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3 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
4 DISTRICT OF NEVADA

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6 RONALD R. SANTOS,

Case No. 3:23-cv-00281-MMD-CSD

7 Plaintiff,

ORDER

8 v.

9 KENNETH ANNIKOS, *et al.*,

10 Defendants.

11 **I. SUMMARY**

12 *Pro se* Plaintiff Ronald Santos, who is incarcerated in the custody of the Nevada  
13 Department of Corrections (“NDOC”), sued prison officials and medical personnel under  
14 42 U.S.C. § 1983, alleging that they violated his Constitutional rights because they were  
15 deliberately indifferent to his serious medical needs, retaliated against him, and  
16 intentionally took his property. (ECF Nos. 6 (screening order specifying which claims are  
17 proceeding), 7 (Complaint).) Before the Court are three objections that Santos filed to  
18 nondispositive orders issued by United States Magistrate Judge Craig S. Denney. (ECF  
19 Nos. 71, 72, 73.)<sup>1</sup> Because the Court does not find that Judge Denney clearly erred in the  
20 three challenged orders—and as further explained below—the Court will overrule the  
21 three pending objections.

22 **II. DISCUSSION**

23 The three challenged orders are on matters that Judge Denney has authority to  
24 finally decide himself. Accordingly, the Court will only overturn the challenged orders if  
25 the Court finds they were “clearly erroneous or contrary to law[.]” LR IB 3-1(a). Under this  
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27 <sup>1</sup>Defendants filed a response to one of them (ECF No. 75) and Santos filed a reply  
28 and notice concerning that same objection (ECF Nos. 76, 77).

1 standard, the Court may not “substitute its judgment” for Judge Denney’s. *Grimes v. City*  
2 *& Cnty. of San Francisco*, 951 F.2d 236, 241 (9th Cir. 1991). Said otherwise, the Court  
3 should overturn the challenged orders, “under this ‘significantly deferential’ standard only  
4 if it has ‘a definite and firm conviction that a mistake [of fact] has been committed’ or that  
5 a relevant statute, law, or rule has been omitted or misapplied.” *Mayorga v. Ronaldo*, 606  
6 F. Supp. 3d 1003, 1020 (D. Nev. 2022), *aff’d*, Case No. 22-16009, 2023 WL 8047781 (9th  
7 Cir. Nov. 21, 2023) (footnotes and citations omitted).

8 The Court does not find that Judge Denney clearly erred in the three challenged  
9 orders, though it addresses all three of them along with Santos’ pertinent objections  
10 below.

11 Santos first objects to Judge Denney’s order ruling that he may not possess his  
12 medical records in his cell under the pertinent Administrative Regulation (“AR”) and  
13 implicitly rejecting his request for unlimited free copies in furtherance of this litigation,  
14 arguing that NDOC was not justified when it changed the pertinent AR in response to  
15 prior court decisions from this district so that people incarcerated by NDOC have to submit  
16 kites to view and take notes about their medical records instead of keeping copies in their  
17 cells or on their persons. (ECF No. 71.) However, the Court cannot find that Judge Denny  
18 clearly erred in simply applying restrictions from AR 639 to deny Santos’ motion. (ECF  
19 No. 66.) Judge Denney’s order is consistent with the current version of AR 639.03. (ECF  
20 No. 75-1 at 5-6.) In addition, AR 639.02(7) provides that people in NDOC custody are not  
21 entitled to free copies and must pay for the limited copies of their medical records they  
22 need for litigation purposes. (*Id.* at 5.) Judge Denney’s implicit rejection of Santos’ request  
23 for unlimited free copies is thus not a clear error, either. Judge Denney appears to have  
24 faithfully applied the governing ARs. And as Defendants point out in their response, the  
25 prior cases that Santos refers to in his objection were all interpreting a prior version of AR  
26 639, not the current version discussed herein. (ECF No. 75 at 2-3.) In sum, the Court  
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1 overrules Santos' objection to Judge Denney's order not permitting him to keep medical  
2 records on his person or in his cell.

3 Santos also objects to Judge Denney's order denying his motion seeking Judge  
4 Denney's recusal from this case.<sup>2</sup> (ECF No. 73.) However, Judge Denney denied Santos'  
5 recusal motion primarily because he found Santos sought his recusal based on Santos'  
6 disagreement with Judge Denney's decisions adverse to Santos, which does not  
7 constitute a valid basis for a recusal motion. (ECF No. 69 at 3-4.) And despite Santos'  
8 argument to the contrary (ECF No. 73 at 2), having reviewed the underlying motion (ECF  
9 No. 57), the Court agrees with Judge Denney that Santos primarily argues Judge Denney  
10 is biased against him because Judge Denney made rulings unfavorable to him. The Court  
11 therefore does not find that Judge Denney clearly erred in denying Santos' recusal  
12 motion.

13 Santos finally challenges Judge Denney's order denying as moot Santos' request  
14 for a stay of discovery until Judge Denney resolved the motions seeking permission to  
15 keep medical records and Judge Denney's recusal because Judge Denney resolved  
16 those two motions before getting to the motion seeking the stay of discovery. (ECF Nos.  
17 70 (order), 72 (objection).) But Judge Denney did not clearly err in denying this motion as  
18 moot because he had already resolved the other two motions when he issued his order  
19 finding the request for a stay of discovery moot. (ECF No. 70.)

20 For these reasons, the Court overrules all three of Santos' pending objections to  
21 Judge Denney's orders.

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25 <sup>2</sup>Santos also mentions he 'rescinds his authorization' for Judge Denney to preside  
26 over this case, but this is not a case that Judge Denney oversees by consent. (ECF No.  
27 73.) Thus, Santos' 'withdrawal of authorization' is not effective to remove Judge Denney  
28 from this case entirely. *See, e.g.*, LR IB 1-1, LR IB 1-3, LR IB 1-4, LR IB 1-7 (specifying  
the duties of magistrate judges in cases where a district judge also presides over the  
case.) Judge Denney will continue to preside over this case as the assigned Magistrate  
Judge, but Santos may object to Judge Denney's decisions to the Court—as he has  
done—if he chooses.

1 **III. CONCLUSION**

2 It is therefore ordered that Santos' objection (ECF No. 71) to Judge Denney's order  
3 (ECF No. 66) is overruled.

4 It is further ordered that Santos' objection (ECF No. 72) to Judge Denney's order  
5 (ECF No. 70) is overruled.

6 It is further ordered that that Santos' objection (ECF No. 73) to Judge Denney's  
7 order (ECF No. 69) is overruled.

8 DATED THIS 4<sup>th</sup> Day of May 2024.

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MIRANDA M. DU  
12 CHIEF UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE  
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