UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

MIKHLYN, et al., * Case No. 08-CV-03367(CPS)

*

Plaintiffs, * Brooklyn, New York

* June 18, 2009 * 10:40 a.m.

* 10:40

BOVE, et al.,

Defendants. *

* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *

TRANSCRIPT OF CIVIL CAUSE FOR PRETRIAL CONFERENCE
BEFORE THE HONORABLE RAMON E. REYES, JR.
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

APPEARANCES:

V.

For the Plaintiffs: DANIEL AKSELROD, ESQ.

ERIC WERTHEIM, ESQ. Van Mandel P.C.

80 Wall Street, Suite 1115

New York, NY 10005

For the Defendants: BORIS KOGAN, ESQ.

Boris Kogan & Associates 277 Broadway, Suite 701 New York, NY 10007

Proceedings recorded by electronic sound recording, transcript produced by transcription service.

Fiore Reporting and Transcription Service, Inc. 67Elaine Drive Shelton, Connecticut 06484 (203)929-9992

```
2
 1
             (Proceedings commenced at 10:40 a.m.)
 2
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- that we initially just let slip
 3
        through the cracks, too.
 4
                  THE COURT: Okay.
 5
                  MR. AKSELROD: That was an issue that Mr. Kogan
        had raised.
 6
 7
                  THE COURT: Okay. Let's --
 8
                  MR. AKSELROD: But --
 9
                  MR. KOGAN: Your Honor, there are some outstanding
        issues that --
10
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes.
11
12
                  MR. KOGAN: -- we could probably resolve now, but
        -- and there are some issues that we would -- I think a
13
        conversation might --
14
15
                  THE COURT: Okay.
16
                  MR. KOGAN: -- might help and --
17
                  MR. AKSELROD: Great.
18
                  MR. KOGAN: -- one -- if I may begin putting some
19
        issues on the agenda that we could resolve today --
20
                  THE COURT: Sure.
21
                  MR. KOGAN: -- if that's okay?
22
                  THE COURT: I was -- what I was going to do is go
23
        one by one and say what are your outstanding issues and what
24
        are your outstanding issues. Let's work through them, get
25
        them done so we can tee this case up for Judge Sifton to
```

```
3
 1
        decide.
 2
                  MR. AKSELROD: Your Honor, I believe there are
 3
        three broad categories of documents that are important and
 4
        in contention that are an issue between us.
 5
                  One has to do with communications between and
        among the parties, and in particular, e-communications; that
 6
 7
        is, chats and emails. That would be communications between
 8
        the sides during the course of their business relation and I
 9
        quess between each side meaning my client -- my clients who
        are husband and wife, between them, and between Ana Bove and
10
        Polina, the individuals on the two sides of the cases.
11
12
                  THE COURT: Your clients were talking by email and
1.3
        chat?
14
                  MR. AKSELROD: Well, the reason why there's a
15
        great deal of chat -- no, not with --
16
                  THE COURT: Don't they --
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- not so much --
17
18
                  THE COURT: Okay.
19
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- with each other.
20
                  THE COURT: All right.
                  MR. AKSELROD: I mean, that's what it's come down
2.1
22
        to; people --
23
                  THE COURT: Okay.
24
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- sitting next to each other
25
        writing each other emails, but not so much between them, but
```

```
1
        there was a regular course of chat and email principally
        because Polina is in Israel.
 2
 3
                  So obviously they're not getting on the phone to
 4
        Israel every day and spending the money, so there's kind of
        this group discussions that were going on every day between
 5
        and among the various parties on the computer.
 6
 7
                  THE COURT: Emails shouldn't be a problem. I
 8
        mean, you'd think that you could -- I don't know what the
 9
        retention policy is of their email providers, but you should
        be able to go back as far as you can --
10
                  MR. AKSELROD: Well, let me --
11
                  THE COURT: -- and get them produced, but chats I
12
        don't know.
13
14
                  MR. AKSELROD: Let me contrast the productions.
15
        We produced about, I think, 1,500 pages of chats that
16
        involve some combination of our people and their people --
                  THE COURT: How do you get chats?
17
18
                  MR. AKSELROD: They're on chat -- chat is like
19
        real time discussion; MSN chat, where people are actually --
                  THE COURT: And they keep -- MSN keeps --
20
21
                  MR. AKSELROD: Well, it's on your -- it's from our
22
        computer. I don't think --
23
                  THE COURT: Oh.
24
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- they went to MSN. It just -- it
25
        records.
                 There's a log that's created. It becomes data on
```

your computer, just like other things. Okay?

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. AKSELROD: We got that from our clients. We produced it before we even reviewed it. We also produced several hundred emails between my individual clients. They produced, I think, four pages of chats and no emails between them.

You should note, Your Honor, we actually produced several emails between them, Ana and Polina. They produced none.

Now there's something wrong with that on several fronts. One is we're talking about at least two computers on their side. Polina's in Israel. Ana's here for much of the time. This stuff is on computers. It's mirrored on all the computers.

There's no reason why there shouldn't be thousands of chats and emails on one or both of their computers. Even if they, you know, purported to delete it, it's still on the computer and it's questionable whether they can say they deleted it because they found things over the course of the case that they, you know, either like or have produced in the case. If you have that, where's the rest of it?

This is going to be -- you know, this has to be resolved in some way either by if we have to go into the hard drives or we're going to get into spoliation practice

because the communications are critical in this case. This was a family business, there's no real contracts, and you have to go through this to get the flavor of what both the nature of the relationship was and what did or did not happen during key parts in the chronology of events. It's just not right that we produce 1,500 pages and they produce four.

THE COURT: Mr. Kogan?

MR. KOGAN: There are a couple things that are important to note, Your Honor. One is that when -- in April of 2008 when my client was kicked out of the business, my client walked out with a computer.

Then she received a phone call from their attorney saying it's our computer, you got to bring it back and returned that computer. That computer is the computer from which they were able to produce all these emails and chats. That's our computer. That would have been -- we would have produced those.

The fact that that computer was used for the bulk of the communication is the reason why these documents are in existence. So the reason why it was there -- the emails specifically I'm talking about -- is because that's -- on that computer that's all through 2008.

Fiore Transcription Service, Inc. 203-929-9992

Now, my --

THE COURT: That was --

```
7
 1
                  MR. KOGAN: My client is Ana --
 2
                  THE COURT: That was --
 3
                  MR. KOGAN: -- Ana Bove.
 4
                  THE COURT: Okay.
 5
                  MR. KOGAN: Ana -- Ana's -- Ana had a computer
        which she was using in -- she was living at the Mikhlyns'
 6
 7
        home, if Your Honor recalls, and when -- she took the
        computer in April of '04 and then they demanded the return
 8
 9
        of that computer so they have it. That's the computer on
        which the majority of the -- of their production came from.
10
                  Now, that's -- I'm -- that deals with emails.
11
        chats are actually more interesting. It appears that the
12
        Mikhlyns have been recording those chats, logging them in
13
        all along. They were planning this.
14
15
                  My clients were not planning anything and had no
        reason to activate this feature. I asked them about this
16
        issue and they did not intentionally record any chats and
17
18
        did not intentionally maintain a log of communications,
19
        unlike the Mikhlyns who have been doing this for quite a
20
        while.
21
                  THE COURT: This log that you discussed, is that
22
        something that automatically happens or is it something that
23
        you have to activate?
24
                  MR. AKSELROD: I don't know the answer, but they
25
        produced some chats. Why those are there and not others, I
```

don't understand.

It also -- you know, this -- it may be that Ana
Bove returned the computer. There's email saying it belongs
to you, I'm returning it. But Polina Dolginov is in Israel.
She has a computer. Certainly, the emails between Ana and
Polina have to be produced.

These people were in constant communication with each other on computers. There's -- you know, this stuff -- it cannot be that they don't have -- we have -- we produced emails between them. And yet they --

MR. KOGAN: Well, that's because that's the computer that was used for those communications and of course those -- all those communications are on that computer.

THE COURT: So she didn't use -- Ana didn't use any other computer?

MR. KOGAN: No, Ana did use another computer in -from what I understand, she had a computer from 2001 and in
2007 she got married and left that computer in Israel. And
that computer was given away. It was not -- she doesn't
have it anymore.

And the majority of the communications that she had -- well, I mentioned the other computer that primarily was used by -- at the Mikhlyns' home.

THE COURT: Okay, so the only two computers she

had during the period were the first computer that was left in Israel and given away and then the other computer that she returned?

MR. KOGAN: And I believe that there was another laptop that was more -- of more recent vintage. I'm not sure exactly when.

I think it was around either 2007 or 2008 after that computer was left in Israel, and that's the computer from which the bulk of the -- the bulk of our production came from.

And we produced many, many thousands of emails.

Those emails that we did produce, the records which were -my client intentionally made an effort to maintain and
preserve their -- those were communications with clients.

Those were all saved and there were, I would say, tens of thousand of emails that were preserved because they had been client oriented or vendor oriented or customer oriented and these folks, both sides, made it their business to make sure that all of that was preserved for the benefit of good customer relations.

