

deny the request to approve the consent judgment, entered a report and recommendation (“R&R”) that plaintiff’s relief be granted. R&R, January 26, 2015. The R&R gave the required notice that any objection had to be filed on or before February 12, 2016.

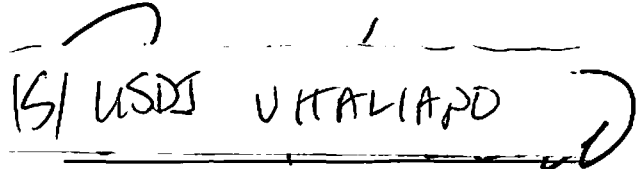
In reviewing a report and recommendation of a magistrate judge, a district court “may accept, reject, or modify, in whole or in part, the findings or recommendations made by the magistrate judge.” 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1). Further, a district judge is required to “determine *de novo* any part of the magistrate judge’s disposition that has been properly objected to.” Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b)(3); *accord* 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1); *see also* *Arista Records, LLC v. Doe 3*, 604 F.3d 110, 116 (2d Cir. 2010). But, where no timely objection has been made, the “district court need only satisfy itself that there is no clear error on the face of the record” to accept a magistrate judge’s report and recommendation, and “may adopt those portions of the [r]eport . . . which are not facially erroneous.” *Price v. City of N.Y.*, 797 F. Supp. 2d 219, 223 (E.D.N.Y. 2011) (quoting *La Torres v. Walker*, 216 F. Supp. 2d 157, 159 (S.D.N.Y. 2000)).

In this instance, no objections have been filed, and the time to do so has passed. After careful review of the record, the Court finds the R&R to be correct and free of any clear error. The Court, therefore, adopts the R&R in its entirety as the opinion of the Court.

The Clerk of Court is directed to enter judgment accordingly and to close this case.

So Ordered.

Dated: Brooklyn, New York
February 18, 2016


ERIC N. VITALIANO
United States District Judge