

SIDLEY AUSTIN LLA ONE SOUTH DEARBORN CHICAGO, IL 60603 (312) 853 7000 (312) 853 7036 FAX

mreich@sidley.com (312) 853-0729

BEIJING GENEVA BRUSSELS HONG KONG CHICAGO LONDON DALLAS LOS ANGELES TORYO FRANKFURT NEW YORK

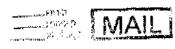
SAN FRANCISCO SHANGHAL SINGAPORE WASHINGTON, DC

FOUNDED 1888

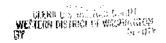
March 3, 2006

By Federal Express

Clcrk of the Panel Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation One Columbus Circle, N.E. Thurgood Marshall Federal Judiciary Building Room G-255, North Lobby Washington, D.C. 20002-8004



MAR 9 5 2006



Re: MDL-1771 In re "A Million Little Pieces" Litigation

Dear Clerk of the Panel:

Pursuant to Rule 7.5(e) of the Rules of Procedure of the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation, Defendants Random House, Inc. and Doubleday & Company, Inc., by its attorneys, hereby notify the Panel of the potential tag-along action in MDL-1771 listed on the attached Schedule.

Enclosed are copies of the complaint and docket sheet for this action. Please do not hesitate to contact me if you have any questions about the above,

Respectfully submitted,

Alnissa luch

Marissa Reich

Enclosures

1 (88)/6 88/6 2006 88/6 88/6 88/6 88/6 18/6 18/6 18/6

06-CV-00099-NTCL

BEFORE THE JUDICIAL PANEL ON MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION

IN RE "A MILLION LITTLE PIECES"

LITIGATION

MDL Docket No. 1771

SCHEDULE OF POTENTIAL TAG-ALONG ACTION

Pursuant to Rule 7.5(e) of the Rules of Procedure of the Judicial Panel on Multidistrict Litigation, D1efendants Random House, Inc. and Doubleday & Company, Inc., provide the following information on a potential tag-along action:

	Complete Name	Civil Action No.	District and Division	Judge Assigned
1.	Sara Brackenrich, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, v. James Frey, Doubleday & Company, Inc., Random House, Inc., Vintage Anchor Publishing, Inc., Borders Group, Inc.	06-CV-1021	Northern District of Illinois, Eastern Division	Judge Joan B. Gottschall

COLE

United States District Court Northern District of Illinois - CM/ECF LIVE, Ver 2.5 (Chicago) CIVIL DOCKET FOR CASE #: 1:06-cv-01021

Brackenrich v. Frey et al

Assigned to: Honorable Joan B. Gottschall

Demand: \$75,000

Cause: 28:1332 Diversity-Fraud

Date Filed: 02/23/2006 Jury Demand: Plaintiff

Nature of Suit: 370 Personal Prop.:

Fraud or Truth-In-Lending Jurisdiction: Diversity

Plaintiff

Sara Brackenrich

individually and on behalf of all others similarly situtated,

represented by Brian C. Witter

DiTommaso Lubin
17 W. 220 22nd Street
Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181
(630)333-0004
Email: bcw@ditommasolaw.com
LEAD ATTORNEY
ATTORNEY TO BE NOTICED

Peter Scott Lubin

DiTommaso - Lubin 17W 220 22nd Street Suite 200 Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181 (630) 333-0000 Email: psl@ditommasolaw.com ATTORNEY TO BE NOTICED

Vincent Louise DiTommaso

DiTommaso - Lubin 17W 220 22nd Street Suite 200 Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181 (630) 333-0000 Email: vdt@ditommasolaw.com ATTORNEY TO BE NOTICED

V.

Defendant

James Frey

Defendant

Doubleday & Company, Inc.

<u>Defendant</u>

Random House, Inc.

Defendant

Vintage Anchor Publising, Inc.

Defendant

Borders Group, Inc.

