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Plaintiff claims he attempted to obtain information in discovery regarding Mr. Parsons' disciplinary history, but he states Defendant objected on grounds that it was confidential information about another inmate that Plaintiff as an inmate was not allowed to possess. (ECF No. 58 at 5, 6, 16.)

Plaintiff, however, does not provide any specific citation to the record where this information was requested in discovery but was denied. On the other hand, Defendant does not respond to Plaintiff's argument that the factual information and representations contained in Defendant's reply memorandum were the subject of Plaintiff's discovery to which Defendant objected on the grounds, as Plaintiff characterizes it, that Parson's disciplinary history was of a "confidential nature" and "inmates were not allowed to possess such information." (id. at 5.)

Plaintiff also points out the contradiction that Parson's disciplinary history was not filed under seal, thereby "injecting Parson's disciplinary history into public record." (id. at 5.) Also, Defendant's memorandum was served upon Plaintiff it its entirety, thereby allowing Plaintiff – and the public -- to have access to and possess this allegedly confidential information. (ECF No. 57 at 11.)

There may have been extenuating circumstances which justified the Defendant not producing this information in discovery, assuming Plaintiff had requested its production in some fashion and assuming Defendant objected to its production as Plaintiff contends. If so, utilizing that same objectionable information later in legal briefing is a practice which should not reoccur in the future.

CONCLUSION

While Plaintiff should have sought leave of court before filing the surreply, the court will excuse his error on this occasion in light of his pro se status. Plaintiff is advised that in the future he is required to seek leave of court before filing briefing beyond a motion, response or reply brief. LR 7-2(b)

The court has considered Plaintiff's argument of law and fact contained in his opposition ("surreply") to Defendant's reply memorandum as is addressed in greater detail in this court's Report and Recommendation of this date submitted to District Judge Miranda M. Du.

1	As a result, Defendant's motion to strike (ECF No. 59) is <u>DENIED</u> .	
2	IT IS SO ORDERED.	
3	DATED: July 1, 2016.	William G. Cobb
4		WILLIAM G. COBB UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE
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