Customer returns an item or customer asks a question about an item, all of that was preserved and everybody made an effort to do that.

My client had no purpose -- no reason -- I'm making an inquiry trying to find out if there are any other

places where something was saved intentionally or unintentionally other than the computer that we have.

THE COURT: Or any other computers were used?

MR. KOGAN: Right.

1.3

THE COURT: What about Polina?

MR. KOGAN: Polina did not -- the records that we produced were either Polina had the same records or if she had something that supplemented, we produced that as well.

I'm -- in other words, and Polina did also have -
I don't have the exact dates on which she replaced her

system, but she had computer failures that -- throughout

these years. This is from 2002 until now.

Several times her computer was replaced and we're trying to find out if there were any incidents of backing up or hard drive that was replaced or any of that. I don't know have the chronology of that, but I'm trying to find out if there are any other additional records.

I do know that there -- I have some objection to generalizing and saying that all communications between Polina and Ana are subject to disclosure because I don't think that all communications between the Mikhlyns are subject to disclosure. They're husband and wife and my clients are friends.

There are plenty of communications that do not relate to the subject matter of this lawsuit, the business.

```
1
        They if -- and to the extent that they do not, I do not
        believe that they're appropriate to be for disclosure.
 2
 3
                  THE COURT: You're not asking for them, are you?
 4
                  MR. AKSELROD: Not -- well, here's the problem,
        Your Honor. It's tricky with respect to the communications
 5
        to draw lines --
 6
 7
                  THE COURT: Well, I --
 8
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- because -- and I'll give you
 9
        examples --
10
                  THE COURT: I don't think he's -- I know what
        you're going to say. You're going to -- you know, they
11
12
        could start on a different topic --
1.3
                  MR. AKSELROD: Right.
                  THE COURT: -- in an email and go into the
14
15
        business --
16
                  MR. AKSELROD: It's not just that. There are
17
        things that are subtle that a person reviewing their
18
        client's documents in good faith might not realize the
19
        significance of and I'll give you an example. Okay?
                  Part of our story, our clients -- and we've
20
21
        produced chats and/or emails that are -- we think support
22
        this. We did it in the injunction practice and in
23
        discovery.
24
                  We say there came a time in 2007 that Polina was
25
        bought out. Her share of the business was bought out and we
```

have some both chats and Ana was actually forwarding our clients' emails about what was being talked about with Polina. Then later on we say Ana left the business, basically left it to us. They denied both of those things. Okay?

Now obviously if you're looking at emails and the emails are talking about that, and I think there were emails about that because Ana was telling our clients, that's obvious. There was also comes a time where there's emails from Polina to my clients saying where's Ana, I can't find Ana, I'm trying to reach Ana.

Well, if they were still in business together and these things never happened, why are they emailing my clients -- why is she emailing my clients looking for Ana? It kind of suggests they're not together in business if she can't even find the woman.

It's supportive of the idea that, A, Polina left the business and later on Ana left the business and they're not operating and working together, or else why would she be sending my clients these emails? It's that kind of thing that I have trouble with.

THE COURT: Well, you --

MR. KOGAN: If I could respond, Your Honor. Ana lived in the Mikhlyns' house. Calling the person whose house it is -- or emailing have you -- do you know where Ana

is, I've been trying to get in touch with her is -- it doesn't prove anything and to claim somehow that my client -- Ana -- there -- these two claims that Polina was bought out or that Ana abandoned the business or walked out, the second one has no legal significance in that if it is a partnership, if you walk out of a partnership, the partnership dissolves by law. And they don't agree that the business dissolved by law and it had to be liquidated.

And if it is a corporation, you can't abandon a corporation. You can't say I'm walking out of my shares.

I'm a shareholder, I'm an owner of the company, and I walked out. A week later I come back and I say I did not walk out.

I changed my mind.

There's no legal significance so the claim -there's no colorable claim. There are few of these claims
are being made here that they have -- they want to go into
an inquiry into communications between my client -- clients
which do not involve the subject matter of the lawsuit --

THE COURT: Well, you see --

MR. KOGAN: -- in a fishing expedition and --

THE COURT: This is precisely why you need to talk, as opposed to write emails and letters. Okay. You're not entitled to all of the emails. They could be talking about planning a trip to Cancun. You don't need to see that.

```
MR. AKSELROD: Okay.
```

THE COURT: But there's the -- the subtleties you're talking about that arguably have a bearing on the case, you need to make Mr. Kogan aware of that. That's why you talk --

MR. AKSELROD: Okay.

THE COURT: -- and you try to focus. I mean, that's putting aside the issue of whether we could even get to these emails --

MR. AKSELROD: Right.

THE COURT: -- whether they exit anymore. From what I'm hearing, just dealing with Ana, I don't know that there's anything I can do.

MR. AKSELROD: I think --

THE COURT: If the computer was given up and you have that computer, if this other computer in Israel is wherever it is and there are no other computers, what can we do?

MR. AKSELROD: I think what I will have to do is - and again, it will be subject to a procedure if they're
going to be allowed to, you know, eliminate certain ones is
we'll have to subpoena the service providers. I think
that's what you were getting at earlier on. We'll just --

MR. KOGAN: And that should --

MR. AKSELROD: At least with respect to emails --

```
1
                  MR. KOGAN: -- should be done. That would
 2
        circumvent any -- there's no reason for us to spend
 3
        resources on attempting to excavate something from a dead
        computer, perhaps. Perhaps, I don't know.
 4
 5
                  THE COURT: Identify the service providers --
                  MR. KOGAN: I think they know who they are.
 6
 7
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes.
 8
                  MR. KOGAN: Everybody knows who they are.
 9
                  MR. AKSELROD: We do.
                  MR. KOGAN: There are only one or two providers
10
        and we can just subpoena them and then everything is
11
12
        produced. There's no secrets and there's no reason to go
        fishing.
13
14
                  At that point only -- the other objection they
15
        had. You know, then we would have to come up with a
        reasonable procedure in which we would -- I don't want to
16
17
        know about their personal life any more than they're
18
        entitled to know about my clients' emails that do not have
19
        to do with --
20
                  THE COURT: Well let's think that through.
21
        Obviously your clients have spousal privilege.
22
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes.
23
                  THE COURT: Right?
24
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes.
25
                  THE COURT: I don't know that your clients have
```

```
any friend privilege? I don't know how to -- there's no
 1
 2
        protective order in this case, is there? That's one of --
 3
                  MR. KOGAN: We -- actually, we're negotiating
 4
        one --
 5
                  MR. AKSELROD: We slowly -- at a turtle's pace
        we've --
 6
 7
                  MR. KOGAN: We can -- actually, we're close on
 8
        that and I could articulate I -- I'd like Your Honor's
        participation in that. We're very close to it. There's one
 9
        phrase and --
10
                  THE COURT: Okay. We'll get to that then.
11
12
                  MR. KOGAN: -- we're a minute away from there.
13
                  THE COURT: Subpoena the service providers.
14
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay.
15
                  THE COURT: Share obviously with Mr. Kogan what
16
        you get from them, and if we haven't worked out the
        protective order before you get the documents from the
17
18
        service providers, you will treat them confidential
19
        attorney's eyes only. You don't even show them to your
20
        clients.
21
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay.
22
                  THE COURT: And if in reviewing the emails and
23
        chats there's anything of a nature such that your clients
24
        don't -- it's unrelated to this case, your clients don't
25
        want even the attorneys to have it, we'll all proceed with
```

```
17
 1
        the assumption that, you know, you'll let them know and then
 2
        you will give that back and to keep no copies.
 3
                  It's got to be -- you know, it's got to be
        clearly, you know, in left field and have nothing bearing on
 4
        this case.
 5
                  MR. AKSELROD: We will talk about and I guess come
 6
 7
        up with a list --
 8
                  THE COURT: Like a -- like some sort of clawback
 9
        type of thing.
                  MR. KOGAN: From both sides. I guess we need all
10
        email addresses that we use for the communications.
11
        had to -- there has to be --
12
13
                  THE COURT: Yes.
14
                  MR. KOGAN: -- some cooperation in order to --
15
                  THE COURT: Yes.
16
                  MR. KOGAN: -- be able to --
17
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay, turning -- should we get to
        category two now, Judge? I know it's --
18
19
                  THE COURT: Yes, please.
20
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- going to take a while.
21
                  A second category is copyrights. You may recall
22
        that obviously we had motion practice about whether they
23
        were going to be able to amend their complaint to add
24
        numerous copyrights for specific designs and they were
```

allowed do that.

I have been repeatedly asking for the copyright applications and registrations and while nobody says no and objects, I don't have them yet.

You may recall when this case up and we had a -- I think a telephone conference about the motion, you know, you said I wasn't going to be prejudiced on the discovery front about that -- about, you know, these additions of -- you know, there was one copyright in the original pleading of theirs. Now there's, I don't know, 4,200 -- I don't know how many there are. Okay?