Date Filed	#	Docket Text
02/23/2006	<u>.I.</u>	CLASS Action Complaint filed Plaintiff by Sara Brackenrich; Jury Demand.(ar,) (Entered: 02/27/2006)
02/23/2006	2	CIVIL Cover Sheet (ar,) (Entered: 02/27/2006)
02/23/2006	(ب.)	ATTORNEY Appearance for Plaintiff Sara Brackenrich by Brian C. Witter (ar,) (Entered: 02/27/2006)
02/23/2006	4	ATTORNEY Appearance for Plaintiff Sara Brackenrich by Peter Scott Lubin (ar,) (Entered: 02/27/2006)
02/23/2006	. 5	ATTORNEY Appearance for Plaintiff Sara Brackenrich by Vincent Louisc DiTommaso (ar,) (Entered: 02/27/2006)

PACER Service Center				
Transaction Receipt				
03/03/2006 12:00:28				
PACER Login:	sa0019	Client Code:]	
Description:	Docket Report	Search Criteria:	1:06-ev-01021	
Billable Pages:	I	Cost:	0.08	

Case 1:06-cv-01021

Document 1

Filed 02/23/2006

Page 1 of 12

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF ILLINOIS EASTERN DIVISION

FILED
FEB 2 3 2006 / C

Mighasi W. Doserna Mishal, Lie, Mistaict Colirt

SARA BRACKENRICH,	`			
individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated,		D6CV1021 JUDGE GOTTSCHALL		
Plaintiff,	MAGISTRATE COLE			
vs.	· J	Case No.		
)			
JAMES FREY,)			
DOUBLEDAY & COMPANY, INC.,)			
RANDOM HOUSE, INC.,)	JURY DEMANDED		
VINTAGE ANCHOR PUBLISHING, INC.,)			
BORDERS GROUP, INC.)			
)			
Dofondante	Y			

CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT

Plaintiff Sara Brackenrich, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, for her Class Action Complaint ("Complaint") against James Frey ("Frey"), Doubleday & Company, Inc. ("Doubleday"), Random House, Inc. ("Random"), Vintage Anchor Publishing, Inc., ("Vintage Anchor") and Borders Group, Inc. ("Borders"), states as follows:

INTRODUCTION

1. This is an action for consumer fraud, breach of warranty, and unjust enrichment arising out of defendants' deception of consumers with respect to the advertising, promotion, and sale of Frey's purported "nonfiction" "memoir," published in the United States under the title A Million Little Pieces.

of .

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

- 2. This Court has jurisdiction over this action pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1332(d)(2)(A), as the amount in controversy exceeds \$5,000,000.00, and complete diversity exists between plaintiff and all defendants.
- 3. This Court has supplemental jurisdiction over the pendant state law claims pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1367(a), as these claims are so related to the claims within this Court's original jurisdiction that they form part of the same case or controversy.
- 4. Venue is proper in this District pursuant to 28 U.S.C. §1391, as the work was purchased by plaintiff in this district, the acts complained of took place in this district, and each of the defendants does substantial business within this district.

PARTIES

- Plaintiff Sata Brackenrich is an individual who currently resides in Joliet,
 Illinois.
- 6. Defendant Frey, an individual, is the author of the work A Million Little Pieces, and a resident of New York, NY.
- 7. Defendant Doubleday, a book publisher and a division of Random, is a corporation with its principal place of business located in New York, NY.
- 8. Defendant Random, a book publisher, is a corporation with its principal place of business located in New York, NY.
- Defendant Vintage Anchor, a book publisher and a division of Random, is a corporation with its principal place of business located in New York, NY.
- 10. Defendant Borders, a book seller, is a corporation with its principal place of business located in Ann Arbor, MI.

Case 1:06-cv-01021 Document 1 Filed 02/23/2006 Page 3 of 12

GENERAL ALLECATIONS

- 11. Defendant Frey, an inexperienced writer, initially engaged a literary agent to promote and sell the manuscript that was eventually published as A Million Little Pieces as a work of fiction.
- 12. When no publisher would accept the manuscript for publication as a work of fiction, Frey simply reclassified the work a "memoir" and repositioned the manuscript as a work of "nonfiction," specifically representing the writing as an autobiography that was based on true events.
- 13. On numerous occasions, between late 2002 and early 2006, both prior and subsequent to its publication. Frey stated that A Million Little Pieces was a true account of his life, and repeatedly represented and promoted the book as a work of nonfiction and autobiography to the public, including giving interviews to newspapers, magazines, television, and online, where he emphasized the work's truth, honesty, and fidelity to fact.
- 14. A Million Little Pieces was published in 2003 by defendants Doubleday, Random, and Vintage Anchor, labeled as a nonfiction book, and advertised and promoted as such, including describing the work as a memoir on the book's dust jacket, indicating to the book buying public that the author's account was truthful and correct, representations upon which consumers were intended to rely.
- 15. Various groups and publications, including *The New York Times*, publish weekly, and other, lists of book sales that divide the publishing market into fiction and nonfiction, and delineate for the public categories of works, to inform book buyers of the nature of a given work, so a consumer may make an informed choice with respect to the

Case 1:06-cy-01021

Document 1

Filed 02/23/2006

Page 4 of 12

author's and publisher's product, and determine whether the work is based on truth or, instead, is purely a work of literary imagination.

