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6	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT	
7	DISTRICT OF NEVADA	
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9	CHARLES WAYNE DEVERNA, JR.,	Case No. 3:15-cv-00384-MMD-WGC
10	Plaintiff, v.	ORDER ACCEPTING AND ADOPTING REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION OF
11	STATE OF NEVADA, <i>et. al.</i> ,	MAGISTRATE JUDGE WILLIAM G. COBB
12	Defendants.	
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14	I. SUMMARY	
15	Before the Court is the Report and Recommendation ("R&R") of United States	
16	Magistrate Judge William G. Cobb (ECF No. 32) relating to Defendant's motion to	
17	dismiss or, alternatively, motion for summary judgment ("Motion") (ECF Nos. 16, 24.)	
18	Plaintiff filed a response (ECF No. 28) and a cross-motion for summary judgment	
19	regarding the Eighth Amendment deliberate indifference claim ("Cross-Motion") (ECF	
20	No. 29). Defendants filed a reply in support of their motion (ECF No. 30), as well as a	
21	response to Plaintiff's cross-motion for summary judgment (ECF No. 30). Plaintiff filed an	
22	Objection to the R&R (ECF No. 34) and Defendants filed a response to Plaintiff's	
23	Objection (ECF No. 35).	
24	After careful review and for the reasons discussed below, the Court adopts the R&R	
25	in full.	
26	II. BACKGROUND	
27	Plaintiff, an inmate proceeding pro se, brought two claims pursuant to 42 U.S.C. §	
28	1983 arising out of incidents that occurred while he was placed at Northern Nevada	

Correctional Center ("NNCC").<sup>1</sup> (ECF No. 36 at 1.) In the Amended Screening Order, the
Court permitted Plaintiff to proceed with two claims arising from the Nevada Department
of Corrections' ("NDOC") failure to provide corrective surgery for Plaintiff's umbilical
hernia: (1) an Eighth Amendment deliberate indifference to serious medical needs claim;
and (2) an Americans with Disabilities Act/Rehabilitation Act ("ADA/RA") claim. (ECF No.
5 at 1-8.) The relevant background, which the Court adopts, is set out in the R&R. (*See*ECF No. 32 at 1-3.)

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## III. LEGAL STANDARD

This Court "may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the findings or 9 recommendations made by the magistrate judge." 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Where a party 10 timely objects to the magistrate judge's report and recommendation, then the court is 11 required to "make a de novo determination of those portions of the [report and 12 recommendation] to which objection is made." Id. In light of Plaintiff's objections, the 13 Court has engaged in a de novo review to determine whether to adopt Magistrate Judge 14 15 Cobb's recommendations. Where a party fails to object, however, the court is not required to conduct "any review at all . . . of any issue that is not the subject of an 16 17 objection." Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140, 149 (1985). Indeed, the Ninth Circuit has recognized that a district court is not required to review a magistrate judge's report and 18 recommendation where no objections have been filed. See United States v. Reyna-19 Tapia, 328 F.3d 1114 (9th Cir. 2003) (disregarding the standard of review employed by 20 the district court when reviewing a report and recommendation to which no objections 21 22 were made); see also Schmidt v. Johnstone, 263 F. Supp. 2d 1219, 1226 (D. Ariz. 2003) 23 (reading the Ninth Circuit's decision in *Reyna-Tapia* as adopting the view that district courts are not required to review any issue that is not the subject of an objection). Thus, 24 if there is no objection to a magistrate judge's recommendation, then the court may 25 26 accept the recommendation without review. See, e.g., Johnstone, 263 F. Supp. 2d at

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Plaintiff is currently placed at Warm Springs Correctional Center ("WSCC"). (ECF No. 32 at 14.)

1 1226 (accepting, without review, a magistrate judge's recommendation to which no
 2 objection was filed).

- IV. DISCUSSION
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## A. Deliberate Indifference Claim

Plaintiff's Objection (ECF No. 34) is two pages in length and contains seven pages of exhibits. Plaintiff makes no new arguments but reiterates that a failure to receive corrective surgery for his hernia is exposing him to future harm because of the possibility that the hernia could become incarcerated or strangulated. (ECF No. 34 at 1.)

