-LB Harry v. Nasierowski

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
EASTERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK
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ANTHONY HARRY,

U.S. DISTRICT CO

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Plaintiff,

- against -

SERGEANT ROS NASIEROWSKI,

Defendant. -----X

## BLOOM, United States Magistrate Judge:

The Court held a pretrial conference pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 16 in this case on February 9, 2010. Any request to amend the complaint, including any request to join other parties, shall be made by March 9, 2010. Fed. R. Civ. P. 16(b)(3)(A). The Court set **June 30**, 2010 as the deadline for the parties to complete all discovery.

Discovery is the process by which the parties request information from each other regarding their claims or defenses. Discovery requests are not made to the Court. Discovery is governed by Rules 26 through 37 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and is conducted between the parties without the Court's involvement. Pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 33 and 34, plaintiff may request, in writing, answers to questions and documents from defendant's attorney. The more specific the request, the more likely the information will be produced. Generally, parties must respond to discovery requests in writing within thirty (30) days. Since June 30, 2010 is the deadline for the *completion* of all discovery, requests to the opposing party must be served at least thirty (30) days before that deadline. Plaintiff should always keep a copy of all requests and responses sent to defendant; plaintiff should never send an original document, only a copy. Fed. R. Civ. P. 5(d) prohibits litigants from filing discovery materials in the Court.

The parties may conduct depositions upon oral examination pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 30. An oral deposition is a seven (7) hour question-and-answer session in which the person being deposed testifies under oath or affirmation. The deposition in its entirety, both the

questions and answers, are transcribed by the court reporter and may be used in the litigation. If

a party receives written notice to appear for a deposition but is unable to appear at the date and

time stated in the notice, that party shall promptly contact the opposing party to request that the

deposition be rescheduled for another date. If plaintiff wishes to conduct one or more

depositions but cannot afford to hire a court reporter to administer the required oath and record

the deponent's testimony, see Fed. R. Civ. P. 28 and 30(c), plaintiff may conduct depositions

upon written questions pursuant to Fed. R. Civ. P. 31. Each party bears their own costs of

conducting discovery.

Before requesting the Court's assistance regarding a discovery dispute, the parties must

make a good faith effort to resolve the dispute with one another. Fed. R. Civ. P. 26(c); Local

Civil Rule 37.3. For example, if plaintiff has requested materials and defendant has not

responded within thirty days, plaintiff must make a good faith effort to resolve the issue with

defendant's counsel before seeking the Court's intervention. Under the Federal Rules of Civil

Procedure, any submission to the Court must first be served on the adversary or the Court cannot

consider it. Fed. R. Civ. P. 5.

If defendant intends to file a motion for summary judgment, defendant's counsel shall

serve his motion by July 30, 2010 and file a copy of his cover letter with the Court. Plaintiff

shall serve his opposition to defendant's motion for summary judgment on defendant's counsel

by August 30, 2010. Defendant shall serve any reply and the fully briefed motion, including

plaintiff's opposition papers, electronically by September 13, 2010.

SO ORDERED.

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United States Magistrate Judge

Dated: February 9, 2010

Brooklyn, New York