- 16. Defendant Borders, a national bookseller, also represented that A Million Little Pieces was a work of nonfiction, a memoir based on the truth, and promoted the work as such by placing the book among its nonfiction titles, a classification upon which customers were intended to rely.
- 17. Defendant Frey's work A Million Little Pieces, it turned out, was neither an autobiographical work of nonfiction nor a memoir, but rather a long, sorry series of misrepresentations, a lurid tissue of lies and puffery, only incidentally based on true events, in which the author sought to deceive consumers about his life and experiences.
- 18. The publishers and sellers of Frey's invention had a duty to the public to verify the truth and accuracy of the author's account both before and after bringing the book to market and, correspondingly, a duty and obligation to insure that their advertising, promotion, and sale of the book was truthful. Defendants have breached these obligations and duties
- 19. On or about October 15, 2005, in reliance upon defendants' representations that the work was a truthful account of Frey's life and experiences, plaintiff purchased A Million Little Pieces at a Borders store on Michigan Avenuc, in Chicago, Illinois, and shortly thereafter read the book in its entirety.

CLASS ALLEGATIONS

20. This action is brought on behalf of a class. The class consists of all persons who purchased *A Million Little Pieces* on or before January 26, 2006, in whatever form, whether clothbound, paperback, audiocassette, CD, c-book, or in any

other form, abridged or unabridged. Excluded from the Class are defendants herein, members of the immediate family of each of the defendants, any person, firm, trust, corporation, officer, director or other individual or entity in which any defendant has a controlling interest or which is related to or affiliated with any of the defendants, and the legal representatives, agents, affiliates, heirs, successors-in-interest or assigns of any such excluded party, as well as any judicial officer to whom this case is assigned.

- 21. The class is so numerous that joinder of all members is impracticable.
- 22. There are questions of law and fact common to the class that predominate over any questions affecting only individual class members, including whether the book was truthful and accurate, as well as whether the advertising, promotion, and sale of the work by defendants breached both statutory and common law duties to consumers.

 Because the damages suffered by each individual class member are relatively small, the burden and expense of individual prosecution of this litigation creates a disincentive to litigation and makes it cost-prohibitive for individual class members to seek redress for the wrongful conduct alleged herein. Absent class treatment, defendants would likely retain the benefits of its wrongdoing and continue to knowingly violate the law.
- 23. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the class members; all are based on the same legal and factual issues.
- 24. Plaintiff will fairly and accurately represent the members of the class, as she believes she has been defrauded by defendants' conduct.
- 25. Plaintiff has retained connsel experienced in the prosecution of similar actions.

26. A class action is superior for the fair and efficient prosecution of this claim, as it is economically irrational to prosecute individual claims, the class is easily definable, and a class action will allow for the orderly and expeditious handling of claims.

COUNT 1 Consumer Fraud

- 27. Plaintiff tealleges paragraphs 1 through 26 as if the same were fully set forth berein.
- 28. At all relevant times, there was in full force and effect in the State of Illinois a statute commonly known as the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act, which provides in pertinent part as follows (815 ILCS 505/2):

Unfair methods of competition and unfair and deceptive acts or practices, including but not limited to the use or employment of any deception, fraud, false pretense, false promise, misrepresentation, or the concealment, suppression or omission of any material fact with the intent that others rely upon the concealment, suppression or employment of any practice described in Section 2 of the "Uniform Deceptive Trade Practices Act", approved August 5, 1965, in the conduce of any trade or commerce are hereby declared unlawful where any person has in fact been mislead, deceived or damaged thereby.

29. The Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act further provides, at 815 B.CS 505/10(a), that:

Any person who suffers actual damages as a result of a violation of this Act committed by any person may bring an action against such person. The court, in its discretion, may award actual economic damages or any other relief which the court deems proper.

30. Plaintiff and each member of the putative class are consumers within the meaning of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act 815 ILCS

505/1(e). Consumer Fraud Statutes are in effect in states where defendants do business that are similar to the ICFA.