They were doing it on an ongoing basis, they told you. There were applications pending.

THE COURT: And some of them have since been --

MR. AKSELROD: Some have been --

THE COURT: -- approved, right?

MR. KOGAN: Yes.

MR. AKSELROD: Now, it's hard to understand why I don't have them.

One, not only are they not objected to and they're obviously central to the cases, I would have thought, first of all, one of the law firms would have had them as a basis for their pleadings and I inferred, maybe incorrectly, that they were involved in actually filing them because it was happening during the case, yet I don't have anything.

THE COURT: What's the deal with the copyrights?

MR. KOGAN: Your Honor, it's very interesting the nature -- the process here -- if I can take a moment to explain the process by which the business is -- has developed.

My client, as your -- as the Court may recall, is a graduate of Israel's premier design school. She's a -- and she has been a designer her entire life and she is -- she has traveled throughout Europe, spent six figures on identifying designs that are in the public record -- that are in the public domain that are not copyrightable from publications from the 1800s, had then improved on those designs, making them unique and copyrightable, as the copyright office has -- that the PTO has confirmed that really it is -- she does have a copyright in those.

Now, the fact that my client elaborated and improved on those original designs is something that at this moment is being disputed by the plaintiffs who claim that these designs are not copyrightable altogether. And the problem that we have in producing the applications and the registrations, we don't want to give them the -- what they don't have.

And that is what my client took is the originals, spent six figures on buying and then improving on, and once they have that, they can go ahead and plagiarize to their heart's content --

```
1
                  THE COURT: Well --
 2
                  MR. KOGAN: -- in both ways.
 3
                  THE COURT: No, if something is copyrighted, there
 4
        is a notice -- or, PTO has it and anybody can take a look
        and see what it is. This -- she has this copyright.
 5
                  You know, I understand maybe the underlying
 6
 7
        application has additional information in it, but that can
        be cured by producing it for attorney's eyes only.
 8
 9
                  MR. AKSELROD: Well, I --
                  THE COURT: You're not a design person, are you?
10
                  MR. AKSELROD: I got to tell you, Your Honor, I
11
        mean, if that's your ruling, I'll take attorney's eyes only.
12
                  I have to say respectfully the idea that it's
13
        somehow secrecy that's blocking this is absurd. You're
14
15
        talking about a copyrighted -- first of all, you've made
16
        copyright claims and on a number of fronts, not just
        copyrightability, we challenge it.
17
18
                  First of all, we challenge in a number of
19
        instances who actually did the so-called improvement, the
        digitizing. That's number one.
20
                  MR. KOGAN: Perfect. That's exactly --
21
22
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay? Who actually did it is an
23
        issue. That's -- I don't even know what's in your -- I
24
        don't know which things --
25
                  MR. KOGAN: That's exactly -- that is exactly the
```

issue, Your Honor. I would like everybody to produce now simultaneously to Your Honor under seal in a box --

THE COURT: I'm not doing it.

MR. KOGAN: Okay, so somebody has to do that under seal. Maybe we can do that simultaneously to -- but I don't want them to produce after I've produced my clients' -- my client demonstrate this is how we improved on these original designs, they come back and say no, no, this was our idea.

Let them produce now these original designs and how they've improved on them simultaneously; everybody does it at the same time, because what we believe they intend to do is after our production, they will come back and say yes, this was my idea.

I'm the one who came up with the idea of elaborating on this 1800 -- the 1880s magazine and changing this particular alphabet font from two dimensional to three dimensional, for instance.

We would like that to be done simultaneously so they cannot thereafter come up with a claim that this was their idea and this is how they did it, because we're going to be able to substantiate that at this point that it was uniquely our idea, our design.

MR. AKSELROD: Your Honor, this is not rational. You heard from counsel, which is correct, the process here is to go get either a public domain image from these public

domain websites or magazines or in some instances, I believe actually from a not public domain where images were licensed under limited terms. You take it, you put it into the computer, you digitize it, quote, unquote, and then you press buttons that like you press a button and it maybe adds a color in an area that was black. That's the process. It's called digitizing.

I just -- how -- the actual end product is out there because they're selling it on their website and we're selling it on our website. There's no secret about what the improved image or whatever you want to call it is. It's out there being sold by both of us. We have it on our computers, they have it on their computers --

THE COURT: Yes, but --

MR. AKSELROD: -- because they took it, and the original thing is some public domain thing --

THE COURT: So what's the problem with simultaneous production of copyright registrations and --

MR. AKSELROD: I don't have any -- we didn't register any copyrights. But I don't know how you can file something in a public office, get a copyright, and then say it's like secret. I don't understand that.

We could probably go to Washington and get the application. How is this secret? This is not secret stuff. This is not some secret -- it's a copyright case.

How could you file copyright claims and say I'm not going to give you the stuff? It doesn't make any sense.

MR. KOGAN: Your Honor, their objection did not specify one issue and it's lacking in that one aspect.

Their -- they say we don't have anything -- any copyright applications. I understand that.

But do they have any claims that they have somehow improved on those public domain designs -- if they can substantiate that now and we have all the designs -- everybody has all the end result. Everybody has that.

But what they don't have, because they didn't do it, is the public domain designs themselves and the process by which they were changed from public domain to this improved image which was -- which is copyrightable. They don't have that and they can't produce it.

And if we're going to do simultaneous production, there will be either nothing from their side and everything from our side or maybe they'll come up with something and which case the -- those -- there'll be a dispute about who improved designs number 1 through 50, because they will have the process by which they claimed to have improved them --

THE COURT: Well, did you ask them in written discovery request for documents establishing that they've improved on these public domain designs?

MR. KOGAN: Not in those words, but we've asked

```
24
 1
        for --
 2
                  THE COURT: I don't know that those are the
 3
        right --
                  MR. KOGAN: -- the documentation -- right, we did
 4
        ask about the designs to which they make claim, how is it
 5
        that they are entitled to those designs. So ultimately
 6
 7
        that's -- in a roundabout way, that's what we were --
 8
                  THE COURT: Uh-huh.
 9
                  MR. AKSELROD: From our end, to the extent we have
        -- you know, I'm not sure if counsel has the same
10
        understanding as I do about how this stuff is even done.
11
12
        Okay?
                  MR. KOGAN: No, I don't, but I have a different
1.3
        understanding because my client did it --
14
15
                  THE COURT: Look if --
16
                  MR. AKSELROD: I'll produce that stuff --
17
                  MR. KOGAN: -- and knows exactly how it's done.
18
                  MR. AKSELROD: I'm willing to produce anything
19
        that shows evidence of what our people created or people
        other than Ana Bove created without -- this is not
20
21
        attorney's eyes only stuff.
22
                  THE COURT: So then what's the --
23
                  MR. KOGAN: Absolutely --
24
                  THE COURT: -- if -- then what's the harm with
25
        simultaneous production? I mean --
```

```
1
                  MR. AKSELROD: Fine, I'll do it before. I'll
 2
        produce -- if it's not already in our production whatever we
 3
        -- you know, we'll talk about it. I'll produce it before.
 4
        I think we've produced some stuff already.
                  MR. KOGAN: Your Honor, if we can come up with a
 5
        procedure for that, then it's not a problem.
 6
 7
                  MR. AKSELROD: I'll produce --
 8
                  THE COURT: All right. So you're going to --
 9
                  MR. AKSELROD: That's fine. Simultaneous
        production, fine.
10
                  THE COURT: Copyright applications and
11
        registrations on the one hand and --
12
                  MR. AKSELROD: Process --
13
                  THE COURT: -- whatever else on the other.
14
15
                  MR. AKSELROD: Creative process --
16
                  MR. KOGAN: Whatever they can claim -- whatever
        they claim is the backup or the proof that they contributed
17
18
        to the improvement --
19
                  THE COURT: Okay.
20
                  MR. KOGAN: -- of public domain designs.
21
                  THE COURT: All right.
22
                  What's the third issue?
23
                  MR. AKSELROD: The third issue is money, which is,
24
        you know, finances, who got what, who paid what. I know Mr.
25
        Kogan I think in our early conferences and conversations
```

this was his primary issue.

We have sort of in pieces, because it's a lot of stuff, been sort of systematically producing bank statements, PayPal account records, eBay, there was a credit card company called 2Checkout, and our internal -- you know, QuickBooks, thousands of pages of financial records.

THE COURT: Both --

MR. AKSELROD: For the business.

THE COURT: For the business?

MR. AKSELROD: Now, there has been both ways. We've been uncertain, frankly, and kind of dancing around each other about the issue of quote, unquote personal financial records.

And I told Mr. Kogan in my letter I've actually come around to the view that there should be no such distinction; that everybody -- because of the nature of the way the business was run, that, you know, the personal -- I don't think they're personal. He doesn't think things of ours are truly personal. Everything should be produced.

But the bottom line is we've made a systematic production. We have not gotten systematic financial records from them.

In particular, records of a type that we've produced showing them getting hundreds of thousands of dollars, for example, straight from the credit card company

that accepted credit card payments, I asked for that stuff.

