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UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

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BROOKLYN OFFICE

DEF

JOSEFINA VELASQUEZ, M.D.,

Plaintiff,

-against-

MEMORANDUM AND ORDER No. 08-CV-2215 (FB) (CLP)

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE and UNITED STATES MILITARY ENTRANCE PROCESSING COMMAND,

Defendants.

Appearances:

For the Plaintiff: AMBROSE W. WOTORSON, JR., ESQ. 26 Court Street, Suite 1811 Brooklyn, NY 11242-1118

For the Defendants:
BENTON J. CAMPBELL, ESQ.
United States Attorney
Eastern District of New York
By: DAVID M. ASKEW, ESQ.
Assistant United States Attorney
271 Cadman Plazia East
Brooklyn, NY 11:201

## **BLOCK**, Senior District Judge:

On October 1, 2008, Magistrate Judge Pollack recommended that this action be dismissed for lack of prosecution. Upon receipt of an affirmation from plaintiff's counsel explaining his failure to respond to her prior orders, the magistrate judge withdrew her initial recommendation and instead issued, on November 10, 2008, a Report and Recommendation ("R&R") that the action not be dismissed.

The R&R recited that "[a]ny objections to this Report and Recommendation must be filed . . . within ten (10) days of receipt of this Report," and that "[f]ailure to file objections within the specified time waives the right to appeal the District Court's Order."

R&R at 1. Notice of the R&R was sent electronically to plaintiff's counsel, who - not

surprisingly - has not filed any objections. Defendants, unserved when the R&R was

issued, have since appeared, but have not voiced any objection to the R&R.

If clear notice has been given of the consequences of failure to object, and

there are no objections, the Court may adopt the R&R without de novo review. See Thomas

v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140, 149-50 (1985); Mario v. P & C Food Mkts., Inc., 313 F.3d 758, 766 (2d Cir.

2002) ("Where parties receive clear notice of the consequences, failure timely to object to

a magistrate's report and recommendation operates as a waiver of further judicial review

of the magistrate's decision."). The Court will excuse the failure to object, however, and

conduct de novo review if it appears that the magistrate judge may have committed plain

error. See Spence v. Superintendent, Great Meadow Corr. Facility, 219 F.3d 162, 174 (2d Cir.

2000).

Here, nothing in the R&R suggests plain error. Accordingly, the Court

adopts it without de novo review.

SO ORDERED.

s/FB

FREDER C BLOCK Senior United States District Judge

Brooklyn, New York January 8, 2009

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