employed by the district court when reviewing a report and recommendation to which no objections were made); see also Schmidt v. Johnstone, 263 F. Supp. 2d 1219, 1226 (D. Ariz. 2003) (reading the Ninth Circuit's decision in Reyna-Tapia as adopting the view that district courts are not required to review "any issue that is not the subject of an objection"). Thus, if there is no objection to a magistrate judge's recommendation, then the court may accept the recommendation without review. See, e.g., id. at 1226 (accepting, without review, a magistrate judge's recommendation to which no objection was filed).

Nevertheless, the Court finds it appropriate to engage in a *de novo* review to determine whether to adopt Magistrate Judge Cobb's Recommendation. The Magistrate Judge recommended denying Defendant's motion for summary judgment (ECF No. 30) and denying without prejudice Plaintiff's motion for default judgment as to Defendant George McMurry (ECF No. 53). Upon reviewing the Recommendation and underlying briefs, this Court finds good cause to adopt the Magistrate Judge's R&R in full.

It is therefore ordered, adjudged and decreed that the Report and Recommendation of Magistrate Judge William G. Cobb (ECF No. 58) is accepted and adopted in its entirety.

It is further ordered that Defendant's motion for summary judgment (ECF No. 30) is denied.

It is further ordered that Plaintiff's motion for default judgment (ECF No. 53) is denied without prejudice.

DATED THIS 14th day of December 2018.

MIRANDA M. DU UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE