

FOURNIER
RECHTSANWÄLTE
FRANKFURT AM MAIN

FOURNIER RA · BEETHOVENSTRASSE 8-10 · D-60325 FRANKFURT AM MAIN

Office of the Clerk, J. Michael McMahon
U.S. District Court for the
Southern District of New York
500 Pearl Street
New York, New York 10007
U.S.A.

cc.

Google Book Search Settlement Administrator
c/o Rust Consulting
P.O. Box 9364
Minneapolis
U.S.A.

The Author's Guild et al v. Google Inc.

Reference:

The Authors Guild, Inc., Association of American Publishers, Inc., et al.,
Plaintiffs,

v.

Google Inc.,
Defendant.

Case No. 05 CV 8136-JES (UNITED STA-
TES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN
DISTRICT OF NEW YORK)

Hereby I,

Dr. iur. Erik Heinrich FOURNIER
Beethovenstraße 8-10
60325 Frankfurt / Main
Germany,



DR. ERIK H. FOURNIER
RECHTSANWALT

BEETHOVENSTRASSE 8-10
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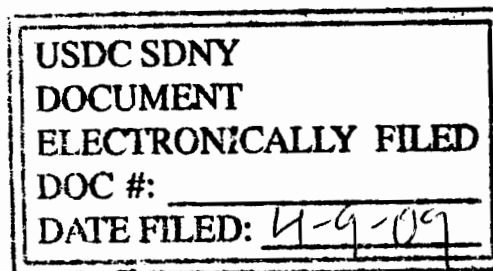
BANKVERBINDUNG:
DEUTSCHE BANK AG
FRANKFURT/MAIN
BLZ 500 700 24
KTO.-NR. 401 15 16

IBAN: DE23500700240401151600
BIC: DEUTDE33HAN30

UStId-Nr.: DE 184307346

UNSER ZEICHEN: 877/09

■ Frankfurt/M., 21.03.2009



Doc. 78

declare as a member of the "Author Class" (definition no. 1.14 of Settlement Agreement)

"option out"

with the request

to cancelled

by the Settlement Agreement of the above-captioned case. The Settlement Agreement is not obligatory on me.

Hereby I request

the rejection

of the Settlement Agreement.

Reasons:

The planned proportional profit-sharing (63%) is not sufficient and inappropriate.

Google Inc. profited already by provision with stocks foreign book contents its Internet presence in the sense of a completeness. The provision with stocks is a kind of using copyrights already. The company value of Google Inc. rises thereby considerably. Google Inc. can thereby arise to a dominating the market position.

Therefore it is unfair to take part authors and publishers only in certain profits in future in the sense of profit-sharing. Because this profit depends on whether book contents actually throw profit off.

The Settlement Agreement gives Google Inc. a business model with the chance on a dominating the market position, but Google Inc. do not carries an appropriate risk.

Therefore additionally a unique fee for using copyrights must be paid by Google Inc. to the authors and publishers. This unique fee should be additional to the profit-sharing in future (63%). The unique fee (a kind admission fee) would be a surrogate for this present advantage of shareholders of Google Inc. as such. To rise up a book database by Google is a present financial advantage that it require has to be recompensed.

Google Books Inc. had to cancelled the following books of the author:

- Fournier, Erik : Bereicherungsausgleich bei Eingriffen in Wettbewerbspositionen im Sinne des § 1 UWG : Zugleich ein Beitrag zur Dogmatik des wettbewerbsrechtlichen Leistungsschutzes, 1998

- Fournier, Erik : Bereicherungsausgleich bei Verstößen gegen das UWG : Zugleich ein Beitrag zur Dogmatik des wettbewerbsrechtlichen Leistungsschutzes, 1999

This works on spread and available in United States of America, also in National Library and the most of law school libraries.

Hereby I request

the reimbursement of necessary attorney costs by Google Inc., Defendant, from cause of the authors copyright right perception in this procedure in accordance with Federal Rules of Civil Procedure, Rule 54 (b) (1) and (2)

as follows:

Gegenstandswert (Value): € 25.000,-

RVG-VV No.

2300	Geschäftsgebühr, Faktor 2,5 (attorney business fee, factor 2,5)	€	1,715.00
7002	Pauschale für Post und Telekommunikation (Overall one for post office and telecommunications)	€	20.00
7008	Umsatzsteuer, 19% (VAT)	€	329.65
	Summe (Sum)	€	2,064.65
	€ 2,064,65 (1,3561 EUR/USD)	US\$	2,799,97

The attorney costs became necessary, since applicant had to become active to defend his copyrights in the above-captioned case. Otherwise the comparison would have become obligatory. Google Inc. hereby in the copyright of the applicant against its will would have intervened. The directly threatening danger of an interference in copyrights requires the reimbursement of the lawyer's fees. The lawyer's fees are appropriate and correspond to the German law (Gesetz über die Vergütung der Rechtsanwältinnen und Rechtsanwälte - Rechtsanwaltsvergütungsgesetz – RVG) from 5.5.2004, BGBl. I S. 717,788). Google Inc. for these fees by its approach and this procedure caused.

I ask politely to communicate the judicial decision into this area about the cost appointment.



Dr. Erik H. Fournier

Rechtsanwalt