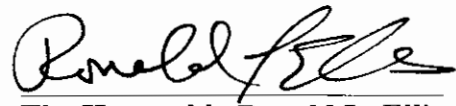


1986). Once an initial determination has been made as to indigence and merit, the Court has discretion to consider the following factors: 1) Beals's ability to investigate the crucial facts; 2) whether conflicting evidence implicating the need for cross-examination will be the major proof presented to the factfinder; 3) Beals's ability to present the case; 4) the complexity of the legal issues; and 5) any special reason why appointment of counsel would be more likely to lead to a just determination. *Id.* at 61-62.

Beals satisfies the threshold requirement of indigence insofar as he is incarcerated and is unable to afford counsel. He fails to satisfy the second threshold requirement, however, and the discretionary factors do not redound to his benefit. First, Beals has not shown that his claim is timely. A petitioner must file an application for a writ of habeas corpus within one year of his conviction becoming final. For purposes of this petition, Beals's conviction became final on July 19, 2004; therefore, he had until July 19, 2005, to file his habeas. He did not file his petition until March 1, 2007, however. Second, Beals has demonstrated the ability to properly file a habeas corpus petition setting forth relevant facts. He has corresponded with the Court, setting forth relevant issues in clear and coherent writing. Therefore, after careful review, Beals's application for counsel is **DENIED, without prejudice.**

SO ORDERED this 5th day of February 2008
New York, New York


The Honorable Ronald L. Ellis
United States Magistrate Judge