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6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
7	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
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10	MAX REED,	Case No. 3:14-cv-00313-MMD-VPC
11	Plaintiff,	ORDER ACCEPTING AND ADOPTING
12	NEVADA DEPARTMENT OF	REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION OF MAGISTRATE JUDGE
13	CORRECTIONS, et al.,	VALERIE P. COOKE
14	Defendants.	
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16	Before the Court is the Report and Recommendation of United States Magistrate	
17	Judge Valerie P. Cooke (ECF No. 127.) ("R&R") relating to Plaintiff's identical motions	
18	for a temporary restraining order and preliminary injunction ("Motion"). (ECF Nos. 96,	
19	97.) Plaintiff had until May 14, 2016, to object to the R&R. To date, no objection has	
20	been filed.	
21	This Court "may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the findings or	
22	recommendations made by the magistrate judge." 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Where a party	
23	timely objects to a magistrate judge's report and recommendation, then the court is	
24	required to "make a de novo determination of those portions of the [report and	
25	recommendation] to which objection is made." 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Where a party fails	
26	to object, however, the court is not required to conduct "any review at all of any issue	
27	that is not the subject of an objection." 7	Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140, 149 (1985).

28 Indeed, the Ninth Circuit has recognized that a district court is not required to review a

magistrate judge's report and recommendation where no objections have been filed. See 1 2 United States v. Reyna-Tapia, 328 F.3d 1114 (9th Cir. 2003) (disregarding the standard 3 of review employed by the district court when reviewing a report and recommendation to which no objections were made); see also Schmidt v. Johnstone, 263 F. Supp. 2d 1219, 4 5 1226 (D. Ariz. 2003) (reading the Ninth Circuit's decision in *Reyna-Tapia* as adopting the 6 view that district courts are not required to review "any issue that is not the subject of an 7 objection."). Thus, if there is no objection to a magistrate judge's recommendation, then 8 the court may accept the recommendation without review. See, e.g., Johnstone, 263 F. 9 Supp. 2d at 1226 (accepting, without review, a magistrate judge's recommendation to 10 which no objection was filed).

Nevertheless, this Court finds it appropriate to engage in a *de novo* review to
determine whether to adopt Magistrate Judge Cooke's R&R. The Magistrate Judge
recommended that Plaintiff's Motion (ECF Nos. 96, 97) be denied. Upon reviewing the
R&R and the underlying briefs, this Court finds good cause to adopt the Magistrate
Judge's R&R in full.

16 It is therefore ordered, adjudged and decreed that the Report and
17 Recommendation of Magistrate Judge Valerie P. Cooke (ECF No. 127) is accepted and
18 adopted in its entirety.

19 It is ordered Plaintiff's Motion for a temporary restraining order and preliminary
20 injunction (ECF Nos. 96, 97) is denied.

21 It is further ordered that Plaintiff's motion to supplement his Motions (ECF No.
22 109) is granted.

It is further ordered that Plaintiff's motions requesting a status check on the status
of his Motions (ECF Nos. 114, 122) are denied as moot. Plaintiff's second motion
requesting a status check asks the Court to clarify what steps he may take to appeal the
Court's ruling in the event the Court denies his Motions. The Court cannot offer advisory
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1	ruling or give legal advice. Plaintiff should refer to 28 U.S.C. § 1292, which governs
2	appeals of interlocutory orders such as an order denying preliminary injunction.
3	DATED THIS 23 rd day of May 2016.
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5	/un
6	MIRANDA M. DU UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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