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6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
7	DISTRICT OF NEVADA
8	* * *
9	JAMES CORGAN,
10	Plaintiff,
11	V. ORDER OF DISMISSAL WITH PREJUDICE
12	MIKE KEEMA, et al.,
13	Defendants.
14	
15	This case is on remand from the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth
16	Circuit (ECF No. 112). However, according to this Court's records, Plaintiff is no longer
17	at the address listed with the Court "this inmate paroled 04/09/2019." (ECF No. 114). The
18	Court notes that pursuant to Nevada Local Rule of Practice IA 3-1, a "pro se party must
19	immediately file with the court written notification of any change of mailing address, email
20	address, telephone number, or facsimile number. The notification must include proof of
21	service on each opposing party of the party's attorney. Failure to comply with this rule
22	may result in the dismissal of the action, entry of default judgment, or other sanctions as
23	deemed appropriate by the court." Nev. Loc. R. IA 3-1.
24	On April 26, 2019, Court Order (ECF No. 116) granted Plaintiff thirty (30) days from
25	the date of entry the order to file his updated address with the Court. Plaintiff has failed
26	to comply with the court's order within the allotted time.
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1 District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and "[i]n the 2 exercise of that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate . . . 3 dismissal" of a case. Thompson v. Hous. Auth. of City of Los Angeles, 782 F.2d 829, 831 4 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party's failure 5 to prosecute an action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. 6 See Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (dismissal for noncompliance 7 with local rule); Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 1992) (dismissal 8 for failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of complaint); Carey v. King, 856 9 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (dismissal for failure to comply with local rule requiring 10 pro se plaintiffs to keep court apprised of address); Malone v. U.S. Postal Service, 833 11 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (dismissal for failure to comply with court order); Henderson 12 v. Duncan, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (dismissal for lack of prosecution and 13 failure to comply with local rules).

In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey
a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the court must consider several factors:
(1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to
manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring
disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives. *Thompson*, 782 F.2d at 831; *Henderson*, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; *Malone*, 833 F.2d at 130; *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; *Ghazali*, 46 F.3d at 53.

21 In the instant case, the Court finds that the first two factors, the public's interest in 22 expeditiously resolving this litigation and the Court's interest in managing the docket, 23 weigh in favor of dismissal. The third factor, risk of prejudice to Defendants, also weighs 24 in favor of dismissal, since a presumption of injury arises from the occurrence of 25 unreasonable delay in filing a pleading ordered by the court or prosecuting an action. See 26 Anderson v. Air West, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor – public policy 27 favoring disposition of cases on their merits – is greatly outweighed by the factors in favor 28 of dismissal discussed herein. Finally, a court's warning to a party that his failure to obey

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the court's order will result in dismissal satisfies the "consideration of alternatives"
requirement. *Ferdik*, 963 F.2d at 1262; *Malone*, 833 F.2d at 132-33; *Henderson*, 779
F.2d at 1424. The Court's order requiring Plaintiff to file his updated address with the
Court within thirty days expressly stated: "It is further ordered that if Plaintiff fails to timely
comply with this order, the Court will dismiss this case with prejudice." (ECF No. 116).
Thus, Plaintiff had adequate warning that dismissal would result from his noncompliance
with the Court's order to file an updated address with the Court within thirty days.

8 IT IS ORDERED that this action is DISMISSED WITH PREJUDICE based on
9 Plaintiff's failure to file an updated address with the Court in compliance with this Court's
10 Order filed April 26, 2019 (ECF No. 116).

11 IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of Court shall enter judgment 12 accordingly and close the case.

DATED this 1<sup>st</sup> day of August, 2019.

D STATES DISTRICT JUDGE