I didn't think it was in dispute from our early conferences.

I haven't received that.

Now, you know, one of the reasons why I'm saying we got to get rid of this concept of personal was there was a period of about a year or so where the girls were -- you know, they set up these domain names and websites -- were in the business and while my people were helping them in various ways, consulting, we weren't in the business yet.

Okay?

Mr. Kogan says during that period they never had separate quote, unquote business account. Now there was no corporation, so, you know, they didn't have like a DBA -- they just used their personal accounts. And because they're personal, Mr. Kogan says you can't get them.

My view is if that's the way you do business, that's a business account as well as a personal account. You got to produce the stuff. You can't have everything together and just say because I put my name on it, instead of doing business as ABC Embroidery, it's personal.

Now -- and again, I'm saying this works both ways. We've got to produce our personal -- there's a number of reasons why I think we should. That's just one of them.

I think we should just drop this idea of personal and just get everybody's finances on the table. I think we

```
1
        have to. It was just not run and managed in a kind of
 2
        airtight, you know, way that a big company would be run and
 3
        to get the complete picture, everybody's got to put their
        bank accounts and stuff on the table.
 4
 5
                  MR. KOGAN: From 2002 through 2004, it's
        undisputed that the business belonged to my clients. From
 6
 7
        2004 until 2005, my clients say that the Mikhlyns were --
 8
        actually, it's the Mrs. was a designer. Yes.
                  THE COURT: 2002 to 2004 --
 9
                  MR. AKSELROD: It was --
10
                  THE COURT: -- undisputed that it was their --
11
12
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes, late -- I don't know the extent
        of -- you know, that's one of the things we're trying to
13
14
        explore in discovery.
15
                  I don't know the extent of their sales whatever,
16
        but it is true that the girls started this without us
        initially. They came up with domain names and they were at
17
18
        some level of activity, upgrading the business from I think
19
        like late 2002 through 2003 and we got involved in 2004.
                  THE COURT: Okay. So really what we're -- are you
20
21
        looking for personal bank records from 2002 to 2004?
22
                  MR. AKSELROD: Those are -- there is no
23
        difference. It's a hundred percent commingling.
24
                  THE COURT: No --
25
                  MR. AKSELROD: You know what I mean?
```

THE COURT: No, but if your clients aren't involved in the business, what do you need their --

MR. AKSELROD: I'll tell you why. There's two reasons; one sort of factual about the stories each side is putting up and one is legal.

They make it seem in their pleadings and in the motion practice that they had already kind of established a successful business and we were just hired as employees to do some, you know, discreet task to -- for storage of thread or something. I don't remember what was said. Maybe different things were said in the various payments.

I mean, our view -- we doubt that, at a minimum, upon information and belief. We don't think the business became successful until we got involved.

And I have no idea whether they had \$10 worth of sales or a hundred dollars worth of sales or a million dollars worth of sales till we got involved. So it has to do with just the story of how this business came to be what it is. That's number one.

Number two, it goes right to the heart of their trademark claims. They repeatedly assert -- you know, they make the allegations about how they were using all the various trade names and website names on a regular basis and established its success on the internet before we were involved and among customers.

```
You know, for purposes of the trademark analysis,
 1
 2
        certainly for secondary meaning -- for example, using your
        name or using ABC -- the extent of your success, sales,
 3
 4
        profits, that's a relevant factor to determine whether you
        have established a trademark. So that's the legal reason.
 5
                  I'm not claiming the money. This isn't a thing
 6
 7
        where we say that's our money.
 8
                  THE COURT: With the records from 2002 through --
 9
        beginning of 2004 whenever it is, are you looking for
10
        unredacted or redacted?
                  MR. AKSELROD: I certainly want to see -- well,
11
        certainly unredacted as to money coming in. I don't care if
12
        -- I don't care if they bought dresses or whatever, what
13
        they spent their money on.
14
15
                  THE COURT: Well --
16
                  MR. AKSELROD: Although it's relevant because it
        has to do with profitability --
17
18
                  THE COURT: It's got --
19
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- so it's hard to say.
20
                  THE COURT: It's got -- well, the money coming in
21
        has to be coming in from the business, not --
22
                  MR. AKSELROD: Right.
23
                  THE COURT: -- coming in from, you know --
24
                  MR. AKSELROD: I'm not aware of them getting money
25
        any other way. I'm not sure that's an issue, but --
```

```
31
 1
                  MR. KOGAN: Your Honor, I --
 2
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- they can tell me.
 3
                  THE COURT: I have no idea.
                  MR. KOGAN: -- I don't believe that he would be
 4
        entitled to anything other than something that would support
 5
        gross receipts, and that would be reflected on bank
 6
 7
        statements, not -- and bank statements to the extent that
 8
        they show gross receipts.
 9
                  In other words, at that point if our client spent
        it on whatever, it really is irrelevant and I understand
10
        that the key there would be gross receipts, not --
11
12
                  THE COURT: Well, I think -- I mean, he --
                  MR. KOGAN: -- not profitability. I wouldn't have
13
14
        to show --
15
                  MR. AKSELROD: Gross receipts and spending on
16
        business.
17
                  MR. KOGAN: Well, the spending on business I don't
18
        know that he would be entitled to see every check that we
19
        spent on the business. At this point I think that the gross
20
        receipts would address his concern --
21
                  THE COURT: Whether it was a profitable company --
22
        I mean, that's a fair point.
23
                  MR. KOGAN: Is irrelevant really though.
24
                  THE COURT: Whether is a profitable company or not
25
        is -- doesn't go to secondary meaning. I mean, you could
```

```
32
```

```
1
        have a completely --
 2
                  MR. AKSELROD: Well, it doesn't go to secondary
 3
        meaning --
 4
                  THE COURT: -- you're spending it like Kozlowski
        on, you know, thousands of dollars of ice sculptures --
 5
                  MR. AKSELROD: Right.
 6
 7
                  THE COURT: -- for parties. But if you're pulling
 8
        in, you know, a fair amount of money and just -- you're just
 9
        hemorrhaging it, that's not --
10
                  MR. AKSELROD: But it does go to the first point
        about whether did this business first become profitable when
11
12
        my people got involved in it, which my people believe is the
        case, but we don't know a hundred percent certain because
13
        they're going to come into court and say these girls made
14
15
        this great business and these people are just brought in to
16
        do as menial, you know, ABC you do this. And our position
        is when we got involved this business took off.
17
18
                  There's actually some evidence of that because
19
        profits quadrupled after -- or revenues quadrupled after we
20
        got involved.
21
                  THE COURT: Well, that's revenue.
22
                  MR. AKSELROD: We're entitled --
23
                  THE COURT: That's revenue.
24
                  MR. KOGAN: That's all that matter, really.
25
                  THE COURT: That's revenue.
```

```
33
```

```
1
                  MR. AKSELROD: It's not all --
 2
                  MR. KOGAN: It's really all about revenue.
 3
                  MR. AKSELROD: It's not all that matters. I think
 4
        profits matter too because if you're losing money --
 5
                  THE COURT: Does it --
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- you don't have a good business.
 6
 7
                  THE COURT: Is it really -- is -- look, I'm going
 8
        to give him the records. The question is whether it's going
 9
        to -- whether and to what exact -- actually, to what extent
        they're going to be redacted.
10
                  Is it really that big of a deal? I mean, they're
11
12
        going to show on their bank statements -- personal bank
        statements, you know, whatever was coming in from PayPal,
1.3
14
        whatever income from the business, and then, you know, what
15
        was going out to support the business. Is there really that
16
        much? I mean, I don't know how the business was structured.
        Is it, you know --
17
18
                  MR. KOGAN: I don't know. I don't know. I can't
19
        say --
20
                  THE COURT: And it could also -- you know, I mean,
21
        part of it could be their efforts to promote the business.
22
        Maybe they had expenditures to, you know --
23
                  MR. KOGAN: And I do --
24
                  THE COURT: -- advertise or --
25
                  MR. KOGAN: I do have some other concern there
```

```
that I do know that my clients have expressed. They spent six figures on buying those public domain magazines from the 1800.
```

They traveled all through Europe to college these items and I don't want to disclose all my sources to -- in other words, they sought these out, they're not easy to locate, they are -- this information is not out there. They don't --

THE COURT: But --

MR. KOGAN: They can't go out there today and buy what my client has bought.

THE COURT: But there's got to be a way of --

MR. KOGAN: So -- I could redact --

THE COURT: -- redacting and identify -- you know, somehow identifying that this is, you know, business promotion or whatever you want to call it.

MR. KOGAN: I can do that. I'm just saying I would like to be able to redact certain specific information that would allow them to -- it goes to the protective order, really. That portion I'd like to be able to redact --

THE COURT: I mean, I think all these business records are going to be attorney's eyes only unless there's a strong need to show them to the clients and to --

MR. KOGAN: But the -- I'd like to just to make one issue clear. At this point we're talking about my

clients' records that have to do with how they ran the business from 2002 to 2004.

