

counsel on his or her own behalf (*Tabron*, 6 F.3d at 155-157); and the Court further finding that other factors such as “the lack of funding to pay appointed counsel, the limited supply of competent lawyers willing to do *pro bono* work, and the value of lawyers’ time” must also be considered when deciding an application for the appointment of *pro bono* counsel (*Jenkins v. D’Amico*, Civ. Action No. 06-2027, 2006 WL 2465414, at *1 (D.N.J. Aug. 22, 2006) (citing *Tabron*, 6 F.3d at 157-58));

and the Court having considered Plaintiff’s application; and the Court noting that this case is in the very early stages of litigation, and that no discovery has been conducted nor has Plaintiff’s ability to prosecute his case been tested; and the Court further noting that while Plaintiff argues “limited resources”, he has not provided any documentation related to his financial status nor does the Court have any indication he has sought *in forma pauperis* status; and the Court noting that even considering his inability to afford counsel, it is only a single factor for consideration; and the Court further finding that, on balance, when the *Tabron* factors are considered in conjunction with the lack of funding to pay appointed counsel, the limited supply of competent lawyers willing to do *pro bono* work, and the value of lawyers’ time (*see Jenkins*, Civ. Action No 06-2027, 2006 WL 2465414, at *1 (D.N.J. Aug. 22, 2006) (citing *Tabron*, 6 F.3d at 157-58), Plaintiff’s limited skill in the law or “limited resources” do no warrant the appointment of counsel at this time; and the Court having considered this matter pursuant to FED.R.CIV.P. 78, and for good cause shown,

IT IS on this **25th** day of **October, 2016,**

ORDERED that Plaintiff's application for the appointment of *pro bono* counsel is
DENIED WITHOUT PREJUDICE.

s/ James B. Clark, III
JAMES B. CLARK, III
United States Magistrate Judge