- 31. The sale of books by defendants as alleged herein constitutes the sale of merchandise as defined by the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act 815 ILCS 505/1(b).
- 32. The conduct of defendants as alleged in the general allegations, including its intentional breach of contract, and its knowing fraud, intended during the time defendants advertised, promoted, and sold A Million Little Pieces as a work of nonfiction, constitutes the use or employment of unfair practices, deception, fraud, false pretense, false promise, misrepresentation, and the concealment, suppression or omission of a material fact, with the intent that plaintiff and all other members of the class rely upon said concealment, suppression, and/or omission of such material fact, such as to constitute a violation of the Illinois Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act.
- 33. At all relevant times, defendants concealed and omitted to disclose the true nature of the book and failed to disclose in their advertisements and promotions that the book was not a memoir and work of nonfiction, but, rather, was a purely a document of the author's fancy.
- 34. Plaintiff and each member of the putative class have suffered actual economic damages as a result of the aforesaid violations of the Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act by Defendant in that Plaintiff and the Class did not receive the benefit of their bargain when they purchased the work,

35. Defendants' conduct, as alleged herein, is willful and/or wanton in that, at all relevant times, it know or should have known that A Million Little Pieces was a work of fiction, and that by intentionally mislabeling the book as a nonfiction memoir, it was able to sell books to consumers on a fraudulent basis. As such, the class is entitled to an award of punitive damages in an amount to be set by the Court.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff and the putative class pray for relief and judgment against the defendants, as follows:

- A. For certification of a class of all persons who have suffered from the same consumer fraud violations as plaintiff;
- B. For actual damages, pre-judgment interest, punitive damages, attorneys' fees, together with plaintiff's costs of suit;
- C. For temporary, preliminary, and permanent injunctive relief ordering defendant to stop falsely advertising and promoting A Million Little Pieces as a nonfiction work, and to truthfully disclose that the book is fictional and, if anything, only incidentally based on true events; and
- D. For such other and further relief as this Court may deem necessary and just.

COUNT II Unjust Eurichment

- 36. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1 through 35 as if the same were fully set forth herein.
- 37. As a consequence of defendants' misrepresentations, wrongful acts, and omissions, defendants have been unjustly enriched at the expense of plaintiff and the

putative class, who, but for the aforesaid misrepresentations, acts, and omissions would not have purchased A Million Little Pieces.

38. Plaintiff and the putative class seek restitution from defendants, and seek an appropriate order requiring defendants to disgorge all profits, benefits, and other compensation earned by the sale of *A Million Little Pieces*, since it would be contrary to principles of equity and justice for these defendants to retain these monies and benefits as they were obtained through deceit and false pretenses.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff and the putative class pray for relief and judgment against the defendants, as follows:

- A. For certification of a class of all persons who have suffered from the same consumer fraud violations as plaintiff;
- B. For restitution, actual and punitive damages, pre-judgment interest, and aftorneys' fees, together with plaintiff's costs of suit;
- C. For temporary, preliminary, and permanent injunctive relief ordering defendant to stop falsely advertising and promoting A Million Little Pieces as a nonfiction work, and to truthfully disclose that the book is fictional and, if anything, only incidentally based on true events;
 - D. For an accounting of defendants' sales and profits from the book, as well as for the imposition of a constructive trust with respect to monies retained by defendants from both past and future sales of A Million Little Pieces.
- E. For such other and further relief as this Court may deem necessary and just.

<u>COUNT III</u> Breach of Implied Warranty

- 39. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1 through 38 as if the same were fully set forth herein.
- 40. Illinois, like all states and the District of Columbia, has adopted the Uniform Commercial Code ("UCC" or "Code"), including §2-314, which concerns the implied warranty of merchantability.
- 41. Defendants sold the book to plaintiff and the putative class, and said sales constitute transactions in goods under the UCC.
- 42. Defendants are merchants for purposes of the Code, as they regularly deal in goods of this kind and hold themselves out to the public as dealers in books and related goods such as the work complained of herein.
- 43 A warranty of merchantability was implied in the contract for sale of this work that plaintiff and the putative class purchased.
- 44. Defendants breached their implied warranty of merchantability, as the book was defective and not merchantable for its intended use.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff and the putative class pray for relief and judgment against the defendants, as follows:

- A. For certification of a class of all persons who have suffered from the same consumer fraud violations and breach of warranty as plaintiff;
- B. For a finding that defendants breached their implied warranty of merchantability to plaintiff and the putative class, as well as for a finding of actual damages, pre judgment interest, punitive damages, attorneys' fees, together with plaintiff's costs of suit;

Case 1:06-cv-01021 Document 1 Filed 02/23/2006 Page 11 of 12

- C. For temporary, preliminary, and permanent injunctive relief ordering defendant to stop falsely advertising and promoting A Million Little Pieces as a nonfliction work, and to truthfully disclose that the book is fictional and, if anything, only incidentally based on true events; and
- D. For such other and further relief as this Court may deem necessary and just.