When we say all these records, there are some that are very different in that we have only been discussing the -- my clients' business records which are really personal bank accounts through which they ran the business. It was not incorporated or set up as a separate entity.

The Mikhlyns have been commingling personal and -they -- there was a corporation established, but they did
deposit sums in their personal bank accounts, none of which
-- not a single account has been disclosed despite what
counsel says.

THE COURT: Well, I think he's --

 $$\operatorname{MR}$.$ AKSELROD: I'm coming around to the view that all of us --

MR. KOGAN: I understand, but I just --

MR. AKSELROD: -- have to do that now.

MR. KOGAN: There was --

THE COURT: It's a two -- it's always a two-way street in this courtroom, so --

MR. KOGAN: There was a discussion before that somehow there was production. Whatever was produced was only business records and I only received the tax returns two days ago. I don't know if they're complete. I don't know if they're -- if this was an S Corp. I don't know if

```
36
 1
        there are K-1's if they're included or not.
 2
                  I know for a fact I did not receive any personal
 3
        tax returns and I know for a fact that they commingled to
 4
        such an extent that the business has been paying for
        mortgage payments on their homes, for -- I think about $400
 5
        a month on liquor stores. There are food expenses in the
 6
 7
        thousands.
 8
                  THE COURT: All right. Look, look --
 9
                  MR. KOGAN: There's, you know --
                  THE COURT: -- we're not litigating the case here.
10
                  MR. KOGAN: There's --
11
12
                  THE COURT: You're going to produce --
13
                  MR. AKSELROD: You want --
14
                  MR. KOGAN: -- complete commingling --
15
                  MR. AKSELROD: You want my answer or not?
16
                  THE COURT: You're -- no, you're -- it's a two-way
        street.
17
18
                  MR. AKSELROD: Right.
19
                  THE COURT: Personal bank records are fair game.
20
        The only issue is to what extent you're going to redact
21
        them.
22
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay.
23
                  THE COURT: And you need to be careful on what you
24
        argue because it may come back and bite you in the butt,
```

because you might not be able to redact that for your

25

```
client. So I'm going to leave it to you to try to work out.

I think it's fair game though.

So that's 2002 to 2004 from you. I mean, is there
```

So that's 2002 to 2004 from you. I mean, is there any -- there's no issue with you for your clients' 2002 to 2004 because they weren't involved.

MR. AKSELROD: Right.

THE COURT: Is that right?

MR. KOGAN: That's correct.

THE COURT: Okay. So then 2004 going forward I don't see any reason to have a different rule, unless --

MR. KOGAN: I'd like to point out that from 2004 were -- the only other concern -- I guess there -- no, they would be the same.

THE COURT: When did -- I mean, at some point -- no, no --

MR. KOGAN: From '04 to '05, there's some period of time in which -- through which my client says that Inga Mikhlyn was worked only as a designer, meaning she had specific tasks of design, not bookkeeping, nothing else, for a period of time from '04 to '05 and after that some -- actually, I don't know, maybe it's during '04.

And then later on at some point they have Mikhlyns run the operation in the U.S. in its entirety, meaning they are -- they warehouse, they get the bookkeeping, they do -- they pay the vendors, all the payments are done through

them.

1.3

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

MR. KOGAN: Of course, the shots are called from -- by my client, at least that's our story. Their story is that they -- that we're partners at that time. So from 2004 until -- or some point in '04 through '08, I guess both sides have personal financial records which are relevant.

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. KOGAN: And then --

THE COURT: Same ruling.

MR. KOGAN: -- from 2008 on we have a significant dispute because while they concede that my client is -- was a partner -- both my clients were partners in the company, they claim one has abandoned or walked out and the other one has been bought out. Which by the way, they don't deny that even in that buyout they did not pay the buyout amount that they claim to have agreed on.

So the issue is they claim that we would have to give them business records from 2008 on because they claim that my clients have continued with the business. From 2008 we have a split and that was the subject of motions before Judge Sifton. Neither side was able to demonstrate the likelihood of success on the merits on that to Judge Sifton's satisfaction to obtain a TRO at that point and a --

THE COURT: Preliminary --

```
1
                  MR. KOGAN: -- preliminary injunction. And
 2
        without a colorable claim, I do not believe that they have
 3
        any entitlement to business records from 2008 on for our
 4
        businesses, while we do have the right to discovery on their
        business from 2008 on because they acknowledged that we are
 5
        partners in their business.
 6
 7
                  So there is no -- it doesn't mirror -- from that
        point on, there's a distinct split and if -- I believe there
 8
 9
        should be a bifurcated process after which -- in other
        words, if they prevail -- if we get to trial -- if they
10
        prevail on -- and are able to show a colorable claim on
11
12
        their entitlement somehow to our business going forward,
        they would be entitled to discovery of financials on the
1.3
        business from 2008 after the divorce, so to speak.
14
15
                  But at this point I do not believe that they have
16
        made that colorable showing. Judge Sifton --
17
                  THE COURT: Well --
18
                  MR. KOGAN: -- didn't think so.
19
                  THE COURT: Well, this is on a preliminary
20
        injunction.
21
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes.
22
                  THE COURT: It's not -- you know, it's not on the
23
        merits.
24
                  Go ahead.
25
                  MR. AKSELROD: First of all, Your Honor, we have a
```

1.3

corporate plaintiff, as well as our individuals. This business was run through a corporation, ABC All Consulting. On paper, my clients are the only shareholders, officers, directors, if you will, of the company.

They're a -- it's a complaining entity here against what Ana -- the focus of our lawsuit, which we started this case, was what happened after the divorce.

You know, Mr. Kogan and I talk about the divorce and the marriage period. That's the focus of our lawsuit. He's more focused on what happened when we were together because Ana claims that money's owed to her and we took more of the money, whatever.

We're focused on what happened after. We say you went and basically misappropriated various business assets to benefit your knew company and attacked us and defamed us, et cetera. The period after the divorce is the spotlight of our claims.

Number two, this issue of partnership, you know, Judge Sifton resolved -- this is one issue Judge Sifton resolved and a small part of the decision on the injunctions. He said if you use the -- we did allege partnership in our complaint.

But Judge Sifton said in his decision, and he cited New York law and I'm aware of these cases now, that when you use the corporate form, that's it. You're not a

partnership. It's a corporation.

Now they've added in their amended pleadings to, I guess, tailor to that that since we're the only shareholders of record, that Ana's a de facto shareholder. Maybe she is, maybe she isn't. Okay? But we're talking about a — there's a corporate aspect to this. I think the partnership thing has largely fallen away despite our best pleading efforts.

We're talking about a corporation that claims it owned these things. It owned the business and the assets and the websites and that Ana walked off.

And after we tried to discuss a buyout for her for her share of the business, whatever it was, she took what we claim to be our assets to build her new competing business, attacked us -- in fact, we did get relief from the judge on this business of, you know, defamation attacking. The only party that got relief in the injunction was us, and the judge said she had to stop saying that basically we were doing illegal things and didn't have rights in the stuff we were selling.

We were injured very badly by that. Our money -- you know, our income went down. It took my clients a while to climb back up.

