1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	DISTRICT OF NEVADA
3	* * *
4	RICHARD IDEN, Case No. 3:20-cv-00108-RFB-CLB
5	Plaintiff, ORDER
6	V.
7	ELY STATE PRISON, et al.,
8	Defendants.
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10	On February 18, 2020, Plaintiff, an inmate in the custody of the Nevada
	Department of Corrections filed a notice of americanov complaint (ECE No. 1.1) On

Department of Corrections filed a notice of emergency complaint. (ECF No. 1-1). On February 21, 2020, this Court issued an order directing Plaintiff to file a complaint and a fully complete application to proceed *in forma pauperis* or pay the full filing fee of \$400 within forty-five (45) days from the date of that order. (ECF No. 3 at 2). The 45-day period has now expired, and Plaintiff has not filed a complaint or an application to proceed *in forma pauperis*, paid the full filing fee, or otherwise responded to the Court's order.

District courts have the inherent power to control their dockets and "[i]n the 17 exercise of that power, they may impose sanctions including, where appropriate . . . 18 dismissal" of a case. Thompson v. Hous. Auth. of City of Los Angeles, 782 F.2d 829, 831 19 (9th Cir. 1986). A court may dismiss an action, with prejudice, based on a party's failure 20 21 to prosecute an action, failure to obey a court order, or failure to comply with local rules. See Ghazali v. Moran, 46 F.3d 52, 53-54 (9th Cir. 1995) (affirming dismissal for 22 noncompliance with local rule); Ferdik v. Bonzelet, 963 F.2d 1258, 1260-61 (9th Cir. 23 1992) (affirming dismissal for failure to comply with an order requiring amendment of 24 complaint); Carey v. King, 856 F.2d 1439, 1440-41 (9th Cir. 1988) (affirming dismissal 25 for failure to comply with local rule requiring pro se plaintiffs to keep court apprised of 26 address); Malone v. U.S. Postal Service, 833 F.2d 128, 130 (9th Cir. 1987) (affirming 27 28 dismissal for failure to comply with court order); Henderson v. Duncan, 779 F.2d 1421, 1424 (9th Cir. 1986) (affirming dismissal for lack of prosecution and failure to comply with
 local rules).

In determining whether to dismiss an action for lack of prosecution, failure to obey
a court order, or failure to comply with local rules, the court must consider several factors:
(1) the public's interest in expeditious resolution of litigation; (2) the court's need to
manage its docket; (3) the risk of prejudice to the defendants; (4) the public policy favoring
disposition of cases on their merits; and (5) the availability of less drastic alternatives.
See Thompson, 782 F.2d at 831; Henderson, 779 F.2d at 1423-24; Malone, 833 F.2d at
130; Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1260-61; Ghazali, 46 F.3d at 53.

10 Here, the Court finds that the first two factors, the public's interest in expeditiously 11 resolving this litigation and the Court's interest in managing the docket, weigh in favor of 12 dismissal. The third factor, risk of prejudice to Defendants, also weighs in favor of 13 dismissal, since a presumption of injury arises from the occurrence of unreasonable delay 14 in filing a pleading ordered by the court or prosecuting an action. See Anderson v. Air West, 542 F.2d 522, 524 (9th Cir. 1976). The fourth factor—public policy favoring 15 16 disposition of cases on their merits—is greatly outweighed by the factors in favor of 17 dismissal discussed herein. Finally, a court's warning to a party that his failure to obey 18 the court's order will result in dismissal satisfies the "consideration of alternatives" 19 requirement. Ferdik, 963 F.2d at 1262; Malone, 833 F.2d at 132-33; Henderson, 779 20 F.2d at 1424. The Court's order requiring Plaintiff to file a complaint and an application 21 to proceed *in forma pauperis* or pay the full filing fee within forty-five (45) days expressly stated: "IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that if Plaintiff does not timely comply with this order, 22 23 dismissal of this action may result." (ECF No. 3 at 2). Thus, Plaintiff had adequate 24 warning that dismissal would result from his noncompliance with the Court's order to file 25 a complaint and an application to proceed *in forma pauperis* or pay the full filing fee within 26 forty-five (45) days.

IT IS THEREFORE ORDERED that this action is dismissed without prejudice
based on Plaintiff's failure to file a complaint or an application to proceed *in forma*

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1	pauperis or pay the full filing fee in compliance with this Court's order dated February 21,
2	2020.
3	IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that the Clerk of Court shall enter judgment
4	accordingly.
5	DATED: April 13, 2020.
6	RICHARD F. BOUDWARE, II UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
7	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
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