<u>COUNT IV</u> Breach of Express Warranty

- 45. Plaintiff realleges paragraphs 1 through 44 as if the same were fully set forth herein.
- 46. Illinois, like all states and the District of Columbia, has adopted the UCC, including §2-313, which concerns express warranties.
- 47. Defendants sold the book to plaintiff and the putative class, and said sales constitute transactions in goods under the UCC.
- 48. Defendants are merchants for purposes of the Code, as they regularly deal in goods of this kind and hold themselves out to the public as dealers in books, such as the work complained of herein.
- 49. An express warranty in the contract for sale of this work was extended to plaintiff and the putative class, when they purchased the work, that the work was nonfliction, truthful and accurate, and not simply a product of the author's imagination.
- 50. Defendants have breached this express warranty, as the book as defendants knew---was a work of fiction, untruthful in great part, and primarily a document of the author's fancy.

WHEREFORE, plaintiff and the putative class pray for relief and judgment against the defendants, as follows:

- A. For certification of a class of all persons who have suffered from the same consumer fraud violations and breach of warranty as plaintiff;
- B. For an order finding defendants in breach of their express warranty to plaintiff and the putative class, as well as for a finding of actual damages, pre-judgment interest, punitive damages, attorneys' fees, together with plaintiff's costs of suit;
- C. For temporary, preliminary, and permanent injunctive relief ordering defendant to stop falsely advertising and promoting A Million Little Pieces as a nonfiction work, and to truthfully disclose that the book is fictional and, if anything, only incidentally based on true events; and
- D. For such other and further relief as this Court may deem necessary and just.

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

Plaintiffs hereby demand a jury trial.

Brian C. Witter

bew@ditommasolaw.com

Peter S. Lubin

pst@ditommasolaw.com

Vincent L. DiTommaso

vdt@ditommasolaw.com

DiTommaso + Lubin, PC

17W 220 22nd Street,

Suite 200

Oakbrook Terrace, II. 60181

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

BEFORE THE JUDICIAL PANEL ON MULTIDISTRICT LITIGATION

IN RE "A MILLION LITTLE PIECES" LITIGATION

MDL Docket No. 1771

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I do hereby certify that on this 3rd day of March, 2006, I served upon the parties listed on the attached Service List via U.S. mail a true and correct copy of the information sent to the Clerk of the Panel regarding MDL-1771 potential tag-along action Sara Brackenrich, individually and on behalf of all others similarly situated, v. James Frey, Doubleday & Company, Inc., Random House, Inc., Vintage Anchor Publishing, Inc., Borders Group, Inc., Civil No. 01-CV-1021, U.S.D.C., Northern District of Illinois.

Dated: March 3, 2006

An Attorney for Random House, Inc.; Doubleday & Company, Inc.; and to the extent they are properly named defendants, Bantam Doubleday Dell Publishing Group; Anchor Books a division of Random House, Inc.; Knopf Publishing Group, Inc.; Nan A. Talese/Doubleday a division of Random House, Inc.; Nan A. Talese; Vintage Anchor Publishing, Inc.; and Alfred A. Knopf, Inc. doing business as Anchor Books

