ns v. New York State Unified Court System Office of Court Administration et al Case 1:16-cv-02061-VSB-RWL Document 234 <u>Filed 08/24/21 Page 1 of 2</u>	
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK X	USDC SDNY DOCUMENT ELECTRONICALLY FILED DOC #:
SHANNON WILLIAMS,	DATE FILED:
Plaintiff, -against- NEW YORK STATE UNIFIED COURT SYSTEM OFFICE OF COURT ADMINISTRATION, et al.,	16-CV-2061 (VSB) <u>ORDER</u>
: Defendants. : X	

On August 10, 2021, I filed an Opinion & Order dismissing all of the Plaintiff's claims, and directed the parties to propose any redactions by August 13, 2021. ("Opinion & Order", Doc. 230.) Plaintiff subsequently sought an extension to provide redactions, (Doc. 231), which I granted, (Doc. 232).

On August 17, 2021, the parties filed a joint letter regarding their positions on redactions. (Doc. 233.) In the letter, Plaintiff proposes numerous redactions on the grounds that the redactions will protect sensitive information regarding Plaintiff and another employee. Plaintiff states that unlike the documents in the record, my Opinion & Order, "will be widely available to the general public." (*Id.*) Defendants take the position that no redactions are warranted, and oppose Plaintiff's proposed redactions on the grounds that Plaintiff seeks to redact information that is already a part of the public record and was not previously filed under seal or in redacted form. (*Id.*)

I agree with Defendants. Plaintiff's proposed redactions are nonsensical. He seeks to redact information that he in fact raised within his second amended complaint and information

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that has already been made public through the voluminous court filings in this case. Conversely, Plaintiff does not seek to redact information that was previously filed under seal.

Any redaction or sealing of a court filing must be narrowly tailored to serve whatever purpose justifies the redaction or sealing and must be otherwise consistent with the presumption in favor of public access to judicial documents. *See, e.g., Lugosch v. Pyramid Co. of Onondaga*, 435 F.3d 110, 119–20 (2d Cir. 2006). In general, the parties' consent or the fact that information is subject to a confidentiality agreement between litigants is not, by itself, a valid basis to overcome the presumption in favor of public access to judicial documents. *See, e.g., In re Gen. Motors LLC Ignition Switch Litig.*, No. 14-MD-2543 (JMF), 2015 WL 4750774, at *4 (S.D.N.Y. Aug. 11, 2015). Plaintiff has failed to demonstrate good cause to overcome the presumption in favor of public access to judicial documents.

The Clerk of Court is respectfully directed to make my Opinion & Order, Document 230, available to the public.

SO ORDERED.

Dated: August 24, 2021 New York, New York

Vernon S. Broderick United States District Judge