So like in any case like this, we're saying we were damaged. We're saying they have unjust enrichment by

```
42
 1
        the behavior they engaged in, in those businesses. That's
 2
        just --
 3
                  THE COURT: Okay.
 4
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- classic stuff that's subject to
        discovery in a case like this.
 5
                  THE COURT: All right. I'm --
 6
 7
                  MR. KOGAN: Your Honor, I --
 8
                  THE COURT: Go ahead.
 9
                  MR. KOGAN: I'm sorry. If the Court would like me
        to brief this issue, I would like to take 10 days to brief
10
        that.
11
12
                  I believe that the proper procedure for that kind
        of a claim is for them to make a colorable claim, some kind
13
14
        of a showing, and despite counsel's efforts at this time,
15
        Judge Sifton had written an extensive decision and it is the
16
        opposite of what he claims. He's misreading the decision
        specifically with respect to that finding by the judge.
17
18
                  The implication of there being a corporation and
19
        no partnership is not that all of a sudden my clients' claim
        is reduced to nil. It's the contrary.
20
21
                  It's that it's showing that the plaintiffs' claim
        is just inconsistent with the law and that they have treated
22
23
        this business in a way that it cannot be interpreted
24
        according to their interpretation.
25
                  THE COURT: Okay. Here's what we're going to do.
```

```
4.3
 1
        You have an uphill battle, but I'll take a letter brief no
 2
        more than five pages. Hold on.
 3
                  MR. AKSELROD: Do I wait to respond to that, Your
 4
        Honor?
                  THE COURT: Hold on, hold on --
 5
                  MR. AKSELROD: I don't know what the law is.
 6
 7
                  THE COURT: -- hold on.
 8
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes.
 9
                  THE COURT: June 26th, and then July 3rd is a
        similar -- is the written response, same five pages. No
10
11
        reply.
                  All right. That is the only outstanding issue --
12
                  MR. AKSELROD: One last thing on our side --
1.3
                  THE COURT: -- on the three categories.
14
15
                  MR. AKSELROD: One last thing on our side is that
16
        I think our second document request is -- the response is
        about six weeks overdue.
17
18
                  MR. KOGAN: Your Honor, that's the subject of this
19
        issue. They want post-divorce documents and we are
        objecting to that. That's really the subject of this --
20
21
                  THE COURT: Okay. I --
22
                  MR. KOGAN: -- issue.
23
                  THE COURT: I have bifurcated things, but it's not
24
        my first reaction. My first inclination, I should say. And
25
        as far as I see it, there's a lot of discretion. I don't
```

```
44
 1
        know that there's any law that says I have to do it that way
 2
        or any -- so you got an uphill battle, but I'm keeping an
 3
        open mind.
 4
                  MR. KOGAN: Your Honor, can I proceed to my
 5
        issues --
                  THE COURT: Yes.
 6
 7
                  MR. KOGAN: -- for a moment?
 8
                  With regard to the protective order, I think we're
 9
        going to be able to work that out and if we -- we had one
10
        distinction that I would like to make -- counsel and I have
        only disagreed about one item. The commercially sensitive
11
        documents, counsel wanted them to be attorney's eyes only.
12
                  I have some concerns with regard to personal
13
14
        banking records. I understand that.
15
                  But at the same time, his clients' business
16
        records -- in order for me to analyze the business records
        in their entirety, I have to look at his clients' personal
17
18
        business records because there's so much commingling. No,
19
        it's his clients' --
20
                  THE COURT: Personal records.
21
                  MR. KOGAN: I'm sorry --
22
                  THE COURT: You got to look at the personal
23
        banking records and the business banking records --
24
                  MR. KOGAN: In order to have the complete picture.
25
                  THE COURT: -- together.
```

```
1
                  MR. KOGAN: Correct. And I need to be able to
 2
        review that with my client. So if we mark that commercially
 3
        sensitive, attorney's eyes only, I don't get to review that
 4
        with my clients.
 5
                  And I need that in -- because that is -- those are
        the business records. I can't not review the business
 6
 7
        records with my client. It hampers my preparation of the
 8
        case.
 9
                  THE COURT: If we're going to be redacting things
        so the personal banking records are not going to reflect a
10
        timeshare purchase in Boca or whatever --
11
12
                  MR. KOGAN:
                             Right.
                  THE COURT: You know, it's just going to be
13
        business related. What's the problem?
14
15
                  MR. AKSELROD: Just business related? I don't
16
        have a problem with just business related. What --
17
                  MR. KOGAN: Okay.
18
                  MR. AKSELROD: I don't know -- I'm not sure even
19
        what the argument is about since we haven't gotten there
20
        yet.
21
                  MR. KOGAN: Okay --
22
                  MR. AKSELROD: This is just talking about the
23
        language of the protective --
24
                  MR. KOGAN: Right.
```

MR. AKSELROD: We haven't had a fight about --

```
46
 1
                  THE COURT: No, no. No, no, I think --
 2
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- whether some particular --
 3
                  MR. KOGAN: There was one comment that --
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- bank record --
 4
 5
                  MR. KOGAN: You made one comment and I'm trying to
        resolve that one last comment so we could sign it today.
 6
 7
        And that's the only thing that's standing in the way of
        resolving it. If we have -- if we redact the business
 8
 9
        records as the Court is proposing, then --
10
                  THE COURT: Personal records.
                  MR. KOGAN: -- the personal records to take out
11
12
        anything that's not business related, then you shouldn't
        have a problem -- it will still constitute commercially
13
14
        sensitive, in essence, but I'd like commercially sensitive
15
        materials to be not attorney's eyes only. Commercially
16
        sensitive materials would be -- or at least let's have
17
        the --
18
                  THE COURT: How --
19
                  MR. AKSELROD: I can't speak in the abstract about
20
21
                  THE COURT: Let's carve out --
22
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- what is and is not --
23
                  THE COURT: -- carve -- I wouldn't --
24
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- commercially sensitive.
25
                  THE COURT: I wouldn't do that. I would somehow
```

```
47
 1
        carve out these records --
 2
                  MR. KOGAN: As a separate category, okay.
 3
                  THE COURT: -- as a separate category so you can
 4
        show them to your clients in an effort to litigate the case.
        I mean, so have them as a separate category, maybe. Maybe
 5
        I'm --
 6
 7
                  MR. AKSELROD: I'll tell you -- I mean, just --
 8
        again, I -- these two subjects weren't together in my mind
 9
        until right now, but I mean, it seems to me like, for
10
        example, if in a quote, unquote, you know, personal bank
        statement income from the business is shown, that to me is
11
12
        not commercially sensitive.
                  You could show that to your client that there was
13
        -- you know, that a deposit from the business, whether it's
14
15
        payment, salary, whatever -- for both of us, that's not
16
        commercially sensitive, nor is money going out that's
        business related --
17
18
                  MR. KOGAN: You know what? So maybe we need --
19
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- commercially sensitive.
20
                  MR. KOGAN: Okay.
21
                  MR. AKSELROD: We'll just talk about it. I --
22
                  MR. KOGAN: We need to talk about that because --
23
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes.
24
                  MR. KOGAN: -- my -- okay.
```

MR. AKSELROD: That's not --

```
48
 1
                  MR. KOGAN: We had a different understanding of
 2
        that --
 3
                  THE COURT:
                             Okay.
 4
                  MR. KOGAN: -- and I thought that that's what you
        were trying to accomplish by --
 5
                  THE COURT: All right.
 6
 7
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay.
 8
                  MR. KOGAN: -- changing the phrasing.
 9
                  THE COURT: You'll talk and you'll let me know if
        you can't work it out.
10
                  MR. KOGAN: The next issue for me was there was an
11
12
        email list of customers that began -- there was an email
        list of customers that began in 2002 when my clients started
13
14
        the business.
15
                  At some point they had tens of thousands of
16
        customers on that email list. Later on they had a couple of
17
        hundred thousand customers on that list.
18
                  There must be records that show that customer list
19
        expanding throughout the years. I don't have any of those
20
        records. They have those records, they have the customer
21
        list, and they have whatever records show as it was expanded
22
        throughout the years.
23
                  I don't have that at all. They have the entire
24
        list itself. They have --
25
                  THE COURT: Is this --
```

49 1 MR. KOGAN: -- documentation on every customer --THE COURT: Is this an issue? 2 3 MR. AKSELROD: Yes, it's a huge issue. 4 THE COURT: Why? 5 MR. AKSELROD: This is ground zero for us of confidentiality and business sensitivity. This is a -- you 6 7 know, a list of 250,000 customers with emails that obviously 8 I do not -- certainly do not want in Ana Bove's hands, 9 because it certainly has obvious competitive relevance. Discovery relevance, I don't see it. 10 My clients don't want to produce it at all. 11 12 in business. She has lots of these customers because they have control of the websites. 1.3 By the way, this is a repackaging of something 14 15 they sought and failed to get in the injunction part of the 16 case. Make them give us the list of customers. The court wouldn't give that. 17 18 I don't want turning it over, A, because it's 19 sensitive and there's already a history of Ana doing extra judicial things to interfere with our business. She's done 20 21 things with the -- talked about the eBay store. She tried 22 to do it once before. I don't want to give her the list for 23 her to be able to use it competitively.

> Now, at the end of the day if they win the case, maybe that ends up being hers --

24

```
50
 1
                  THE COURT: What do you need the --
 2
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- on the merits.
 3
                  THE COURT: What do you need --
 4
                  MR. AKSELROD: I don't know.
                  THE COURT: -- the list for?
 5
                  MR. KOGAN: Like I said, it's not so much the
 6
 7
        snapshot of today, it's the list as it evolved throughout
 8
        the years. They have all those records from the beginning.
 9
        In fact, they have records on every single customer and
        every single purchase from the beginning. It's like the
10
        back-end record for each customer of a retail business.
11
12
                  So they --
13
                  THE COURT: Can --
                  MR. KOGAN: -- they have it all and we cannot
14
15
        demonstrate how the business had grown without that. And
16
        they have that --
17
                  THE COURT: Well --
18
                  MR. KOGAN: -- in its entirety.
19
                  THE COURT: So --
20
                  MR. AKSELROD: That could be done without -- if
        there -- if this is true, and I don't know if technically
21
22
        it's this true, maybe we can proffer the growth -- some type
23
        of growth data without giving you the emails of customers.
24
                  MR. KOGAN: Why would they be entitled to do that
25
        and we would not be entitled to hold back all of our bank
```

