was previously provided Nevada Department of Corrections (NDOC) Administrative Regulation (AR) 740, "Inmate Grievance Procedure" effective 9/16/14 NDOC 0113-0126.

Defendant's supplemental response further indicated he produced to Plaintiff as NDOC 01680209, a copy of SDCC Operational Procedure (OP) 740, which was in effect in September 2011. (ECF

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³ Plaintiff was then housed at ESP.

No. 115-1 at 7, 3/9/15.) However, Plaintiff replied in ECF No. 126 that Defendant produced an SDCC 1 2 OP that was not in effect until October 2011: Plaintiff requested the September 2011 version: 3 Request No. 5: Plaintiff accepts the AR740 version in effect February 12, 2010 until June of 2014. However, the SDCC O.P. #740 went in effect on October 1, 2011; it was not in effect in September 2011, as Defendant 4 alleged. Plaintiff is requesting the version that was in effect in September, 5 2011. (ECF No. 126 at 3 of 95.) 6 7 The court cannot ascertain whether Defendant supplemented his response regarding Plaintiff's request (ECF No. 126) for the SDCC OP which was in effect on the date of the incident.⁴ 8 9 The next time the SDCC OP matter came to the attention of the court was when the court recently noted the declaration of Associate Warden Adams in support of Defendant's motion for summary 10 judgment referenced SDCC OP 740.03(7). (ECF No. 231, 231-7, 9/18/15.) Warden Adams stated that 11 12 "SDCC 740.03(7) outlines how emergency grievances are resolved at SDCC." (Id., at 3.) 13 However, it does not appear that SDCC OP 740 accompanied Warden Adams declaration. Instead, the Defendant later filed an Errata which produced a copy of OP 740. (ECF No. 248.) It was later 14 15 discovered that the version submitted with the Errata was not in effect on the date in question. In the 16 meantime, this court granted Plaintiff's motion for reconsideration (ECF No. 242) in part and directed 17 that SDCC OP 740.03(7) be filed under seal and made available to Plaintiff at Ely State Prison. (ECF No. 253 at 2.) 18 19 On October 28, 2015, Defendant filed an actual copy of SDCC OP 740 (not under seal) which was 20 the version in effect on September 30, 2011. (ECF No. 254.) A copy of that document was mailed to Plaintiff as any assertions of confidentiality were waived by Defendant. On November 10, 2015, 21 22 Defendant's counsel summarized the document production history of SDCC operational procedures 23 regarding emergency grievances as follows: 24 Defendant submitted a supplemental Response to Plaintiff's Request for Production of Documents [Set 2] on March 9, 2015. (#115-1). The response to request no. 5 included a copy of Southern Desert Correctional 25 Center Operational Procedure 740. (Id. at 7). Plaintiff argues that he subsequently raised the issue of the effective date of the OP on March 23. 26 27 ⁴ Discovery responses are generally not filed with the court, and typically the court would only see any responses 28 or supplemental responses in connection with motion practice. Local Rule 26-7(a). Plaintiff states he has "filed an objection to the document" but does not cite to any objection.

2015. (#259 at 2-3; #126 at 3). However, during a subsequent motion 1 hearing on Plaintiff's motion to compel, Plaintiff did not raise the issue 2 and the Court found the supplement to be sufficient. (#168 at 5). Due to the sheer number of filings by Plaintiff, counsel does not recall Plaintiff 3 raising the issue with the Court or requesting a new copy until he filed his opposition to Defendant's Motion for Summary Judgment. 4 Defendant did not purposefully withhold OP 740 from Plaintiff as the 5 document is not confidential. Furthermore, the two versions of the OP procedure are nearly identical. The OP was submitted by Defendant to demonstrate that the correct grievance procedure was followed for 6 processing the emergency grievance. This is not a "new" piece of information. Plaintiff was given a copy of this OP early in the litigation. 7 The OP submitted in the errata superseded the 2003 version, which was in 8 turn replaced by the October 1, 2011, version. (ECF No. 261 at 1-2.)⁵ 9 10 The court is concerned that although the OP, or OPs, submitted by Warden Adams may not be 11 a "new piece of information," nevertheless it is possible, although not probable in the court's opinion, the recent production of the OP which was in effect on the date of the incident may somehow impact 12 13 Plaintiff's theory of recovery or the parties' motions for summary judgment (Plaintiff's, ECF No. 222, 14 9/10/15; Defendant's, ECF No 231, 9/18/15). 15 Having reviewed both versions of the SDCC Operational Procedures on emergency grievances, 16 the court discerns little substantive difference between SDCC OP 740 in effect in September 2011 versus 17 that version which followed. The court notes that Plaintiff's motion for summary judgment did not reference any version of SDCC's operational procedure, so its relevance to this litigation may be 18 19 marginal. Instead, Plaintiff requested the court to order Defendant to produce a copy of Ely State Prison's 20 (ESP) operational procedure on grievances, not SDCC's. The court found ESP's procedures to be irrelevant to the processing of Plaintiff's grievance at SDCC and denied Plaintiff's request. (ECF No. 21 22 253.) 23 The court is not inclined to re-open discovery altogether with regard to the SDCC OP. However, 24 the court needs additional information. Therefore, by **December 11, 2015**: 25 (1) Defendant shall file a notice of the dates when the relevant version of SDCC OP 740 was provided Plaintiff, along with supporting documents pertaining thereto. 26 27 ⁵ The Errata supersedes the version of OP 740 (effective 10/1/2011) which was originally submitted as Exhibit F 28 in support of the Defendants' response to Plaintiff's motion for summary judgment (ECF No. 234-6) and earlier as Exhibit F in support of Defendant's motion for summary judgment (ECF No. 231-6).

1	(2) Plaintiff shall file a notice of relevance of SDCC OP 740, including a statement outlining
2	a) when he received the September 2011 version of SDCC OP 740;
3	b) what substantive distinction exists between the September 2011 an October 2011 versions
4	of SDCC OP 740 and how those distinctions, if any, impact Plaintiff's case; and,
5	c) what specific new discovery Plaintiff proposes should be undertaken with respect to SDCC
6	OP 740.
7	The court will calendar a discovery conference on this case after December 11, 2015. When
8	evaluating whether any additional discovery is appropriate, this court will again follow District Judge
9	Du's evaluation of the constitutional issues this case presents:
10	It is established law that an inmate does not have a constitutional right to
11 12	have his grievances either decided or processed in a particular manner. See, e.g., Seely v. Gibbons, 2013 WL 6440206 (9th Cir. Dec. 10, 2013); Ramirez v. Galaza, 334 F.3d 850, 860 (9th Cir. 2003.
12	(ECF No. 6 at 2.)
	IT IS SO ORDERED.
15	DATED: November 30, 2015.
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17	William G. Cobb- WILLIAM G. COBB
18	UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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