IN RE "A MILLION LITTLE PIECES" LITIGATION SERVICE LIST

Evan J. Smith	Alan S. Ripka
Brodsky & Smith, LLC	Ripka, Rotter & King, LLP
240 Mineola Boulevard, First Floor	275 Madison Avenue
Mincola, NY 11501	New York, NY 10016
Tel: (516) 741-4977	Tel: (212) 658-8888, ext. 8653
(,	
Attorney for Plaintiff Michele Snow	Attorney for Plaintiff Jimmy Floyd
Thomas M. Mullaney	Thomas E. Pakenas
Law Offices of Thomas M. Mullancy	Dale and Pakenas
708 Third Avenue, Suite 2500	641 Lake Street, Suite 400
New York, NY 10017	Chicago, II, 60661
Tel: (212) 223-0800	Tel: (312) 258-1800
Attorney for Plaintiffs Jennifer Cohn and	Attorney for Plaintiff Pilar More
Diane Marolda	
Thomas A. Zimmerman, Jr.	Hector G. Gancedo
Zimmerman and Associates, P.C.	Amy M. Boomhouwer
100 West Monroe, Suite 1300	Christopher W. Taylor
Chicago, IL 60603	Gancedo & Nieves LLP
Tel: (312) 440-0020	144 West Colorado Boulevard
	Pasadena, CA 91105
Attorney for Plaintiff Ann Marie Strack	Tel: (626) 685-9800
	Attorneys for Plaintiffs Garrett Hauenstein
Mitch Kalcheim	and Jean Taylor Michael David Myers
	-
Amber S. Healy Kalcheim Salah	Myers & Company, P.L.L.C.
l .	1809 Seventh Avenue, Suite 700
2049 Century Park East, Suite 2150 Los Angeles, CA 90067	Seattle, WA 98101
Tel: (310) 461-1200	Tel: (206) 398-1188
161: (510) 461-1200	Attorney for Disintiffs Chara Bookingway
Attorney for Plaintiff Sara Rubenstein	Attorney for Plaintiffs Shera Paglinawan and Wendy Shaw
Alan J. Statman	John H. Alexander
Colleen M. Hegge	John H. Alexander & Associates, LLC
Statman, Harris, Siegel & Eyrich, LLC	100 West Monroe, 21st Floor
2900 Chemed Center	Chicago, IL 60602
255 East Fifth Street	Tel: (312) 263-7731
Cincinnati, OH 45202	
Tel: (513) 621-2666	Attorney for Plaintiff Marcia Vedral
Attorneys for Plaintiff Jill Giles	

Larry D. Drury	E. Powell Miller
, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Miller Shea, P.C.
Larry D. Drury, Ltd.	•
205 W. Randolph Street, Suite 1430	950 West University Drive, Suite 300
Chicago, IL 60606	Rochester, MI 48301
Tel: (312) 346-7950	Tel: (248) 841-2200
Attorney for Plaintiff Marcia Vedral	Attorney for Plaintiff Gregory Rivard
Mark S. Baumkel	Brian C. Witter
Provizer & Phillips, P.C.	Peter S. Lubin
30200 Telegraph Road, Suite 200	Vincent L. DiTommaso
Bingham Falls, MI 48025	DiTommaso Lubin, PC
Tel: (248) 642-0444	17W 220 22 rd Street, Suite 200
	Oakbrook Terrace, IL 60181
Attorney for Plaintiff Gregory Rivard	
	Attorney for Plaintiff Sara Brackenrich
Kassic Evashevski	Alex Gigante
Brillstein Grey	General Counsel
9150 Wilshire Blvd.	Penguin Group (USA) Inc.
Beverly Hills, CA 90212	375 Hudson Street
	New York, NY 10014
Defendant	
	Attorney for Defendant Sean McDonald
Derek J. Meyer	Brad Feuer
McDermott Will & Emery	General Counsel
227 West Monroe	Barnes & Noble
Chicago, IL 60606	122 Fifth Avenue
Tel: (312) 984-7724	New York, NY 10011
()	
Attorney for Defendants James Frey and	Attorney for Defendants Barnes & Noble,
Big Jim Industries, Inc.	Inc.; Barnes & Noble Booksellers, Inc.; and
	Barnes & Noble Publishing, Inc.
Laurel Krueger	Clerk of Court
Associate General Counsel	United States District Court
Borders Group, Inc.	Northern District of Illinois
100 Phoenix Drive	Eastern Division
Ann Arbor, MI 48108	Everett McKinley Dirkson Building
10100	20th floor
Attorney for Defendant Borders Group, Inc.	219 South Dearborn Street
12501607 to Detendant Bolders Cloud, 180	Chicago, Illinois 60604
Clerk of Court	Clerk of Court
United States District Court	United States District Court
Central District of California	Southern District of New York
Western Division	Foley Square Division
312 N. Spring Street	500 Pearl Street
, -	New York, New York 10007-1312
Los Angeles, CA 90012	190W 101K, NGW 101K 10007-1312

Clerk of Court	Clerk of Court
United States District Court	United States District Court
Western District of Washington	Central District of California
Seattle Division	Western Division
700 Stewart Street	Edward R. Roybal Federal Building and
Seattle, WA 98101	Courthouse
	255 East Temple Street
	Los Angeles, CA 90012
Clerk of Court	Clerk of Court
United States District Court	United States District Court
Eastern District of Michigan	Southern District of Ohio
Southern Division	Western Division
564 Theodore Levin U.S. Courthouse	Potter Stewart U.S. Courthouse
231 W. Lafayette Blvd.	Room 103
Detroit, MI 48226	100 East Fifth Street
	Cincinnati, OH 45202