MR. AKSELROD: An instant --

```
1
                  THE COURT: -- their -- what they consider to be
 2
        their customer list now and over time, and then your clients
 3
        would then use that to solicit business. And that's the
 4
        problem.
 5
                  My preference would be, if possible, to give them
        snapshots over time show -- to show how the customer list
 6
 7
        has grown with the names of the customers and redact the
        email addresses because the email addresses is the access.
 8
 9
        I mean, they could -- theoretically I quess they could take
        the names and then do a search somehow and try to find email
10
        addresses and get to -- you know, but --
11
12
                  MR. AKSELROD: Or -- yes, or maybe we could just
        do like first initial and last -- I don't know, whatever.
1.3
        The names --
14
15
                  THE COURT: They're -- I think they're entitled to
16
        the information --
17
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay.
18
                  THE COURT: -- in a way that can be controlled and
19
        I think this definitely whether it -- however it's redacted
20
        or produced is -- what was it --
21
                  MR. KOGAN: Attorney's eyes?
22
                  THE COURT: -- confidential business records or
23
        whatever it is?
24
                  MR. KOGAN: Commercially sensitive?
25
                  THE COURT: Commercially sensitive documents.
                                                                  So
```

```
53
 1
        we'll do it that way.
 2
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay.
 3
                  THE COURT: Now, do you want -- other than showing
 4
        how the customer list has grown, do you want underlying
        emails to the customers?
 5
                  MR. KOGAN: I would like the underlying records
 6
 7
        that show the -- in other words, let's say in 2004 they have
 8
        a list of 50,000 clients and in 2007 they show that these
 9
        same customers have bought, I don't know, a million dollars
        worth of goods over the last three years.
10
                  I'm entitled to that, because that means that my
11
        customer list, my base is what brought this business to
12
        where it is. The base that they had no part in, in 2004 and
13
        received access to in 2004.
14
15
                  THE COURT: I -- no, I hear that, but I'm sort of
16
        trying to think what are the documents at issue here.
17
                  MR. AKSELROD: I'm concerned about the just the --
18
        if this is easy to do by pressing buttons, I mean what are
19
        we -- what's the workload here --
20
                  MR. KOGAN: My understanding --
21
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- we're talking about?
22
                  MR. KOGAN: -- is that it is -- I could be wrong.
23
        My understanding is that the entire back end is a system.
```

like a database system that all you have to do is do a

It's not a -- it's not manually done one by one. It is a --

24

```
1
        search by when did this client enter our database and then
        -- that's my understanding. If I'm incorrect on that, I
 2
 3
        guess we need to explore how -- what you actually are able
        to produce and how --
 4
                  THE COURT: Explore it, but I thought that you
 5
        were also looking for let's say customer A sends an email
 6
 7
        saying I'm looking for a pattern about this and, you know,
 8
        and you want those emails, too.
 9
                  MR. KOGAN: We gave them all the customer emails
        that we had.
10
                  MR. AKSELROD: We got a lot of that from them.
11
12
        Look, it's --
                  MR. KOGAN: We had like 30,000 customer emails --
13
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes.
14
15
                  MR. KOGAN: -- that we've had and we gave them
16
        over in their entirety, not redacting anything, completely
        giving them everything we've had. And communications with
17
18
        the vendors in their entirety. You know, no redaction
19
        whatsoever.
20
                  No commercially sensitive meaning the clients were
21
        -- you know, we had -- everybody had access to that in April
22
        of '08. All of a sudden we're not entitled to it? I mean,
23
        that's really --
24
                  MR. AKSELROD: I didn't say you're not entitled to
25
        that --
```

```
1
                  MR. KOGAN: I understand, but I'm saying my
 2
        clients were able to look at it the day before because they
 3
        were in the business the day before.
                  THE COURT: Well, that's what happens when people
 4
        leave businesses, right? You know --
 5
                  MR. KOGAN: Or out -- are frozen out of a
 6
 7
        business.
 8
                  THE COURT: Or --
 9
                  MR. KOGAN: That's --
                  THE COURT: Well, it shouldn't happen when they're
10
        frozen out, but --
11
12
                  MR. AKSELROD: If I might, Your Honor. I mean,
        what Mr. Kogan produced, these kinds of routine back and
13
14
        forth with the customers and thank you and -- you know, he
15
        did produce a lot of that stuff.
16
                  It's responsive and, you know, we both asked for
        that kind of thing.
17
18
                  Frankly, it's kind of slight in the grand scheme
19
        of this case and, you know, I don't know what we've -- if
20
        you really want that --
21
                  MR. KOGAN: It's important to our client. We've
22
        given you everything we've had in that aspect without any
23
        limitation.
24
                  THE COURT: I think --
25
                  MR. AKSELROD: You know, the day-to-day -- I mean,
```

```
1
        we -- you know --
 2
                  THE COURT: If he wants it, you know --
 3
                  MR. AKSELROD: But again -- well, we're going to
        have to redact the email addresses then.
 4
                  THE COURT: But that's a burden you're going to be
 5
 6
        taking on --
 7
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay.
 8
                  THE COURT: -- you know.
 9
                  MR. AKSELROD: Then we'll do it. We'll do it.
                  THE COURT: Next issue?
10
                  MR. KOGAN: Your Honor, I'm not prepared to
11
12
        address something and I just want to be fair to counsel
        about that because counsel has given me some documents in
1.3
        the last 10 days or so and I appreciate the production.
14
15
                  I'm not prepared to respond to it just because I
16
        have been -- I'm getting the client into the office to
17
        review some of the issues and concerns about that, but I
18
        know that we're not done.
19
                  I do have interrogatories where there was some
20
        response -- I know that I was not -- in my initial glance at
21
        the responses to the interrogatories, they're
22
        unsatisfactory.
23
                  They were vague and not specific in their response
24
        like for example in -- with regard to documents that I
25
        sought on a particular issue, the response was look at CD
```

```
1
        three and CD four, which contains many, many documents and
 2
        I'm not prepared to go item by item at this point just --
 3
                  THE COURT: I would rather not do that if -- you
        know, so --
 4
                  MR. KOGAN: Okay. I would like to just make it
 5
        clear to counsel that I would like to attempt before we
 6
 7
        bring anything to the Court's attention if we can try to
 8
        address it and resolve it, that would be great.
 9
                  THE COURT: Okay.
10
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay.
                  MR. KOGAN: And I will do it by phone call, Your
11
12
        Honor --
13
                  THE COURT: All right.
                  MR. AKSELROD: Could --
14
15
                  MR. KOGAN: -- without wasting paper or --
16
                  MR. AKSELROD: I know focused on the -- just on
        the -- your briefing the issue of post-divorce monies from
17
18
        your new businesses, but we had a lot of questions on our
19
        most recent document request and I would like to know that
20
        we're getting a written response to that.
21
                  It wasn't just about that. There's a lot of
22
        questions on there.
23
                  MR. KOGAN: I'm working on an additional
24
        production with regard to that, but this -- a substantial
25
        portion of it was that. That was the -- the bulk of it was
```

```
58
 1
        post-divorce issues.
 2
                  THE COURT: Okay. Well --
 3
                  MR. AKSELROD: I'm entitled to a written response.
 4
        I would like to have that at least.
                  THE COURT: Give him a written response.
 5
                  MR. AKSELROD: Well, just by -- by way -- request
 6
 7
        number 1, just by way of example, "All documents concerning
        defendants' ownership or operation or use of any websites or
 8
 9
        domain names from 2002 to the present."
                  MR. KOGAN: To the present --
10
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes, but I understand.
11
12
                  MR. KOGAN: So all those demands were -- you know,
        counsel even -- we've met before then and counsel was saying
13
        to me I'm primarily focused on my -- the bulk of my case, my
14
15
        primary interest is from 2008 --
16
                  THE COURT: Thousand eight.
17
                  MR. KOGAN: -- going forward and I'm going to give
18
        you a second document demand with regard to that -- the
19
        financials going forward and I understand.
20
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay.
21
                  MR. KOGAN: Almost every response has a component
        of going forward and I -- if you're telling me no, really my
22
23
        focus was from 2002, I understand, but that's not what I
24
        understood your primary direction --
```

MR. AKSELROD: But events pre-divorce are highly

```
59
 1
        probative of, you know, the issues in terms of who owns what
 2
        and who has rights to websites --
 3
                  MR. KOGAN: I'll give you a written response to
 4
        that.
                  MR. AKSELROD: -- and stuff like that.
 5
                  MR. KOGAN: That's no problem.
 6
 7
                  THE COURT: Okay. All right. We -- there are
 8
        still a lot of issues apparently to be worked out in written
 9
        discovery, and then we have depositions.
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes.
10
                  THE COURT: There are at least four --
11
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes.
12
13
                  THE COURT: -- correct?
14
                  MR. AKSELROD: Yes, sir.
15
                  MR. KOGAN: Yes. And one of them we have to work
16
        out logistics for because she's in Israel.
17
                  THE COURT: Going to go to Israel and take the
18
        deposition?
19
                  MR. AKSELROD: I don't know.
20
                  THE COURT: Why not?
21
                  MR. AKSELROD: I mean, I'm -- I'd love to go.
22
                  MR. KOGAN: Nice trip --
23
                  MR. AKSELROD: It's expensive, but we'll -- either
24
       we'll --
25
                  MR. KOGAN: Like to join us?
```

THE COURT: Uh-huh.