To satisfy a deliberate indifference claim, the plaintiff "must show that the course 9 of treatment the doctors chose was medically unacceptable under the circumstances 10 and that the defendants chose this course in conscious disregard of an excessive risk to 11 the plaintiff's health." Snow v. McDaniel, 681 F.3d 978, 988 (9th Cir. 2012) (internal 12 quotations omitted). Moreover, a delay in receiving medical treatment, as alleged by 13 Plaintiff, is actionable only where the plaintiff demonstrates that the delay led to further 14 injury. McGuckin v. Smith, 974 F.3d at 1050, 1060 (9th Cir. 1992). Yet, Plaintiff fails to 15 demonstrate that his hernia has gotten any worse such that corrective surgery is 16 17 required.

As the Magistrate Judge noted, Dr. Mar admits that Plaintiff's hernia gualifies as a 18 sufficiently serious medical condition (see ECF Nos. 32 at 15 and 30 at 6) but the Ninth 19 Circuit has held that "[a] difference of opinion between a physician and the prisoner — or 20 21 between medical professionals — concerning what medical care is appropriate does not 22 amount to deliberate indifference." Hamby v. Hammond, 821 F.3d 1085, 1092 (9th Cir 23 2016). The Court finds that the evidence presented in the record and as summarized in 24 the R&R (see ECF No. 32 at 9-15) fails to demonstrate that corrective surgery was the only appropriate solution to treat Plaintiff's hernia during the relevant time period. 25

Plaintiff also states that during visits with Dr. Mar after his transfer from NNCC to WSCC, he informed Dr. Mar that the abdominal belt that the doctor had prescribed was causing Plaintiff pain. (ECF No. 34 at 2.) Yet, the exhibits that Plaintiff attaches to his

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1 Objection do not indicate that he has filed any subsequent grievances regarding this 2 claim and none of the grievances or medical kites in the record allege that Dr. Mar 3 ignored Plaintiff's alleged complaint that the abdominal belt was causing him pain. (*See* 4 *id.* at 6-9.) Therefore, the Court finds that Dr. Mar's recommendations that Plaintiff lose 5 weight, use the abdominal belt to hold in the hernia, and physically reduce the hernia, do 6 not demonstrate a lack of deliberate indifference to Plaintiff's serious medical needs.<sup>2</sup>

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## B. ADA/RA Claim

Plaintiff does not address the failure to exhaust administrative remedies with
regards to his ADA/RA claim. Because Plaintiff does not contest the Magistrate Judge's
reasoning or recommendation, the Court accepts and adopts the Magistrate Judge's
recommendation to dismiss this claim without prejudice. *See Thomas*, 474 U.S. at 149.

Having reviewed the R&R, the briefs relating to Defendants' Motion, Plaintiff's
Cross-Motion, and Plaintiff's Objection, the Court agrees with the Magistrate Judge's
well-reasoned analysis and recommendations. The Court will therefore adopt the R&R.

## 15 V. CONCLUSION

16 It is therefore ordered, adjudged and decreed that the Report and
17 Recommendation of Magistrate Judge William G. Cobb (ECF No. 32) is accepted and
18 adopted in full.

19 It is ordered that Defendants' motion for summary judgment (ECF No. 16) is
20 granted with respect to the Eighth Amendment deliberate indifference claim. Defendants'
21 motion for summary judgment is also granted with respect to Plaintiff's ADA/RA claim,
22 but dismissal of the ADA/RA claim is without prejudice based on Plaintiff's failure to
23 exhaust his administrative remedies. Defendants' preemption motion to dismiss (ECF
24 No. 16) is denied as moot.

25 It is further ordered that Plaintiff's cross-motion for summary judgment (ECF No.
26 29) is denied.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Plaintiff also states that after the issuance of the R&R, he has been approved for surgery to repair his hernia. (ECF No. 34 at 2.)

1	The Clerk is directed to enter judgment in accordance with this Order and close
2	this case.
3	DATED THIS 21 <sup>th</sup> day of February 2017.
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6	MIRANDA M. DU UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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