EXHIBIT C

DC2MCAPC1 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT 1 SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK 2 3 CAPITOL RECORDS, LLC, Plaintiff, 4 12 Civ. 95 (RJS) 5 v. REDIGI, INC.; JOHN 6 OSSENMACHER; and LARRY 7 RUDOLPH, also known as Lawrence S. Rogel, 8 Defendants. 9 10 New York, N.Y. December 2, 2013 6:10 p.m. 11 12 Before: HON. RICHARD J. SULLIVAN, 13 District Judge 14 15 APPEARANCES 16 COWAN LIEBOWITZ & LATMAN Attorneys for Plaintiff 17 BY: RICHARD S. MANDEL JONATHAN Z. KING 18 ADELMAN MATZ Attorneys for Defendant Redigi, Inc. 19 BY: GARY P. ADELMAN 20 SARAH M. MATZ 21 HAUSFELD, LLP Attorneys for Defendants John Ossenmacher and Larry Rudolph 22 BY: JAMES J. PIZZIRUSSO 23 24 25

DC2MCAPC1

1.3

is somehow they didn't have enough personal involvement to be individually liable. That's Mr. Mandel. I think Mr. Adelman basically agreed with that, that that would be the issue. And so that certainly I think would be relevant when we get to summary judgment. Right now we are not at summary judgment. We are at a motion to dismiss for the individual defendants. They are seeking discovery with respect to other issues that were not contested by Redigi, but I don't know, are they estopped? I think part of it is a factual issue as to how much of the individual defendants were involved in running the Redigi litigation, right?

MR. MANDEL: I don't think there is much of a dispute about that.

THE COURT: I don't know.

MR. MANDEL: They are the only witnesses who were identified in initial disclosures. They are the people who showed up at the preliminary injunction hearing, at every deposition, at every mediation. When we asked to even identify other shareholders, they objected and said it was irrelevant. If there is anybody else who controlled this litigation, I don't know who they are or where they were.

We certainly haven't heard anything but these two people who founded this business. This was their brainchild. They thought it was legal. They came in from the outset of the case and submitted declarations explaining why a preliminary

DC2MCAPC1

injunction shouldn't be issued. The company was found liable on the basis of their testimony and only their testimony.

This, to me, is really a classic case of people who participated actively. They are the only people who participated on behalf of Redigi with the defense. There is literally no other person I can think of who had any involvement whatsoever.

THE COURT: That may be true. I don't know the answer to that. But I'm talking about the specific issue under Teltronics as to whether or not the individual defendants should be estopped. You wouldn't take the position that a 30(b)(6) witness can then be added in a case and they are estopped from asserting any defenses because having been designated as a 30(b)(6) witness they are involved in the litigation.

MR. MANDEL: Not entirely. I think if you look at the couple of cases we cited, in both of them the courts talked about the fact that they were the principal witness, that they were there at the trial, that they had submitted declarations. These are the kind of facts that the Court looked at in those cases. If you look at our situation, these really were the only two individuals who have been there from the outset.

THE COURT: It's not clear to me how the courts in the cases you've cited were in the position to make those pronouncements about the state of the record because the

DC2MCAPC1

posture of the case wasn't such that I think it was in the record. They kind of cherrypicked the circuit data and looked at what some of the district court submissions and filings were, but I don't know that that's dispositive on the issues.

MR. MANDEL: I think in this case I would like to hear if there is somebody else who effectively controlled or participated. They have never been identified.

THE COURT: I've got a lawyer for the individuals and I've got a lawyer for the corporate defendant here, somebody else who is running this company.

Who retained you, Mr. Adelman?

MR. ADELMAN: John Ossenmacher.

THE COURT: And who gives you direction now as to how the corporate defendant should be pursuing this case? Don't tell me the substance of communications, but the individual who --

MR. ADELMAN: Primarily, we talked to John Ossenmacher and Larry Rudolph.

THE COURT: Mr. Pizzirusso, what is the defense here with respect to those individuals not joined at the hip with the corporate defendant?

MR. PIZZIRUSSO: Certainly, your Honor. I understand there is a history here and I have not been involved in that history. I'm coming in as an outsider at the end of case when Capital decided on the eve of trial that they wanted to name my

2.0

So why would your clients not be bound by that?

MR. PIZZIRUSSO: Mr. Adelman didn't represent my

MR. PIZZIRUSSO: Mr. Adelman didn't represent my clients at the time. They weren't named as defendants in the litigation. Now that the Court has allowed an amendment and they have brought in new counsel, may have new ideas or may want to do things differently, I don't know why Redigi did the things that they did. I don't know their strategy.

But my clients are now being asked to be joint and severally liable for potentially millions of dollars. And they have a due process right to take discovery, to find out what the claims are being asserted against them and don't think that they are bound by representations on behalf of people who did not represent them personally, that no discovery is needed here.

THE COURT: There is case law, slightly different procedural context, though, that basically bars the principals of a corporate defendant from asserting claims and making arguments that were or could have been made by the corporate defendant. You're familiar with those cases. You've seen them, right?

MR. PIZZIRUSSO: I have seen the cases that Mr. Mandel cited, and I agreed with your Honor's initial assessment that they took place in generally different contexts than what we have here.

THE COURT: They are different contexts, but it's not

1 2

3

4

6

5

7

8 9

10

11

12 13

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

21

22

23

24

25

clear to me why the rationale would be any different at this stage of this proceeding.

You are not asserting that somebody else is who ran the litigation and somebody else is who is responsible for the corporate defendant defending himself, right? Is there somebody else?

There are other shareholders of the MR. PIZZIRUSSO: company, your Honor. There is inside counsel. There aren't just these two individuals. If Mr. Mandel wants to have some additional discovery after he is saying that no additional discovery is needed, we can go into that. I think we have got to take the complaint that we have against us and respond to that. He hasn't asserted any of these facts that he claims he has that talk about how my clients have run the show from day one and are really responsible here, and he has got this great discovery record. I think it should have been in the It wasn't. So now here we are on the, quote complaint. unquote, eve of trial, the 11th hour, the close of discovery and he is saying, you don't get any more discovery, you're essentially liable. And we think that's prejudicial and we think the complaint should be dismissed with prejudice, but, at the very least, if not, he should have to replead and allow us to answer.

But I do agree that the cases should be severed. could proceed right now against Redigi and go to trial and let