2

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

MR. KOGAN: I've asked for them from day one and -- and that's just the beginning. That's a partial tax returns. As far as I'm concerned, there's the individual tax returns which I'm -- you know, I haven't received and I don't know what they're going to show about other income and other alleged expenses whether being deducted in both personal and business returns. In any events, the -- I have very, very incomplete business financial records. I --THE COURT: We have a lot of work to do in other words. Right. I think that commencing -- you MR. KOGAN: know, doing a deposition tomorrow really is not appropriate. THE COURT: I don't anticipate you folks doing them tomorrow. (Pause.) THE COURT: On September the 9th at 2:00, we're

THE COURT: On September the 9th at 2:00, we're going to have a status conference. I really would like to know at that point that all document issues are done; that you each have a complete set of documents that you need and you're ready to take depositions.

MR. AKSELROD: Okay.

THE COURT: And final pretrial conference, although this was originally scheduled as a final pretrial conference, we will do that on December 22nd at 10:00 a.m.

```
1
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay.
 2
                  THE COURT: If prior to the status conference you
 3
        still have outstanding discovery issues, I would like a
        joint letter laying out issue one. Describe it; plaintiffs'
 4
        position, defendants' position. Issue two -- so that'll be
 5
        -- okay -- August 28th.
 6
 7
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay.
 8
                  MR. KOGAN: Your Honor?
 9
                  THE COURT: Yes.
                  MR. KOGAN: I apologize. We had issued a subpoena
10
        to the tax preparer a long time ago, about three months ago.
11
12
                  THE COURT: Uh-huh.
                  MR. KOGAN: That person, although counsel
13
        indicated in a letter a couple days ago that that tax
14
15
        preparer had been instructed to release records, had not
16
        responded to the subpoena to date.
17
                  THE COURT: Okay.
18
                  MR. KOGAN: We would like to receive a complete
19
        cooperation on that subpoena if this is a person under their
20
        control and if not, do I really -- if I need to, I'll make a
21
        motion before the Court to --
22
                  THE COURT: I think you should --
23
                  MR. KOGAN: -- compel or punish for --
                  MR. AKSELROD: I don't have an issue with control.
24
        You know, what I've -- maybe what's sort of between the
25
```

lines here is an issue that was never resolved back months ago that had to do with the issue of personal versus corporate tax returns.

We had a conference call with you or a meeting with you many months ago and I stated the law about the higher burden for getting personal tax returns and objected. It was not resolved as far as I recall. That's number one.

Number two is I haven't heard from Mr. Kogan on his position about the same kinds of requests. You know, we went tit for tat and we said okay, give us your tax -- personal tax stuff. I don't know what their position is on their personal tax stuff either.

So, A, we have an objection that was not resolved and, B, I don't know what their position is. Regarding the corporate stuff, I don't know why it took so long. We told them to produce it. It --

THE COURT: Okay.

MR. AKSELROD: -- whatever happened --

THE COURT: Again --

MR. AKSELROD: -- they have it.

THE COURT: -- it's a two-say street on the personal side. So if you want it, you'll get it, but your side's going to have to give it up, too.

Call him or her and say that, you know, the Judge would like this done right away. You can make a joint call.

```
64
 1
        You can -- one of you can make the call.
 2
                  I mean, I don't think it makes sense for Mr. Kogan
 3
        to be the one because --
 4
                  MR. AKSELROD: Telling him to produce the rest of
        the corporate stuff if there's stuff missing?
 5
                  THE COURT: Yes, and the personal stuff. I mean,
 6
 7
        get it out there.
 8
                  MR. AKSELROD: Are you --
 9
                  THE COURT: Both ways --
                  MR. AKSELROD: You're going to produce personal
10
        tax records?
11
12
                  MR. KOGAN: My clients' personal tax records I do
        not see why those would be relevant in the same way.
13
14
                  THE COURT: It's a two-way street.
15
                  MR. AKSELROD: We're in the exact same position.
16
                  THE COURT: It's a two-way street. I'll -- that's
        all I'm going to say. What --
17
18
                  MR. AKSELROD: Do you want to discuss it?
19
                  THE COURT: Are we going to the mat on this? On
        this case?
20
21
                  MR. AKSELROD: We could --
22
                  THE COURT: I want to move on from there.
23
        two-way street. If you want personal tax returns, you're
24
        going to have to give them up.
25
                  MR. KOGAN: With regard to the corporate tax
```

```
Case 1:08-cv-03367-CPS-RER Document 77 Filed 06/30/09 Page 65 of 69
                                                                    65
 1
        returns, I still -- I just received tax returns. I didn't
 2
        receive any underlying records. I mean, I'm sure the
 3
        accountant has them.
                  THE COURT: He's --
 4
                  MR. KOGAN: I'd like to get them --
 5
                  THE COURT: Give him a call and get them.
 6
 7
                  MR. AKSELROD: You'll get them.
 8
                  MR. KOGAN: Okay.
 9
                  MR. AKSELROD: I'll tell them -- I don't know what
10
        there is. I've never seen them, but if there's support for
        the tax returns, you can have --
11
12
                  MR. KOGAN: Well, I presume, I mean, they're
        saying that there's $100,000 in building improvements. They
1.3
14
        can't make that number up. They must have something that
15
        supports building improvements for a hundred thousand
16
        dollars.
17
                  MR. AKSELROD: Whatever's in his work file, his
18
        work papers for the corporation, I don't -- I will tell him
19
        to produce.
20
                  THE COURT: Okay.
21
                  MR. AKSELROD: Okay? I have no problem with that.
22
23
                  THE COURT: Are we going to the mat on this case,
```

or are you going to be able to work this out?

24

25

MR. AKSELROD: Well, you know, it's -- we went to

a mediator in Long Island without success. He spoke to both of us separately. It is -- you know, my clients are still going and paying, but it is a very expensive lawsuit.

This is a very expensive lawsuit for essentially what are little people who had a reasonably successful family business. I don't really know. You know, we haven't talked about it in a long time. I don't know if we're going to the mat on it or not.

MR. KOGAN: I know that my client -- my clients have tried to -- I believe that mediation would make sense -- still make sense. I always said to my clients that -- and I believe that we're -- they didn't want to proceed with the mediation.

In private they communicated to my client that they don't believe they'll ever have to produce any business records. Maybe after production of the personal records, it would make sense to sit down because everybody will see that everything's on the table.

At this point maybe they thought we could hide something or whatever --

THE COURT: Maybe even the specter of having to produce the personal records will get them to reconsider.

I would like to know -- I mean, I think you should talk to your folks and in two weeks give me a status report on whether you want to have a settlement conference. I will

```
67
 1
        give you as much time as you need, but I would want people
 2
        here.
 3
                  MR. KOGAN:
                             I agree --
 4
                  THE COURT: I don't want to have, no offense, just
        -- I don't want it just to be us.
 5
                  MR. KOGAN: Oh, I think that --
 6
 7
                  MR. AKSELROD: Guilty.
                  MR. KOGAN: -- it would be very effective -- no
 8
 9
        matter what, I think it would be very effective for -- it's
10
        -- parties always only -- don't really -- fail to see the
        complete picture and I think it's always helpful.
11
12
                  I think that the Mikhlyns and my clients would
        benefit from such a conference. I don't know if counsel --
1.3
14
        I would consent to that, of course.
15
                  I don't know if counsel --
16
                  MR. AKSELROD: I got to talk to them. I'm always
        open to that kind of thing in general, but let's talk to the
17
18
        clients.
19
                  One last housekeeping thing, Your Honor, if -- I
        may have missed it. I don't recall you saying when we would
20
21
        respond to Mr. Kogan's letter brief on the issue of
22
        bifurcating --
23
                  THE COURT: July 3rd.
24
                  MR. AKSELROD: Oh, we got that. Okay. I'm sorry.
25
        I think we're set.
```

```
1
                  THE COURT: Okay, so send me a letter on whether
 2
        you want to have a settlement conference --
 3
                  MR. KOGAN: When would the Court be --
 4
                  THE COURT: On -- geez, July 3rd is two weeks
        away, right? Pretty much. Wow. I -- the only time I do
 5
        not have available this summer is, I'll tell you, the week
 6
 7
        of July 13th, the week of August 17th, and the week of
 8
        August 3rd we actually have a trial that day.
 9
                  Although it's a jury trial, so I give my full
        attention to my juries. So those are the only three weeks
10
        that I would be unavailable this summer.
11
12
                  Are your clients going to be in country anytime
13
        soon?
14
                  MR. KOGAN: Not the person who's abroad, but we --
15
        we're quite capable of making the -- making any settlement
16
        decisions on that person's behalf.
17
                  THE COURT: Okay.
18
                  MR. KOGAN: So I have principals here who could
19
        participate --
20
                  THE COURT: All right.
2.1
                  MR. KOGAN: -- and resolve --
22
                  THE COURT: All right, let me know.
23
                  MR. AKSELROD: Thank you.
24
                  THE COURT: Thank you, gentlemen.
25
                  MALE VOICE: Thank you.
```