# UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK

# UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,

Plaintiff,

-against-

# 5:12-CV-0111 (LEK/ATB)

ANTHONY C. PIERORAZIO,<sup>1</sup>

Defendant.

### **DECISION and ORDER**

### I. INTRODUCTION

On January 21, 2012, Plaintiff commenced this action alleging that Anthony J. Pierorazio ("Defendant") defaulted on a promissory note. Dkt. No. 1 ("Complaint"). Now before the Court is Plaintiff's Third Motion for default judgment brought pursuant to Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 55(b)(2). Dkt. No. 10 ("Motion").

# II. BACKGROUND

Defendant is a resident of Syracuse, New York. Compl. ¶ 2. The Complaint alleges that Defendant executed a promissory note to secure loans from the U.S. Department of Education, and that he has failed to repay the loans in full. See generally id. Defendant did not file a responsive pleading, and on April 10, 2012, the Clerk filed an Entry of default against Defendant at Plaintiff's request. Dkt. Nos. 4; 5. In its Motion, Plaintiff seeks an award of: (1) "the principal sum of 2570.41 plus interest in the amount of 2325.83 through August 27th, 2013, plus additional accrued interest at the rate of 3.15% per annum"; and (2) "the principal sum of 1895.43 plus

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Amended at Plaintiff's request per Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 15(a)(2). See Dkt. No. 10 at 3-4  $\P\P$  5-8.

interest in the amount of \$1706.26 through August 27th, 2013, plus additional accrued interest at the rate of 3.15% per annum." Mot. at 4-5 ¶ 10.

#### III. LEGAL STANDARD

"Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 55 provides a two-step process that the Court must follow before it may enter a default judgment against a defendant."" <u>Elec. Creations Corp. v. Gigahertz,</u> <u>Inc.</u>, No. 12-CV-1423, 2013 WL 3229125, at \*3 (quoting <u>Robertson v. Doe</u>, No. 05-CV-7046, 2008 WL 2519894, at \*3 (S.D.N.Y. June 19, 2008)).

First, under Rule 55(a), when a party fails to plead or otherwise defend . . . the clerk must enter the party's default. Second, pursuant to Rule 55(b)(2), the party seeking default judgment is required to present its application for entry of judgment to the court. . . . Notice of the application must be sent to the defaulting party so that it has an opportunity to show cause why the court should not enter a default judgment.

Id. (citations and internal quotation marks omitted).

"When a default is entered, the defendant is deemed to have admitted all of the well-pleaded factual allegations in the complaint pertaining to liability." <u>Bravado Int'l Grp. Merch. Servs., Inc. v.</u> <u>Ninna, Inc.</u>, 655 F. Supp. 2d 177, 188 (E.D.N.Y. 2009) (citing <u>Greyhound Exhibitgroup, Inc. v. E.L.</u> <u>U.L. Realty Corp.</u>, 973 F.2d 155, 158 (2d Cir. 1992)). "While a default judgment constitutes an admission of liability, the quantum of damages remains to be established by proof unless the amount is liquidated or susceptible of mathematical computation." <u>Flaks v. Koegel</u>, 504 F.2d 702, 707 (2d Cir. 1974); <u>see also Bravado Int'l</u>, 655 F. Supp. 2d at 189. "[E]ven upon default, a court may not rubber-stamp the non-defaulting party's damages calculation, but rather must ensure that there is a basis for the damages that are sought." <u>Bravado Int'l</u>, 655 F. Supp. 2d at 189. "The burden is on the plaintiff to establish its entitlement to recovery." <u>Bravado Int'l</u>, 655 F. Supp. 2d at 189. "While the court must ensure that there is a basis for the damages that are sought." <u>Bravado Int'l</u>, 655 F. Supp. 2d at 189. "While the

need not, make the determination through a hearing." Id. at 190 (internal quotation marks omitted).

Under Local Rule 55.2(b), the moving party must submit with its motion for default judgment: (1) a clerk's certificate of entry of default; (2) a proposed form of default judgment; (3) a copy of the pleading to which no response has been made; and (4) an affidavit. The affidavit must set forth that: (1) the party against whom judgment is sought is not an infant, incompetent, or in military service; (2) the party against whom judgment is sought has defaulted in appearance in the action; (3) service was properly effected under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 4; (4) the amount sought is justly due and owing, and no part has been paid; and (5) the disbursements sought to be taxed have been made in the action or will necessarily be made or incurred. L.R. 55.2(b) (citing L.R. 55.2(a)).

### IV. DISCUSSION

Upon review of Plaintiff's Motion, Plaintiff has complied with all applicable rules and demonstrated that it is entitled to the relief sought. <u>See generally Mot.</u> The affidavits in support, together with supporting documentation from the U.S. Department of Education, demonstrate the amount owed by Defendant, who has defaulted in this action.

#### V. CONCLUSION

Accordingly, it is hereby:

ORDERED, that Plaintiff's Third Motion (Dkt. No. 10) for default judgment is

**GRANTED**; and it is further

**ORDERED**, that judgment enter for Plaintiff in the amount of \$8,497.93 plus interest to the date of this Decision and Order at the rate of 3.15% per annum; and it is further

**ORDERED**, that the Clerk serve a copy of this Decision and Order on all parties.

# IT IS SO ORDERED.

DATED: October 23, 2013 Albany, NY

Lawrence E. Kahn U.S. District Judge